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Ballet Shoes

Just received a selection of
Black and White Canvas
Toe-Dancing Shoes.

British made—All sizes.

\$6.95 & \$7.50

WHITEAWAY'S

CHINESE SAVE CANTON Japanese Advance Completely Held



A FEW HOURS after she arrived from war-torn Tamshui, which was completely wrecked by Japanese bombers prior to the Japanese entry, this mother gave birth at the Kam Tin Concentration Camp to a fine, healthy girl. Little brother, who walked overland with his expectant mother on the long 35-mile journey across mountains and streams, is an interested admirer of the new arrival.

CRISIS IN EUROPE

Mussolini's Approval Of Hungarian Mobilisation

ROME, Oct. 17. THE PARTIAL MOBILISATION ordered by the Hungarian Government meets with the fullest approbation in Italy, according to the semi-official "Informazione Diplomatica," which describes the measure as "entirely justifiable," since Czechoslovakia has not yet demobilised, and Hungary is consequently in a position of inferiority.

The resumption of negotiations between Prague and Budapest will, says the organ, take place on a basis of the principles laid down at Munich. These principles are defined as follows:

1.—Cession to Hungary of all territory pre-ponderately inhabited by Magyars.

2.—A plebiscite to be eventually held in the contested regions.

3.—The right of self-determination to be conceded to all other minorities.

The semi-official organ goes on to stress that the main interest of the Czechoslovak Government must be to close as rapidly as possible the recent chapter of history and to inaugurate a new era based on completely different principles to those which have prevailed hitherto.

Once the question of the frontiers of the new Czechoslovakia, which Italy is also prepared to guarantee, has been satisfactorily settled, the Czechoslovak republic will be able to commence the task of its own internal reconstruction.

The organ affirms that in the course of a foreseen conversation between Signor Mussolini and the retiring Czechoslovakian Minister in Rome, M. Chvalkovsky, Il Duce gave an assurance that Czechoslovakia could rely on Italy's friendship as soon as the existing situation had been definitely clarified.

The organ concludes by saying that no dissensions have arisen; or will arise between Berlin and Rome regarding the negotiations now going on between Hungary and Czechoslovakia.—Trans-Ocean.

He is reported to have been seriously wounded at Pakwan during the early stages of the fighting, and died a few hours later.

SETTLEMENT PREDICTED

ROME, Oct. 17.

President Kemal Ataturk is gravely ill, owing to a worsening of his liver complaint.

A communiqué states that while the complaint followed the normal course on Sunday, the President's illness suddenly disclosed symptoms of progressive general weakness, nervous indigestion, and a quickened pulse.

Following consultations among the physicians treating the President, and the application of remedies, a slight improvement occurred, but the general state remains one of gravity.

Kemal Ataturk has long suffered from a liver complaint which has aroused disquieting rumours regarding his health, and more recently, rumours abroad of the possible appointment of a successor.—Reuter Special.

Kautsky fled from Vienna before the Anschluss in Austria.—Reuter Special.

SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT

ANKARA, Oct. 17. A bulletin issued to-day regarding Kemal Ataturk's condition showed that there had been some improvement during the day, though anxiety still remains over the President's health.—Reuter.

VETERAN MARX WRITER DIES

Amsterdam, Oct. 17. The death is announced of the veteran Marxist, Karl Kautsky, editor of the works of Karl Marx, and a former companion of Marx in London.

PHOTO TO DECIDE A FRONTIER

PRAGUE, Oct. 17.

An agreement has been reached between the German and Czech authorities whereby the frontier zone

(Continued on Page 4.)

EFFORTS TO CROSS SHAHO RIVER NOT YET SUCCESSFUL

Gallant Commander of Cantonese "Old Contemptibles" Killed in Action

"Telegraph" Special Correspondent
COPYRIGHT

A MAJOR BATTLE IS NOW RAGING OF THE CANTON-WAICHOW-WONGTON, AT THE JUNCTION ON A FRONT EXTENDING FROM PAKTONG HIGHWAYS, AND THE NORTH BANK OF THE EAST RIVER AT TAISHANG.

For thirty-six hours the Chinese forces under General Wong Chun appear to have completely stemmed the Japanese advance on Canton.

The Japanese left flank is at the junction of the East and Shaho Rivers and repeated efforts to cross the latter have been frustrated.

At Taishang, the Japanese are within five miles of Sheklung, the important Canton-Kowloon Railway city where two main bridges cross the East River.

But it is probable that a column pushing up the railway from Cheungmuktau, which fell shortly before 11 o'clock yesterday morning will reach Sheklung before the Japanese troops operating north of the East River.

Heavy Chinese reinforcements continue to press into the East River area, and Chinese military headquarters are now convinced that all danger to Canton has passed.

Nevertheless, provincial and municipal headquarters have been removed from the old capital to a new and undisclosed capital in the hinterland.

RAILWAY CUT THREE

The Canton-Kowloon Railway has been cut at several points, the nearest to Hongkong being Pingwu, where a Japanese column arrived from Tamshui shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning.

Less than an hour later another column occupied Sheklung. Pingwu is 15 miles from the Hongkong frontier and Sheklung is about 20 miles away.

Cheungmuktau, where the Hongkong-Canton highway crosses the railway, was captured by a Japanese column which came down the highway from Waichow at 11.15 a.m.

This column is now pushing up the railway towards Sheklung, 22 miles away, obviously with the intention of threatening the southern flank of the Chinese forces north of the East River.

It is revealed that practically all of the officers of the 151st Cantonese Division which alone fought the Japanese south of the East River was killed in action.

Among the reported dead is General Chen Shun-yung, Commander of the 151st Division and Commander-in-Chief of the Kwangtung Garrison in the Blas Bay area.

He is reported to have been seriously wounded at Pakwan during the early stages of the fighting, and died a few hours later.

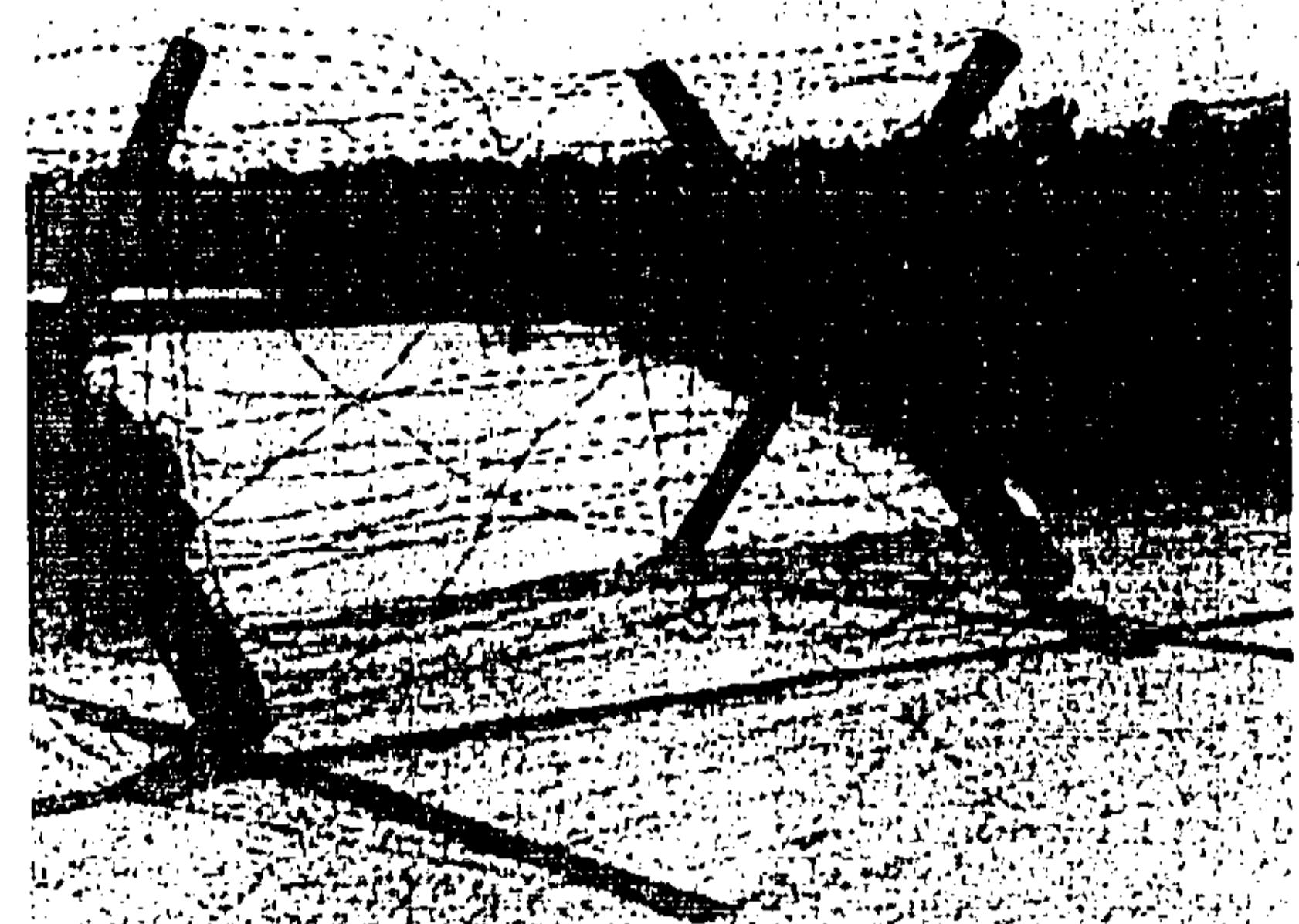
3,000 SQUARE MILES OCCUPIED

Apparently the only Chinese troops now remaining south of the East River in the area east of the Canton Railway are a few thousand volunteers who have taken to the hills and who will almost certainly become a guerrilla force, attempting to harass the lengthening Japanese lines of communication.

The area now nominally under Japanese control comprises approximately 3,000 square miles, about eight times the area of the whole of Hongkong.

It comprises the major portion of the County of Waiyueng, and contains a population of about 3,000,000 people.

(Continued on Page 4.)



THE SHUM CHUN RIVER, which divides Hongkong from Kwangtung Province. A photograph taken through a barbed-wire barricade on the new bridge across the river.

AMERICAN SPY TRIAL

Roosevelt's Signature Forged To Obtain Plans

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

OPENING THE PROCEEDINGS of the spy trial in which a number of German-Americans are charged with espionage, Mr. Lamar Hardy, prosecuting for the Government, said that the German spies had transmitted to Berlin specifications of two American aircraft-carriers which had been obtained by forging President Roosevelt's signature to a fictitious order to the Navy Department.

The statement caused a sensation in court.

Mr. Hardy detailed the United States' military secrets, which he alleged had been sent to Berlin by the German spies. He declared that the activities of the accused were directed from Germany with the assistance of two officials of German steamship lines, resident in New York.

He also said that Captain Pfeiffer, who had been described as the head of the German Secret Service, once boasted he had agents in every

(Continued on Page 4.)

LATE NEWS ON Page 12



POLICE OFFICERS ON THE FRONTIER questioning refugees who have just arrived from the war areas. The refugees are taken to the Concentration Camp at Kam Tin in batches every hour. None are allowed to enter British territory unless they agree to being repatriated at Kam Tin.

SCHOOLTIME SWEATER

A specially simple design for schoolgirls to make for themselves.

BACK

Using No. 13 needles, cast on 90 sts.

Next Row.—K. 1, p. 1. Repeat from * to end of row.

Repeat this row for 3 inches.

Increase Row.—P. 2, * p1n, p. 1.

Repeat from *, ending p1n, p. 1.

(100 sts. now on needle.)

Change to No. 10 needles and pattern as follows:

1st Row.—* P. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3,

p. 1, k. 5. Repeat from * ending p. 1,

k. 3, p. 1, k. 3.

2nd Row.—K. 1, * p. 1, k. 3, p. 1,

k. 3, p. 3, k. 3. Repeat from * ending p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 2.

These 2 rows form the pattern, which is repeated throughout the jumper, with the exception of k. 1, p. 1 rib belts.

Continue in pattern until work measures 11 inches.

Shape Raglan Armholes

With right side of work facing, and keeping pattern unbroken:

Cast off 4 sts. at beginning of next 4 rows, then k. 2 tog. at each end of following 2 rows.*

Now k. 2 tog. at end of every row until 20 sts. remain.

(Work should measure about 17½ inches.)

Leave these sts. on spare needle.

FRONT

Work exactly as Back as far as *

Now k. 2 tog. at end of every row until 46 sts. remain on needle.

Next Row.—K. 14 in pattern.

(Work should measure about 15½ in.)

Materials

7 oz. 3-ply wool,
1 Pair Needles No. 10,
1 Pair Needles No. 13.

Measurements

To fit 28-30 inch bust measurement.
Length from shoulder 17½ ins.
Length of under sleeve seam 16 ins.

Tension

7½ ins. and 10 rows equal 1 inch on No. 10 needles.

Abbreviations

K. = Knit; P. = Purl; Sts. = Stitches; Ins. = Inches; Tog. = Together;
P1N = Purl 3 times into next st—that is, into front, into back, and again into front of next st.

(Work should measure about 15½ in.)

Shape Neck

Right side of work is facing.—
Next Row.—K. 14 in pattern.

Do You Know Your Fiance?

AN American woman lawyer who biling! This can cause untold uneasiness chiefly with matrimonial happiness.

cases cold while on a visit to Britain. It is commonly supposed that that the chief reason marriages fail people must have similar tastes in because the man and woman marry in order to make a matrimonial success, before they really know each other. But this is not absolutely obligatory.

There are very few people in the world who are so unlikeable that they the other's tastes, then, whether they are quite impossible to get on with, are mutual or not, there will be no.

But the point is, to put it simply, irritation. If the man is interested just as there are certain in-least raise no objection if he wants

ingredients in cooking which do not pictures and sculptures in the rooms, blend well together, so there are. If his taste in food is entirely certain characteristics in people different from yours, this might which do not harmonise. That does prove a distinct stumbling-block if not mean that two people must be you do not like the idea of cooking absolutely similar in temperament in different things. But if you are order to make a success of marriage, ready to go to the trouble of pleasure

What it means is that the temperature must harmonise. There must not be points in which irritate the other. Some differences can quite easily be surmounted and overlooked, but others are a continual thorn in the flesh.

To give a few examples:—Some women can wink at a careless and even untidy appearance about the house. They are not particularly annoyed by the sight of dilapidated shoes, or sagging trousers. Yet, hours

women become depressed for hours if their husband appears even for a short time in an unkempt state.

Again, some women are of the type who do not object to articles being left lying about the house, while to others it is torment to have any disorder.

Different Schools of Thought

It is not that they are fussy or exacting but they like tidiness and order. Tidiness is absolutely part of the order. Either you are tidy or you are not. If you have a tidy mind, you are not. If you have a tidy mind, I see unmarried couples who jar you to chaos. Consider, then, what on each other in many things, yet clash there will be between two fondly imagine that marriage no amount of trying will reconcile. I see married couples who jar you to chaos. Consider, then, what on each other in many things, yet

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DUKE'S VICAR SAYS HE IS PERSECUTED

"Boycotts From Pulpits"

The Rev. Robert Anderson Jardine, former Vicar of St. Paul's, Darlington, who married the Duke and Duchess of Windsor, complains bitterly of "persecution" by the Church of England.

While denying reports that he is penniless, he admits that he is struggling hard to make ends meet.

In an interview in his home in Hollywood, he said: "My wife and I are not destitute or friendless, but my American tour has not been financially successful yet. It is pretty hard to start afresh at 60, especially in a new country."

"I find that the main interest in me in America is that I married the Duke and Duchess of Windsor, and I did not set out to capitalise it."

"I have had to face the bitter opposition of the Church of England, as expressed through the Episcopal Church in the United States."

FROM PULPITS

"This opposition takes the form of boycotts instigated from pulpits, and other denominations frequently enjoined against me."

"It is terribly hard, but I know I shall come out on top. Let me not seem to complain in protest, but please give the British public the real story."

"Many people seem to be under the impression that the Duke made me rich man."

"He did nothing of the kind for me and he well knew that for defying Church authority to perform the marriage I desired no material gain for myself."

LOST ALL

"As it has worked out, I have lost everything as a result of performing that ceremony."

"Not only has the Church exerted its disciplinary processes because I had dared to marry a divorced woman, but it has continued to harr me."

"However, I shall go on struggling. My wife and I are not starving, although we find things terribly difficult."

"We expect to tour wherever we get calls, working toward New York and probably returning to England later."

"I don't really know what will happen yet, but faith and hope must endure."

"Asked whether he had appealed to the Duke for assistance, Mr. Jardine

replied: "Oh dear, no. I think in all probability that he has not the slightest idea that I am in these circumstances."

HIS OFFER

Mr. Jardine, when Vicar of St. Paul's, wrote to the Duke of Windsor at Tours offering to conduct a religious ceremony at his wedding.

Church of England clergymen in France and Northern Europe had been forbidden to officiate at the marriage.

The Duke accepted Mr. Jardine's offer by telegram through his solicitors, and the Bishop of Fulham, head of the Anglican Church in Europe, then announced officially that if Mr. Jardine performed the ceremony he would do so without the authority of the Church.

Some months after the wedding Mr. Jardine resigned from his living at Darlington and went to America on a lecture tour.

BUT WHAT IS PROPER DRESS?

A witness appeared in court at Newport (Isle of Wight) recently wearing a shirt open at the neck.

"The justices feel the police should see that witnesses appear properly dressed," said the Mayor (Councillor Welsh).

Inspector Willmott: I am afraid the police have no jurisdiction over what people wear, but we will do our best.

A.R.P. POSTER GIRL RIDES, SWIMS—IS NOT ENGAGED

We now know, on the authority of Women's Voluntary Services for A.R.P., the kind of girl who may be considered a "typically English girl."

She is Miss Barbara Kershaw, who has been chosen to take the place of the girl whose face originally appeared on the prize-winning A.R.P. poster designed to persuade women to offer their services.

It became known that the photograph of Girl No. 1 came from Berlin, and it was feared that she might be German.

Hence a search through 2,000 photographs by Lady Reading and Mr. Frank Pick, judges in the poster competition, for a girl who could be guaranteed not to be foreign.

At the end Miss Kershaw was chosen because, in the words of the official communiqué, she is "so typically English with her fair hair, blue eyes, and direct expression."

Here are details of Miss Kershaw:—

PUTS DANCING LAST
Here are details of Miss Kershaw:—

YORKSHIRE GIRL from Brighouse West Riding—unfortunately, or fortunately, as you may think fit, with no Yorkshire accent;

Occupation: Mannequin, which she likes very much;

Recreations: Reading (which she puts first), playing tennis, riding, swimming and dancing (which she puts last);

Chief ambition: To see the world, in no haste to marry. Not engaged yet, though she hopes to be some day.

Age: 23; **height:** 5 ft. 7½ in.; **weight:** 11st.; **waist:** 20 in.

Political view: A somewhat similar result.

NO COSMETICS?

Cosmetics: Apparently none at all.

Manner: Very self-possessed—and charming.

About 50,000 copies of the poster incorporating Miss Kershaw's head will appear on hoardings throughout the country before long. The first will be seen in the Southern Railway waiting-room at Charing Cross Station.



First poster face.



New poster face.

Versatile Spider

Wyandotte, Mich. A "writing spider" here apparently possesses a sense of humour and knowledge of geography. About the size of a quarter, the spider has written the words "Ed Wynn" and "Minnesota" in its web.

Business Man Wired His Plan To Premier

DID A SUDDEN INSPIRATION WHICH FLASHED UPON A MANCHESTER BUSINESS MAN FIND THE KEY TO PEACE FOR MR. NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN?

When the clouds hanging over Europe were at the blackest and millions were talking and thinking about the crisis, Mr. W. Sim Harris, managing director of Kruschen Salts there, had an idea.

As he dwelt on it he grew more and more convinced that he had hit upon a means of averting war . . .

So convinced was he that he decided to telegraph his plan immediately to Mrs. Neville Chamberlain, knowing that to send it to the Prime Minister himself might mean it would be overlooked for days in the welter of private letters arriving at No. 10, Downing Street from every corner of the world.

He sat down and drafted his wire, and sent it off from Salford Post Office.

WIRE TO MRS. CHAMBERLAIN

His telegram read: "Suggested solution. Why not enlist services of Mussolini? Great Britain and Italy to guarantee freedom of Czech territory according to agreed terms."

"Examination of this solution will reveal its possibilities at the eleventh hour."

Within 48 hours Mr. Harris was startled to see his plan being put into effect.

"Of course, it is impossible to say how far my telegram played a part in influencing the settlement," Mr. Harris said.

"But I felt overwhelmingly that the solution lay there. Millions of men and women must have been striving to find their solutions, too.

"When the news of Signor Mussolini's intervention was broadcast I could not help feeling that it was my plan which the great Statesmen of Europe were adopting."

This Court is Not A Church

A young and obviously very nervous airmen sat in front of the dock in Southampton police court recently waiting for his case to be called.

Prosecuting solicitor chanced to be looking in his direction when he called "Neal," the name of a witness in another case.

The airmen immediately fell upon his knees.

The Clerk, with a kindly smile, told him who Neal was.

HE MAKES GRANITE TRANSPARENT

Dr. James Phenister, petrologist (scientist of stones) to the Geological Survey, has a laboratory in the Geological Museum, South Kensington, where he cuts solid stone so thin that granite becomes transparent and other types of rock show clear as glass.

He uses a process which can produce a sliver of rock less than a thousandth of an inch in thickness.

A chip of the substance under observation is ground to a smooth surface by means of a revolving plate. This surface is cemented on to a glass microscope slide.

DIAMOND DUST USED

Rock and slide are then fixed on the arm of a cutting machine. A tiny circular saw of steel is pressed against the rock; diamond dust is fed into the teeth of the saw to assist in the cutting and water is played on it to keep it cool.

Finally, the exhibit of rock is rubbed down with a coarse powder, then with a fine powder, and finally on a sheet of ground glass. A sheet of ordinary plate glass is placed over the specimen, which is now of the required thinness, and lies between glass slide and glass cover.

Through a microscope jet-black pitchstone, thus treated, is shown to be full of crystals; granite is translucent; and rarer rocks—igneous, alkalies and stones with metal salts in them—are so brilliant that they present a sort of static firework display.

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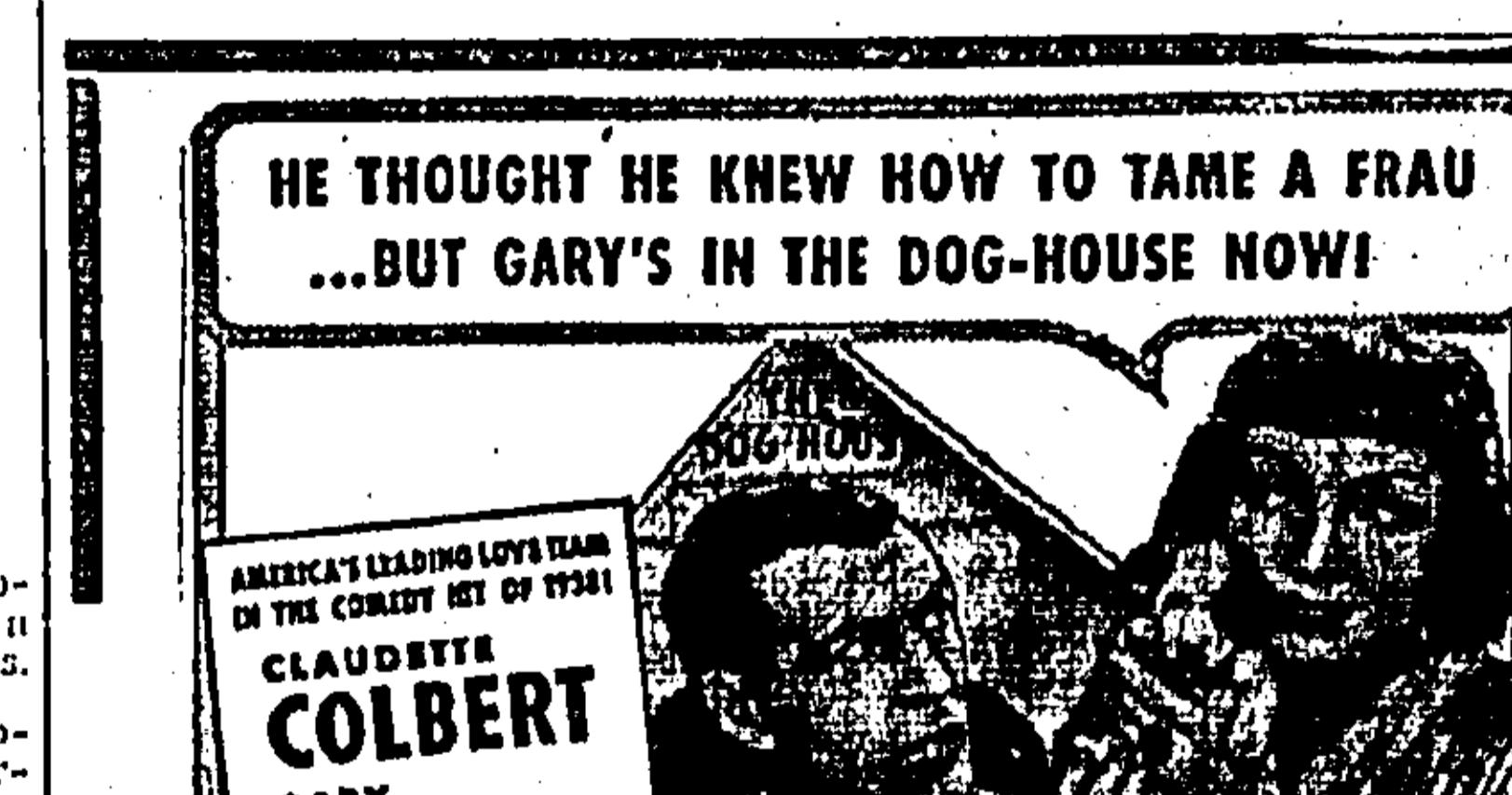
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SUGGESTIONS FOR
CLEARING THE SLUMS
AND RE-PLANNING

(Continued from Page 7.)

- (6) Prohibition or restriction of use of land (other than by building operations) likely to involve danger or injury to health or serious detriment to the neighbourhood.
- (7) Restriction in use of building.
- (8) Regulation of height and position of proposed fence, walls, hedges, etc., and construction of hedges in the interests of traffic safety.
- (9) Limitation of number, or prescription of sites of new roads entering on an existing or proposed classified road.
- (10) Limitation of building lines on land not part of a building proposed to be used for business or industry in order to prevent obstruction of a highway.
- (11) Provision of accommodation for loading and unloading or fuelling vehicles in buildings proposed to be used for business or industry in order to prevent obstruction of a highway.

Item 4 might be qualified by fixing a reasonable period of time during which restrictions can be imposed.

99. It is right that the legitimate interests of the individual should not be denied to the good of the community without some compensation. It is equally right that, if by the act of the community through its elected representatives, the value of individual interests are greatly enhanced then the individual should refund at least a portion of his gains to the community. The Town and Country Planning Act in England provides for the payment of 75% of such gains.

AID OF LAW NEEDED

100. The above items give some indication of the scope of a Town Planning Scheme so far as it may affect private property. No Town Planning Scheme or Assurance Scheme, however ideal on paper, can be given effect without the aid of the law. The value of a plan is conditioned by the extent to which it can be given legal effect. In Hongkong the only law which in any appreciable way assists redevelopment is the valuation and Resumption Ordinance. This is limited in scope as it only provides for the compulsory purchase of property for a public purpose. The law of town planning is the machinery necessary to give effect to town planning. In Hongkong the machinery is quite inadequate for the purpose. The law in other countries may or may not be adequate, such as it is, it is based on local conditions and therefore cannot be arbitrarily taken over for use in Hongkong. In view of many matters with which such a law must deal, and the time which will be taken to formulate it, it is decided for the report to indicate its nature and necessary and leave the actual framing to a legal and technical committee appointed for the purpose.

101. Finally the constitution and organisation of the planning and housing authority itself remains to be considered. In England the Housing and Town Planning Authorities are usually separate committees elected from Municipal Councils. For planning itself there is usually a separate municipal department, but town planning is normally a sub-department, working under the City Engineer, an arrangement which has few advantages and many drawbacks. In European continental towns the Housing and Planning and City Engineering are normally separate departments. In America arrangements vary considerably but it has been advocated by a prominent American town planner that the best system would be the appointment of a permanent City Planning Commission, with its own technical staff, and that the heads of various departments, such as Engineering, Architectural, and Legal, act as advisors.

102. It must be remembered that Housing, Slum Clearance and Town Planning deal largely with private property and work of any appreciable scale will mean direct contact and many difficult and protracted negotiations with owners. It would not be fair to throw this work and its attendant responsibilities onto a single Government official, nor should he be made to accept nominal responsibility for the work, which is carried out by a coordinate.

103. For Hongkong a suitable organisation would be for the general direction of responsibility for the work to be in the hands of a permanent committee, assisted by an executive and technical staff attached to the Public Works Department for administrative work, but reporting directly to the Committee for the technical side of its work. Town Planning, Housing and Public Works are closely related and co-operation is essential, to avoid overlapping or working at cross purposes. If the Director of Public Works or his representative, who is the senior Assistant Director, be an ex-officio member of the Committee, co-operation can be maintained, and by the attachment of the Committee's technical staff to the Public Works Department, administration expenses can be saved and close contact between the two staffs made possible.

104. In this report we have been compelled to deal largely with generalities rather than with precise detailed facts, the collection of which would be better left in the hands of a permanent authority. The abnormal poverty

RADIO
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8.09 Relay of the Dance Orchestra from the Roof Garden of the Hongkong Hotel.

(a) Who are we to say; (b) Smartly; (c) Serenade to the Stars; (d) After you.

8.14 Record: Sylvia Ballet—Fantasy (Delibes); Musica Proibita (Gastaldon)....Marcel Palotti (Organ).

8.21 (a) Gone with the wind; (b) Caravan; (c) Penthouse on 3rd Avenue; (d) Runnin' Wild.

8.35 Records: To-morrow Is Another Day (Alm 'A Day at the Races');

I Was Anything (Alm 'Take My Tip')...Carroll Gibbons (Piano) and His Boy Friends; Top Hat—Selçuk (Ivory Berlin)George Scott-Wood (Piano-Accordian) airt by Guitar, Bass and Drums.

8.44 (a) Melody of Old Favourites;

(b) Mocking Bird; (c) Hillbilly for 10th Avenue; (d) Biff Chief 'Swing It'.

7.00 Closing Local Stock Quotations.

7.02 Military Band Selections.

May Day Revels (from Suite: 'Rural Scenes in Days of Old'—Cope)....Massed Bands cond. by Samuel Cope; 'Champion' March (Mrdley (Ord Hume))....Massed Bands cond. by J. Henry Iles; Aldershot Command Starlight Tattoo, 1935....Massed Bands of the Aldershot Command.

7.25 Gitta Alpar (Soprano) and Joseph Schmidt (Tenor).

L'Arletta—Neopolitan Song (Biscarini); La Danza (Rossini)Joseph Schmidt with Orchestra; Twilight Sonata (from 'Home And Beauty'); Play It Again (Hungarian Song from 'Home and Beauty')....Gitta Alpar accomp. by two pianos and violin; Gypsy Love (Léhar-Willem-Bodenzy); Vienna Bonbons-Waltz Song (Strauss-Bodenzy)....Joseph Schmidt with Orchestra.

7.44 Concert Waltzes.

April Smiles Waltz (Depret); Spring Waltz (Lincke)....Vienna Boheme Orchestra; Gypsy Waltz (Composer Unknown)Russian Novelty Orchestra; Hydropathen Waltz (Gundl); Wolga, Wolga! (Russian Waltz Potpourri—Walter Noack)Vienna Boheme Orchestra.

8.00 Time, Weather and Announcements.

8.03 Songs by Grace Moore (Soprano).

Musetta's Waltz Song ("La Bohème" —Puccini); Funiculì, Cuniculà (Denzia); The Dubarry (from the Operetta) (Rowland Leigh-Milne); I Give My Heart (from the Operetta 'The Dubarry')with Orchestral accompaniment.

8.15 London Relay—"Behind The Door."

By J. S. N. Sewell and J. R. Macgean; Characters: Horace Underwood; Patrick O'Neill; Donald Craig; Peter Martin; Scene: The unoccupied home of the Foresters; Production by Howard Rose.

8.40 "Dancing Down the Ages"

Dances of different periods and nations. Composed from the Studio.

9.30 London Relay—The News.

9.50 Compositions of Mendelssohn

include "Trio in D Minor".

(Continued on Page 4.)

of the masses precludes any possibility of providing decent housing accommodation for all, even of a low standard, without the supply of large sums of money from Government or charity. For a certain number however, possibly a quarter or a third of the population there is a case for Government to provide adequate housing accommodation at little or no cost to Government. Slum clearance will cost money, but by the allocation each year of a not unreasonable sum from public funds, progress can be made, even though it will be slow. Finally, even if little can be done about the slums, there is no obstacle in the way of preventing their spread, by the simple expedient of properly planning future development, with a building unit of shallow depth and a wide frontage, and planning for different land uses. The provision of simply laid out parks cheaply developed, would be a decided asset to induce the slum dwellers into the fresh air. These parks should be in or near the congested areas and easily accessible.

W. H. Owen.

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only the
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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1938.

**WORLD ECONOMIC
PROBLEMS**

If the world situation is such that it is possible for the League of Nations Assembly to get through its normal programme of work, economic questions will play a not inconsiderable part in the near future. A proposal that measures for raising the standard of living of the masses shall be the subject of special investigation by the League is coming before the Assembly at the next session. A preliminary investigation has already been carried out as a result of a resolution adopted at last year's Assembly. The report on this is being submitted to this year's Assembly.

Another report by the League's Economic Organisation that is also in the hands of delegates is the annual World Economic Survey.

The Survey begins with the statement that "The year 1937 marked for many countries a turning-point from expansion to contraction of trade activity. The rapid rise in the prices of primary commodities in the early part of the year was intensified by the prospect of heavy and increasing expenditure on rearmament." In parenthesis it may be added in this connection that the Bureau of the Disarmament Conference is to meet during the Assembly to consider the replies of Governments to a draft convention providing for Budgetary publicity of armaments. At the present time the armaments Budgets of certain countries, notably Italy and Japan, are not known.

An interesting comparison between Great Britain and the United States is made in the Survey. We are told that "In comparison with the United States, the United Kingdom had by 1937 reached a much more advanced stage of recovery, and during 1937 experienced much less violent fluctuations."

WHAT AMERICA THINKS OF CHAMBERLAIN

STRAIGHTAWAY I add who recognise the threat of the present situation to the peace and well-being of the whole world. They would, with some reluctance, look with favour on the collective organisation of peace "if it were practicable"; and one of the greatest obstacles to their regarding it as practicable is the policy of the British Government.

"I know," is the answer, "but what else can we do 3,000 miles away when you people in the middle of it are betraying democracy and doing little or nothing for the active organisation of a peaceful world?"

ment was genuinely promoting policy. And now you are after the collective organisation of old-time imperialist deals with unreliable people like Mussolini and Hitler. You are going on as if your League of Nations didn't exist.

"Our public opinion just slides back. The President's line at Chicago gets less support. And even I, who want to support your Labour policy, I, who am no friend of isolation and am a friend of collective security—I am driven to admit that, as things are, the isolationists here have a case.

"If things were different on your side things could be different here. I believe the President wants to do the right thing, but he's got to carry public opinion. And your Government just isn't giving him a chance."



AS fairly as I can give it, there is a statement of a cross-section of American public opinion. It is best, I think, that my fellow countrymen should know about it.

If France is involved in a first-class war, it is ten to one that Britain will be found on the side of France. If Britain and France were in danger of defeat at the hands of the Fascist Powers, it is two to one that America would sooner or later come in on the side of the democracies—if they are still democracies. So both Britain and America may just drift into another and worse 1914.

But what the British Government will not do is to take the much smaller risks involved in mobilising the peaceful Powers—representing the vast majority of nations, people, and economic and military power—not for war, but for peace. And because of that, America stands aside.

American instincts are sound. The people of the United States are firm champions of democracy. They are against dictatorship. They hate the tyranny and militarism of Fascism. They are genuine friends of peace. It is precisely because of their virtues that they are unwilling to run the risk of being used as catapaults by a muddled Europe and Chamberlain imperialism.

Perhaps, the only means of winning the co-operation of the American people for the collective organisation of peace is the defeat of Mr. Chamberlain's

"YOUR Sir John Simon," they say, "preferred supporting the Japanese case in 1931-32 to co-operation with us in response to the efforts put forth by Mr. Stimson, the then Secretary of State under President Hoover. France

By the Rt. Hon.

Herbert Morrison

and you muddled things in the Abyssinian business and you recognise the Italian conquest. In your own way you have victimised the constitutional Government of Spain. Your Mr. Chamberlain has been steadily moving away from co-operation with the peaceful Powers and moving towards the Fascist warmakers. Your Government has got a pre-1914 mind.

"The latest Italian agreement not only once more betrays Spain, but is a full-blooded old-style imperialist document. And now your Prime Minister Chamberlain visits Lord Londonderry, whose close relations with the German Nazis are well known.

"What's the good of talking to us about co-operation with Britain and the other peaceful Powers when Britain and apparently France are themselves moving away from collective security and the League and towards imperialist deals with the aggressors. If your Government

foreign policy went well, particularly in Labour and Liberal circles and among the keener students of international affairs.

But all of them told me that British foreign policy under our "National" Government had put the clock back in America.

"Take my position," said an intelligent and important trade union official. "I think you are right about all this, and I want to support you. I am not an isolationist. But . . .

"Well, Roosevelt made his quarantine speech at Chicago last Fall. A risky and courageous thing to do. He got some support and it did good, but he got a lot of criticism. And then what happened on your side? He got no real response from the British Government. On the contrary, its policy steadily got worse, and it hasn't been much good, even under Eden, since 1931. Then came the Eden resignation (or dismissal under foreign pressure) because Chamberlain wanted a still worse Government.

OUR VOICES GIVE US AWAY

A RECENT article on noses is a reminder that many famous men have had a profound belief in the revealing power of physiognomy.

Shakespeare's reference to faces as "book wherein men may read strange writings" is famous. Cowper, Scott, and Hazlitt, three widely different men, all believed that we should be taken at our face value.

Lockhart, speaking of a contemporary, says that "his fair and very handsome physiognomy carried a bland and trusting expression not to be mistaken by any who could read the plainest of Nature's handwriting."

"Undoubtedly, the evidence in support of this face-reading theory is impressive. Yet there is a danger in placing too implicit a reliance on the message of the face.

The threat of an aggressive chin may be belied by the kindly gleam

in a pair of blue eyes. An artistic Grecian nose may be allied with a dull, expressionless eyes. A mouth which is a thin, colourless line may be beoken hard, disagreeable personality. It may just as easily be a mask which conceals someone who is painfully sensitive.

But there is one safe way of assessing characteristics; that is by studying voices. For the voice is an infallible register of the emotions and, whether we will or no, we betray something of our character to those who can read the signs of right.

Sign Of "Nerves"

A nervous, highly-strung man rarely always pitches his voice too high a key. If he has, in addition, the irritating trick of raising his voice at the end of every sentence, he can quite safely be placed as a being of uncertain temper.

The ecstatic voice, eternally over-emphasising trivial points, is the certain hallmark of the hysterical, shallow-minded person. An unnaturally soft, purring voice, assumed for the occasion, reveals the self-seeking, hypocritical type.

At the other extreme is the aggressively honest self-made man who refuses to tone down the accents of his humble childhood. While he has many excellent qualities, he is not an easy person to live with.

A dull monotone is usually assumed to betoken a vacant mind, but it may just as easily belong to the dreamer whose thoughts are far removed from the company.

A rich, well-modulated voice indicates a disciplined, sane-balanced personality. A voice of this type is usually the result of training, not of accident.

It is interesting, too, to note the voice of our acquaintances off guard. Think of the impression created by a woman who addresses a casual friend in dulcet tones, and immediately after is overheard shrilling a sharp reproof at a subordinate.

Heredity Tells

A voice, like character, is often a noteworthy heritage from parents. Quite frequently every member of the family speaks in exactly the same tones. Rider Haggard once described how the deep, booming notes of the "Haggard voice" were peculiar to every member of his father's family.

That a physical defect in speaking betokens extreme nervousness is generally recognised. But it is not so well known that it is usually accompanied by a particularly high level of intelligence. Mr. Somerset Maugham has confessed that his stammer had a great deal to do with his adoption of a literary career. "My inability to speak properly," he commented, "made me more sensitive and introspective than I should otherwise have been, so that I see things a little differently from other people."

Then there is the question of age. With the majority of us age is inevitably betrayed by the voice. Think of the clear, musical trill of the child, of the thin reedy notes of the aged, not to speak of all the varying inflections in between, and it is impossible to doubt this.

A. W.

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"I don't know either how lifting the hood helps—but I always see Henry do it when he's in trouble!"

Final Instalment of Mr. Owen's Housing Memorandum

SUGGESTIONS FOR CLEARING THE SLUMS AND RE-PLANNING

No Sympathy Felt For Speculators

Any Improvements Need Aid of The Law

THE concluding part of Mr. W. H. Owen's monumental memorandum on slum clearance and the abolition of overcrowding in Hongkong is published below. In it the author resumes his analysis of the factors to be considered in creating model tenement areas for the poorer class Chinese, and lays stress on the need for careful planning. Mr. Owen does not attempt to make any recommendations of a conclusive nature, but suggests various features which must be taken into consideration when searching for a solution to the housing problem.

The last part of the memorandum follows.

75. Two other items in the valuations may be considered to require explanation. These are the rents asked for shops and the proportion of shops to flats. The rents which can be reasonably demanded for shops may bear no relation to the cost of building the shop. Favourably situated shops will frequently command a rent which will provide a handsome return on capital invested in the shop, but all the flats above them. A shop rent at \$80 a month is more than sufficient to show 6 per cent. on the total outlay for house costing \$40,000, and this is without a cent in rent from the upper floors. On the other hand, a favourably situated shop may command no low a rent that, to make up the interest on the whole tenement, excessive rents must be charged for the upper floors. In trying to arrive at the lowest rent which might be charged for upper floor flats it is at least a step in the right direction. It may be however that the rate of departures from the slum will be counterbalanced by normal increase in population and population density. In the slum will not decrease. If this proves to be the case the only remedy appears to be to increase the speed of new developments.

76. It might be argued that the only effect of this process on the slums will be to produce empty houses whose owners will then be forced into Class A, but in a very few cases this may be so, but not now consider the slums and their owners.

77. The great majority of slum property is old, dilapidated, out of date in design and construction, and out worn. It is highly desirable that it should be cleared away. Its original cost was, which, in view of the present standards, would be considered, the cost of tenement property today. Those who bought the property more than twenty years ago have had time to recover the cost and provide for rebuilding. Those who have bought in recent years at boom prices have been speculators, who have hoped to make a quick profit, or who have hoped to maintain rents for old property at boom levels. These last deserve no sympathy. There remains then those who have invested in property in recent years as a genuine investment, and who bought at prices which, in view of the present standards, would be considered, a sudden exodus from the slums would hit this class hard, but, unless enormous sums are to be spent annually on new development, it will be at least fifteen to twenty years before these new developments will even begin to affect slum rents.

78. The policy of providing low-rented houses in new settlements will therefore improve the situation for a certain portion of the community and do no harm to the remainder. An endeavour has been made to show that low-rented houses are not profitable to the public authority, while the cost of new settlements is a necessary first step towards slum clearance.

TOO MANY HOUSES

79. In the congested areas not only are houses overcrowded, but the areas themselves are also overbuilt, with many houses per acre. Reduction in the number of houses and elimination of overcrowding will obviously result in a number of people being forced to find accommodation elsewhere. According to the 1931 Census Report there were then some 270 acres with an average population density of 1,000 per acre. If the density is only reduced to an average of 600 per acre (a figure higher than in the worst slums in England) over 100,000 houses will have to find accommodation elsewhere, and these, about 4,000-6,000 houses, would be required, varying according to the number of floors per house. Unless this surplus is to be turned into the streets that accommodation must be found for them before slum clearance can be carried out. If these houses per year be added at an annual cost of \$2,000,000 slum clearance operations would have to be extended over a period of 8-10 years.

80. It would be quite useless to erect these new houses, unless work on the tenements could be provided in the slums. The cost of this work, this work could be provided, would naturally affect the rate of new house building and, with it, the rate of slum clearance, but what that rate will be it is not possible to state.

81. The policy of erecting low-rented houses elsewhere can be followed, then, not only the extent, but the quality of the means of livelihood available near the new settlements will have a bearing on the slum clearance question. It has been implied that, if factories could be attracted to new areas, and houses were provided, workers would also be attracted there; but factories for the most part employ people of Class B type (see Paragraph 21). The process of development itself will call for people of all classes, but mainly Class B and the unskilled casual labourers of Class C. If the new de-



ENGAGEMENT. The above photograph was taken at a dinner party given to celebrate the announcement of the engagement between Mr. Yus Tse Chow and Miss Cheung Fooking, daughter of Mr. Cheung Kat shing, managing director of On-Lok Yuen Co., Ltd. The Rev. Wong Chung-hoi, of the Chinese Methodist Church, presided at the ceremony.—King's Studio.

velopments themselves are eventually to be extensive, they will take many years to complete, and will provide almost permanent employment for a fairly number of both these classes. The developments themselves will, sooner or later, attract the owners of shops and small workshops. If it is possible to ensure that the quality of these new residents come from slum areas, there will possibly be a reduction in the population density in these areas. It is probably that for the most part those leaving the slums will consist of Class B people. The remainder in the slums will then be, and remain, with the present type of tenement, unless rents are considerably reduced, will still overcrowd into new tenements and leave the rest empty. The total of achievement will, under these circumstances, be the provision of better and healthier quarters for the poorer Chinese.

82. If this is all, it is at least a step in the right direction. It may be however that the rate of departures from the slum will be counterbalanced by normal increase in population and population density. In the slum will not decrease. If this proves to be the case the only remedy appears to be to increase the speed of new developments.

83. It might be argued that the only effect of this process on the slums will be to produce empty houses whose owners will then be forced into Class A, but in a very few cases this may be so, but not now consider the slums and their owners.

84. The great majority of slum property is old, dilapidated, out of date in design and construction, and out worn. It is highly desirable that it should be cleared away. Its original cost was, which, in view of the present standards, would be considered, the cost of tenement property today. Those who bought the property more than twenty years ago have had time to recover the cost and provide for rebuilding. Those who have bought in recent years at boom prices have been speculators, who have hoped to make a quick profit, or who have hoped to maintain rents for old property at boom levels. These last deserve no sympathy. There remains then those who have invested in property in recent years as a genuine investment, and who bought at prices which, in view of the present standards, would be considered, a sudden exodus from the slums would hit this class hard, but, unless enormous sums are to be spent annually on new development, it will be at least fifteen to twenty years before these new developments will even begin to affect slum rents.

85. The policy of providing low-rented houses in new settlements will therefore improve the situation for a certain portion of the community and do no harm to the remainder. An endeavour has been made to show that low-rented houses are not profitable to the public authority, while the cost of new settlements is a necessary first step towards slum clearance.

CAN IMPROVEMENTS BE MADE NOW?

86. While the new settlements are developing can anything be done in the way of improvements in the slums themselves? Hongkong slums are not only overbuilt, but they are badly planned. The individual building lot is too small and narrow, and ideal improvements would entail complete clearance, replanning and rebuilding. Complete attainment of the ideal will meet with innumerable obstacles, many of them insuperable. Economic conditions, the high cost of labour, and the high cost of building in the middle of dilapidated property will almost certainly result in modifications of the ideal plan. It is therefore necessary, at the first place, to survey existing material conditions, and then prepare a general development plan to which rebuilding can be adapted as opportunity occurs.

87. It is essential that many of Class II and C people must remain in the central areas. To effect improvements in housing must be provided for them. This task can be left to private enterprise, unless, of course, prospective profits would be too low to be attractive. Some central housing authority will be necessary to undertake the work. The cost of new buildings might, as in the case of new settlements, be met by the issue of housing shares, but the cost of resumption

would have to be found from some other source. General revenue or some special form of tax, which cannot be passed directly onto the poor, appear to offer the only alternatives for this purpose. The erection of new buildings, with improved accommodation at lower rents, will assist in promoting competition amongst private owners, particularly those with dilapidated out-of-date property. When the mass of tenants see what can be done it may provoke them to demand, either more in return for their money, or reduced rents if this is provided.

88. Whilst many owners of old property would be only too willing to let their buildings go, there are undoubtedly many who will do nothing, unless forced.

The long, narrow type of building is uneconomical and leads to overcrowding. Wider frontage and shallower depth will necessitate readjustment of existing boundaries of ownership, but not separate ownership. For replanning it will be essential to treat blocks of houses as units. As an illustration take a block of eight existing tenements, each 15' x 60' total frontage 120'. On rebuilding only six houses will be permitted, each 20' x 60' total frontage 120'. The loss on total area is a strip 120' x 15' or 1,800 square feet. Under the existing Ordinance the owner could re-erect eight houses on the old lot, with the remaining six allowed to rebuild with wider frontage and shallower depth but each with the same area of land that he possessed before. Alternatively, the eight owners might be persuaded to part with their resources and build alternative houses for them, each taking shares in proportion to the value of his original holding.

89. It is possible however that the land on which the block is built may be required for open space, or a new road, in which case it would be necessary to re-arrange the whole area.

90. One of the greatest difficulties in the way of slum clearance is the numerous separate ownerships. Re-arrangement of suitable areas progressively will overcome this difficulty directly. In the case of houses where one is being dealt with and owners in another area wish to rebuild, reverting to the previous illustration of a block of eight houses; if they are under eight different ownerships and it is desired that only six houses should be allowed to rebuild, the compensation might be paid to two owners and the remaining six allowed to rebuild with wider frontage and shallower depth but each with the same area of land that he possessed before. Alternatively, the eight owners might be persuaded to part with their resources and build alternative houses for them, each taking shares in proportion to the value of his original holding.

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Local Week-End Cricket Matches Reviewed By "R. Abbit"

On the whole, the wickets on Saturday last in the Colony were rather on the "jam-pot" side, some of them possibly being too slow to be really difficult, others being quite unpleasant. I only managed to see the Club and Civil Service match myself, and having read a very, very brief critic of that in a local paper I feel once more how hopeless it is to try and criticize a match on the score sheet! More of this anon. I can only say that I will do my best to guess the probabilities and I shall have to continue doing so until someone explains to me how I can see four or five matches at the same time.

Th K.C.C. batted first against a singularly "stranger" Army side and did very comfortably. None of the Army bowling had very much claim to be considered dangerous in any case and Donald Anderson and R. T. Broadbridge did very much as they liked with it. Things, of course, are at present completely disorganized and one cannot expect a regular Army side. They did well enough to draw, Sergeant Baker making 38 and Godby 35 not out. I was glad to see that Men was able to play again after his nasty accident in the Interport trial. For some reason or other, however, he was only down last man. I rather gather cricket is difficult for the Middlesex Regiment at the moment.

Lee and Lloyd did most of the bowling for the K.C.C., who I notice had Captain Whittemore playing for them. He has not yet got into form with the bat.

I.R.C. TROUNCHED

Playing at King's Park the I.R.C. got a bad beating from Recrelo. The wicket apparently suited A. P. Pereira, who must have bowled very much better than he had been doing in the Interport trials. His figures read 15.4-5-21-7 which must be accounted an excellent performance. The Indian batting completely collapsed with the exception of A. H. Madar and A. R. Kitchell who both got double figures. They were all out for 52 runs and of those, extras claimed no less than 10!

The Recrelo did not do very much better, but with E. L. Gosano making 16, L. G. Gomes 25, and A. P. Pereira 14 they got up to 92. Minu had 6 for 43.

The same thing happened in the Junior match between these Clubs, for Recrelo made 100 and the I.R.C. could do no better than 80. K. M. Rumjahn and A. A. Baker did best for the I.R.C. and they were I think, pretty well worth their places in the first eleven. A. J. M. Praia was top scorer for Recrelo with 23.

THE DIE-HARDS

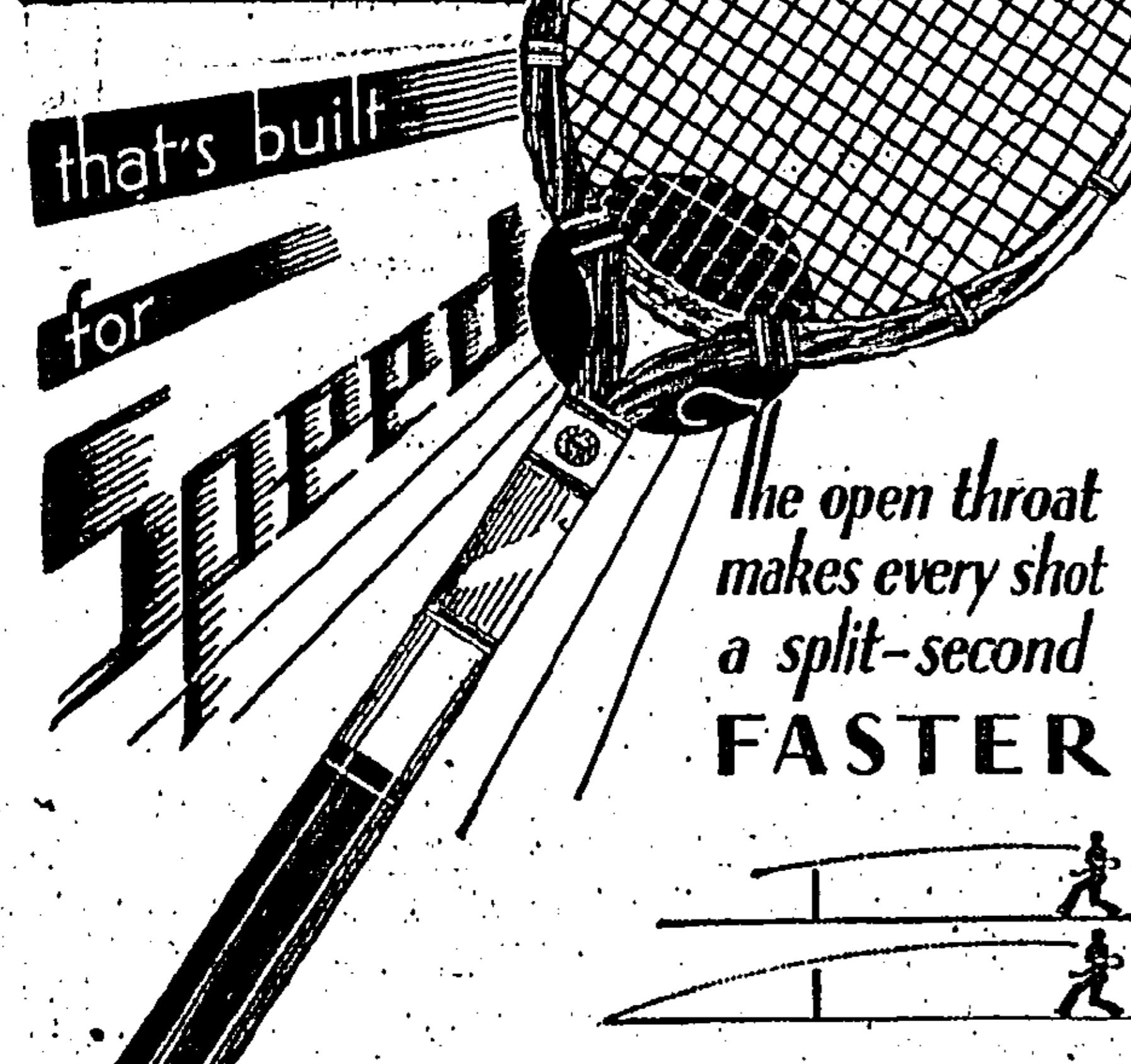
The Civil Service second eleven managed to get into three figures, thanks to A. Warr and I. P. Tamworth, but no-one else could do very much besides. The Cricket Club had little difficulty in hitting off the runs. Incidentally I begin to feel terribly elderly, as I find I used to play cricket with Tamworth's father in North Devon. There are signs, by the way, that the Civil Service second eleven may buck up quite a bit this season.

SCHOOL DOES WELL

The D.B.S. made 141 for 9 declared against the University. E. J. Ley,

SPALDING "TOP-FLITE"

A Racket



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10 Peking Road, Kowloon. Tel. 56469.

Goal-Keeper's
Daring Save

Tam Kwan-kon, the Chinese Federation goal-keeper, makes a daring save right off Saw's feet in Sunday's Governor's Cup match at Causeway Bay. Saw seems surprised. Mak Sui-hon and Li Tin-sang, the Chinese backs, have their backs to the camera. Leung Wing-chiu and Blackford are in the background.

HENRY COTTON
DETHRONES THE
GOLF QUEENS

(By A Correspondent)

This goes to show how unpredictable golf form is. About eleven o'clock yesterday morning at Maylands golf course, near Romford, the betting was even on the match in which Henry Cotton was to play the "best ball" of Lady Heathcoat-Amory (Joyce Wethered), Miss Enid Wilson and Mme. Simone Lacoste.

The argument was that Cotton might outdrive his three opponents by a long, long way (which he did), but that they would be there in the end to catch him up with their approaching and putting.

But it was Cotton who did the approaching and putting. To expected tremendous drives he added unexpected enormous putts. Indeed, he putted the women right out of the match to win by four holes up with three to play.

There was an unwieldy gallery of 2,000 people, who galloped over bunkers and tore through greens. Everybody relaxed, even Cotton.

Once, all ready to play a shot, he had to wait for his caddie, lost in the crowd. Plainly, he called "Come out," as if he were coaxing a rabbit out of a hole.

Another time he showed the gallery how to make a big circle round him. It was quite a new Cotton.

Out in 33 and four under 4's for the fifteen holes played, Cotton required only one putt on six greens.

A rock-like, wide-apart stance, a full follow-through with a slight dip of the left shoulder towards the hole was the secret so far as I could see.

Of the women, only Mme. Lacoste (half her) frailest of the three, only she won a hole from Henry) looked like sinking putts. She holds the club with her right forefinger pointing down the shaft. Try it yourself.

IF
You Don't Know
WHAT A
"PLYMLET"
IS

CALDBECK'S

Kowloon Football Club

Miss Chance Of
Forcing A Tie
Beaten By Single Shot By
Shanghai Interporters

By "Abo"

The Kowloon Football Club, champions of the Third Division in the Hongkong Lawn Bowls League during the 1938 season, entertained the Shanghai Interport team on their green yesterday, and the home representatives did very well indeed to hold the visitors to a one-shot margin. The final scores were 21-20 in favour of the Shanghai rink.

Call-Over For
Cesarewitch
Announced

London, Oct. 17.

The following is the latest call-over for the Cesarewitch:

100/8 Black Speck (o), 13/1 (t) and wanted.

13/1 Dubonnet (t and o)

100/7 Salona (o), 15/1 (t)

15/1 Snipe (t and o)

17/1 Snake Lightning (t and o)

17/1 Contrev.n. (t and o)

17/1 Fet (o), 18/1 (t)

22/1 Lovesegent (t and o)

22/1 Olympus (o), 25/1 (t)

22/1 Earth Stopper (o), 25/1 (t)

25/1 Stainless Stephen (o), 20/1 (t)

25/1 Queen Shilling (o), 20/1 (t)

25/1 Nettlewood (o)

28/1 Harewood (t and o)

28/1 Mubarak (o), 33/1 (t)

33/1 Fox Star (o)

33/1 Calibate II (o)

49/1 Ronfield (t and o)

50/1 Gypso (t and o)

50/1 Near Relation (o)

68/1 Fox-pendant (o)

100/1 Valerian (t and o)

100/1 Sir Calidore (t and o)

—Reuter.

As a matter of fact, the K.F.C. quartette had a great opportunity of making a tie of the encounter on the last head. Shanghai were leading by three shots, but the K.F.C. were having two when W. V. Field, their skip, had his last wood to go. Had he been able to make it into a counter, the scores would have been levelled at 21-21, but he was a trifle too heavy and went through.

Though he failed with his last wood, it was Field who gave the K.F.C. the opportunity of possibly squaring the match. The visitors were lying three when the skips went down to roll on the last head, but with his first wood, Field broke up the lay and the Judd sprang sideways to give the K.F.C. two.

LATE EFFORT

Hugh Wallace and W. J. McDermott stood out from the Shanghai rink, the visitors being represented by K. L. Swartzell, A. M. Gutierrez, J. M. C. Lopes and W. J. Brierley (skip). The Kowloon F.C. were represented by R. Hall, V. Chittenden, T. Ferguson and W. V. Field (skip).

Because Shanghai had established an early lead and also because there were many loose heads, the match was not really interesting until the few ends when the K.F.C. made their effort to snare the game out of the fire. With a five, followed with a two, the Shanghai men were already seven shots ahead after the first two ends. At the end of the fifth, they led 9-1 and at the end of the 11th by 15-7. The K.F.C. scored six shots in four heads from the 12th to the 16th, but a four on the 16th put the visitors further in the lead by 10-13. On the next three ends, however, the local men scored two, one and two in that order to take themselves only one shot away from their opponents' game. Shanghai registered a break on the 20th and though the K.F.C. also had a two on the last head, they were still one shot in arrears.

Scores:

	Shanghai	Kowloon F.C.
1	5	—
2	2	—
3	—	1
4	1	—
5	1	—
6	0	2
7	2	—
8	11	2
9	3	5
10	14	2
11	1	7
12	—	3
13	15	1
14	—	12
15	15	1
16	4	13
17	—	2
18	10	15
19	2	18
20	21	2
21	21	20

Miss Scriven
Retains Her
Tennis Title

London, Oct. 17.

In the Queen's Club women's tennis final, played to-day, Miss Margaret Scriven, holder, defeated Miss McKeivie by 6-3, 4-6, 6-1. —Reuter.

Baron Von Cramm
In Good Health

Berlin, Oct. 17.

Relatives of Baron Gottfried von Cramm, the German tennis ace who was released from prison on Sunday, said he was in good health before his release.

They declined to discuss details of his plans for the future.—United Press.



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"For the other side, it is argued that 14 clubs are too many—seven or eleven should be the limit. But, as I believe that making fourteen is already an infringement, you can guess what I think of that!" Our Own Correspondent.

KEATES SETS UP RECORDS

Week-End Enthusiasm In Cycling

Amazing performances were put up by the Hongkong Cycling Club's champion, H.A.G. Keates, during the past week's unpaced road time trials, now Colony figures being recorded for distances from 10 to 25 miles, whilst even the Shanghai Wheelers' figures, standing to the credit of the same rider since 1933, were lowered over the same distances.

Practically ideal weather conditions prevailed on October 12, when Keates returned 13 miles, 30 secs. for 5 miles to average 22.222 m.p.h., representing the third fastest "5" put up in the Colony, and only 40 secs. outside the record.

Keates used his "5" gear as usual and started by covering the first mile at 21.6 m.p.h.; his faster finishing average was mainly due to a terrific burst of speed over the last mile, which was covered in 2.19. (23.899 m.p.h.). This is the fastest mile on the Club's books. The improvement in his 5 miles figures brought Keates' B.A.R. average up to 20.945 m.p.h. and gave his a lead of .87 over the runner-up, R. H. McDowell.

On the same day McDowell, who is preparing for an attempt to regain the Kowloon-Shataukok-and-back record, carried out a trial over 5 and 10 miles, and returned his second best figures this year at both distances. His actual times of 14.40. and 20.23, gave him averages of 20.477 and 20.410 respectively.

Shanghai Figures Lowered

The finishing effort put in by H. A. G. Keates on October 12 gave some indication of what could be expected on his scheduled attempt for figures up to 25 miles on October 15. Using a new and faster course Keates was favoured with an unusually cool afternoon, though the north-east wind did its best to equalise matters. Riding on gears of 70" and 85", the 2½ miles point was reached in about 6.66, and a similar distance then being covered almost a minute faster, the 5 miles figures were 13 mins. exactly, 10 secs. outside the Colony record, and 29 secs. outside Shanghai's time.

Riding with clockwork consistency, Keates then returned exactly the same time for his second "5", to

PUNCH SCRATCHED

London, Oct. 17. Punch, last year's Cesarewitch winner, which was well backed for this year's event, has been scratched owing to a leg injury.—Reuter.

clock 20 mins. at 10 miles, averaging 23.082 m.p.h. The Colony record previously stood at 26.23, and the Shanghai figure at 26.16, for this distance.

During the next five miles Keates increased speed slightly, covering it in 13.25, to return 30 mins. 25 secs. for 15 miles, averaging 22.675 m.p.h. His next five miles was a further 10 secs. slower, the "20" being covered in 33 mins., to average 22.035 m.p.h. These figures, however, were fast enough to give him a comfortable margin over the previous Colony record of 42.30, and 56.40, whilst he was also successful in bettering the Shanghai figures by 5 secs. and 29 secs. respectively.

The final five miles found Keates riding as strongly as ever, and his finishing time of 1 hr. 6 mins. for the "25" saw the fulfilment of a personal ambition—the lowering of his five years' old Shanghai figures of 1 hr. 7 mins. 4 secs. The previous Colony record was 1.10.40. The last 5 miles were covered in 13 mins. again to give the Club's racing President an average of 22.727 m.p.h.

Best All-Round Table

Consequent on the above trials the Club's 1938-1939 season Best All-Rounder table now reads as under, H. A. G. Keates heading the list with a record average of 22.880 m.p.h., against the previous highest recorded last year of 21.051:

Rider	Average
H. A. G. Keates	22.880
R. H. McDowell	20.058
J. L. Smith	19.945
S. C. Wong	19.741
L. C. Chang	19.372

The officials for Keates' trial on the 15th were Messrs. R. H. McDowell and L. C. Chang of the Club, also Mr. Devlin of the Royal Army Service Corps.

There was an enthusiastic turnout for the morning Club run on Sunday, the venue for which was Clear Water Bay. One participant actually cycled from Stanley to attend! A headwind prevented the riders from reaching their destination before 11 a.m., but it was most helpful on the return half.

Next Sunday's run will leave the Alhambra Theatre at 9.30 a.m. for all day spin. The mid-day halt will be made at Lokmachau, and tea partaken of at Shataukok, the run concluding at approximately 7 p.m.

GOLF TITLE TO BE DECIDED THIS SUNDAY

The Amateur Championship of the Colony will be played at Fanling on Sunday, October 23, on the Old and New Courses at Fanling. The following starting times have been arranged:

Old Course	1.00 p.m.
9.25 a.m. H. Dennis	1.00
9.30 " R. H. McDowell	1.00
9.35 " F. J. H. Mitchell	1.00
9.40 " F. G. Groves	1.00
9.45 " D. J. Gilmore	1.00
New Course	1.10
J. J. Barto	1.10
P. E. A. Almedios	1.10
A. E. Dennis	1.10
W. A. Stewart	1.10
N. G. Conroy	1.10
9.25 a.m. Col. J. F. King	1.10
9.30 " H. Young	1.10
9.35 " H. H. Mackie	1.10
9.40 " E. T. McMullen	1.10
Old Course	1.20
J. J. Barto	1.20
P. E. A. Almedios	1.20
A. E. Dennis	1.20
W. A. Stewart	1.20
N. G. Conroy	1.20

HANKOW FOREIGNERS

Japanese Want Vessels Up Stream Further

Shanghai, Oct. 17. A memorandum was issued through the Japanese Embassy spokesman to-day stating that in view of the hostilities moving up the Yangtze it is requested that third Powers chart their vessels to seek refuge upstream from Hankow.

It also asks that the necessary measures be taken to prevent the Chinese using buildings belonging to third parties.

Appreciation is expressed that Socony and the British Navy have painted special colours, marking their vessels distinguishable from the air.

It states that the number of mines destroyed by the Japanese exceeds 1,000, but there is still danger from Chinese shooting along the bank.

The memorandum concludes with a request for continuation of liaison through the naval representatives stationed in Shanghai.—Reuter.

FOOD ARRANGEMENTS

Hongkong, Oct. 17. The Foreign Residents' Association is issuing food supply permit cards to persons registered with the organisation. Such cards are only in the nature of credentials for drawing free food supplies from the Association in the event of an emergency.—Reuter.

Offer Of Free Holiday For Lynch

Attempt To Stop His Decline

London, Oct. 17. It is stated that the National Sporting Club have offered to defray all Benny Lynch's expenses if he agrees to go away into the country for two months, and then take a month's rest cruise. That would put Lynch under any obligation to us, said Mr. John Harding, N.S.C. Manager. "He would be free to go and fight afterwards wherever and whenever he liked. But if he will agree to our suggestion and have a complete rest we will make an offer to Sixto Escobar the world bantam-weight champion, to come over from America and defend his title against Lynch." The Club mean to put Benny on boxing's top ring again.

The decline of the Glasgow fighter, who was knocked out for the first time in his life in the third round of his contest with Aurel Tonci the Rumanian, at the opening show of the N.S.C. season, was one of the most dramatic things in recent ring history. "It is obvious from the way Lynch fought that he is not well. He needs someone to take him in hand and stop his rapid decline down the boxing ladder." So Mr. Harding said. Some think Lynch is the greatest British fighter of the country. "We know that he should be a world champion, and we want to give him the chance of reaching that position again.—Our Own Correspondent.

MORE REFUGEES

Chinese Families Settle At Kam Tin

The Kam Tin Aerodrome, which has been set aside by the Hongkong Government for the segregation of refugees from Kwangtung, is now presenting the appearance of a miniature settlement, with the hasty construction of buildings to house the several hundreds of Chinese who have already crossed the frontier.

Cutting of rail and sea communication with Canton has prevented a large scale exodus from Kwangtung, but scores of homeless or frightened people have been making their way from devastated villages across the frontier by foot during the last three days. Police have directed them to Kam Tin where, under the supervision of Mr. F. Kendall, they are being sorted out by relatives.

Those with no relatives in the Colony to go to are making temporary homes on the aerodrome, and already a shortage of bedding and other accessories is being felt. The Refugee Emergency Committee, headed by Bishop R. O. Hall, is reported to be launching an appeal on their behalf.

Visitors to Kam Tin yesterday included Bishop Hall and the Director of Medical Services, the Hon. Dr. P. S. Selwyn-Clarke. A number of students of the Chung Wah Middle School were on hand to assist in the settling of the refugees in their improvised homes. A number of relief associations have also offered their services.

CLIPPER TO-MORROW

The Pan American Airways Clipper is expected to reach Kai Tak at 3 p.m. to-morrow, and leave for Manila at 8 a.m. on Thursday.

STRAINED MUSCLES

are quickly relieved with reliable Absorbine Jr. As you rub it to you can feel a glowing warmth come into your muscles—the essential oils penetrating where the pain is. For forty years Absorbine Jr. has been a favorite of coaches and trainers in keeping muscles fit. Always keep a bottle handy.

ABSORBINE JR.

For years has relieved sore muscles, sprains, bruises, cuts, insect bites and skin irritations.

Sales Agents:—Muller, Maclean & Co., Inc.

SOFTBALL CHALLENGE

American Girl Players To Visit Colony

Thirty of America's leading softball players will pass through Hongkong at the beginning of next month—but not without throwing out a challenge to take on any male softball team that can be got together to oppose them. In fact, since they have ample material available, they have stated that they are willing to play a double header in Hongkong.

The girls are accompanied by friends and managers, making up a party of 50. They are University girls and are claimed as some of the finest exponents of the game in the United States.

With the endorsement of Mr. Cordell Hull United States Secretary of State, and the Bureau of Education, they are making a goodwill tour of the Orient and will pass through Hongkong on their way to Manila by C.P.R. ship about November 3. The ship arrives early in the morning and leaves the same evening so there will be time to arrange the games.

Mr. J. S. T. Cortes, who is arranging the Manila programme, has written to Mr. Vic Hugo inviting him to arrange the fixtures in Hongkong, and it is understood that negotiations are being made to use the South China Athletic Association's ground. It is up to the Softball League to find the opposition.

CLUB HOCKEY TEAMS

The following teams have been chosen to represent the Hongkong Hockey Club in matches on the Club ground this week:

1st XI v. H.M.S. Suffolk at 5.15 p.m. on Wednesday.—V. M. Bennett; F. H. Stokes and E. V. Reed; H. J. D. Lowe, W. A. Reed and N. Whitley; V. W. L. Scues, T. Whitley, G. E. Divett, B. I. Bickford and V. Bond.

"A" XI v. H.M.S. Medway at 6.15 p.m. on Friday.—H. F. Shields; F. H. Stokes and W. Schubel; W. A. Reed, H. J. D. Lowe and W. Brown; W. C. Spencer, V. W. L. Scues, G. E. Divett, K. A. Blamead and I. T. Tamworth.

SPORT ADVT'S

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB

THE NINTH EXTRA RACE MEETING will be held at HAPPY VALLEY on SATURDAY, 22nd October, 1938, commencing at 2.00 p.m. The First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m.

MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE

No One without a badge will be admitted to the Members' Enclosure. Such must be worn throughout the duration of each meeting in such a manner as to be readily identified.

Badges admitting Non-Members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$5.00 for Gentlemen and \$3.00 for Ladies (both including tax) are obtainable through the SECRETARY upon the personal or written application of a Member, such Member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for Payment of all Chits, etc.

The Secretary's Office, 1st Floor, Exchange Building, (Tel. 27784) will close at 12 NOON.

Tiflins are obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Telephone 21920).

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of Admission to the Public Enclosure is \$1.00 including Tax, for all Persons, including Ladies, and is payable at the Gate. Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform are admitted Half Price.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,
Secretary,
Hongkong, 17th October, 1938.

SMART

Jcl. 28151.

Gloves in Colours

TO TONE WITH

ANY ENSEMBLE

KID, SUEDE,

FABRIC AND

WASH

LEATHER

in

Novel Designs

FROM

\$4.95 pr.

Ladies'
Salon

JANE CRAWFORD'S

The House of Quality & Service

To-morrow THE KING'S

BRAVING A HUNDRED DEATHS BY DAY
AND A THOUSAND TERRORS BY NIGHT!

JACK
HOLT
Flight into Nowhere

Jacqueline WELLS

Dick PURCELL

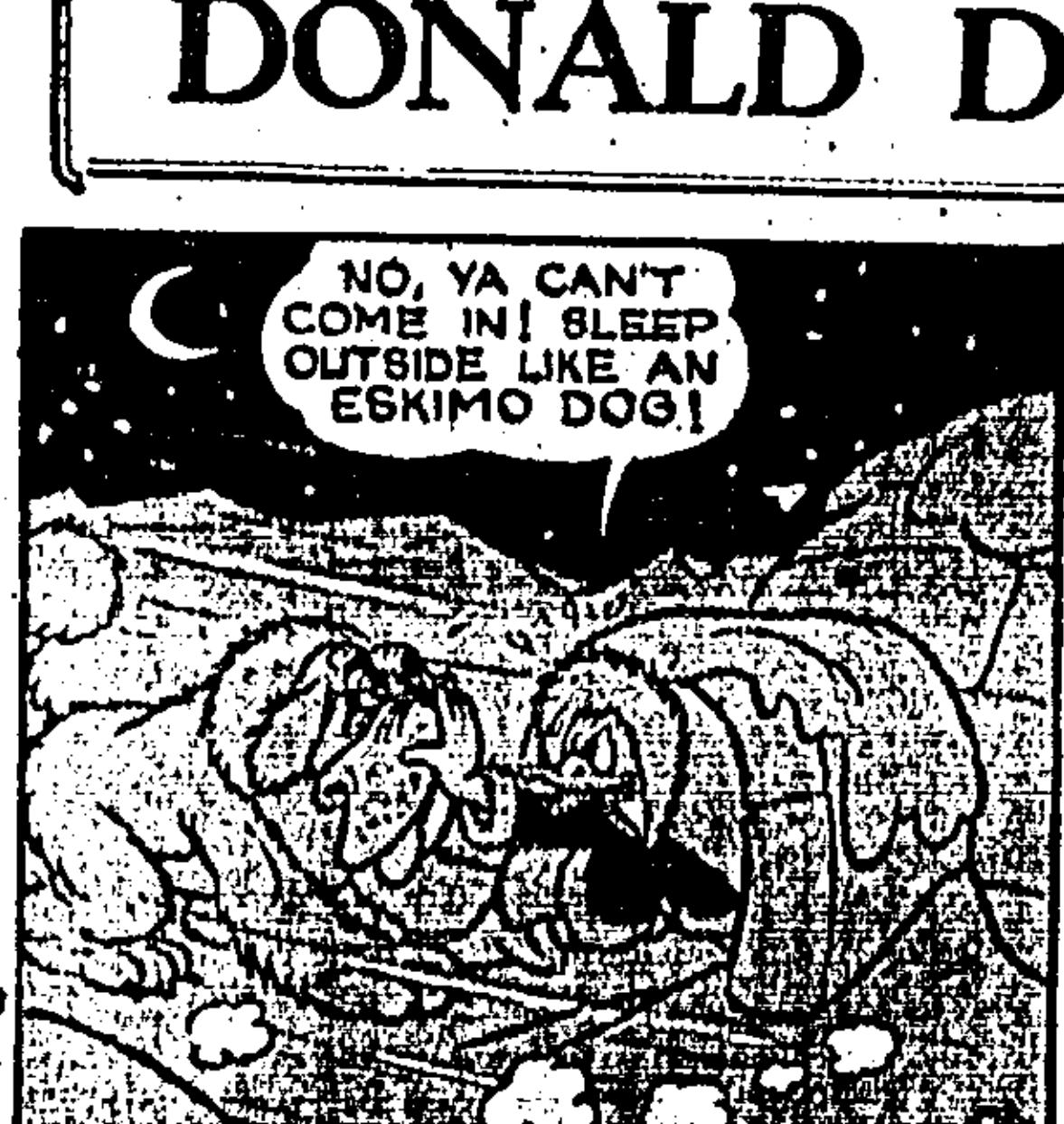
Story by William M. Keighley
Directed by Lewis D. Neale

Produced by Columbia Pictures

COLUMBIA PICTURE

DONALD DUCK "A Warm Friendship"

By Walt Disney



It is advisable to book Autumn and Winter advertising space early.

Twenty-One Years Ago

A TYRANNY DIED

by
HAROLD LASKI

In the way we reckon the life of nations, twenty-one years are hardly more than a moment of time. But in Soviet Russia they have been years more significant than any two centuries which preceded them.

Tsarism is but a memory; twenty-one years ago it was a grim reality alliance with which we reconciled as best we could with our conscience.

Russian Capitalism has been overthrown; twenty-one years ago there was but a handful of thinkers who dreamed that it could be destroyed in our lifetime.

Twenty-one years ago, to the working masses, the symbols of Russia were the Cossack knout and the prisons of Siberia; today they are the hammer and sickle and the gigantic industrial achievements of Magnitogorsk.

Twenty-one years ago, the imperialist ambitions of Tsarist Russia were a menace to the peace of the world; to-day there is no realist in foreign politics to whom the power of the Soviet Union has not become a symbol of peaceful purpose.

There has been no greater drama in history than the record of these years. At the dawn of the February Revolution there can have been no voice that did not welcome its coming.

A bloody tyranny had been overthrown; the world was a cleaner place for its going. But those who made the February Revolution had no perception of its immanent dynamic.

They could overturn the Tsar; they did not know how to bring to the masses either peace or bread. Pale phantoms of a crowded hour, history had done with them almost before they had stepped upon its stage. Lvov, Miliukov, Kerensky, Tseretelli—they are already corpses which the historical surgeons dissect for their students.

Power went to the men of iron will and unquenchable purpose, the men who knew what the masses wanted and did not shrink in the hour of crisis, from responding to their claims.

There is nothing more unforgettable in modern annals than the supreme insight of Lenin into the possibilities of his moment.

Let us admit that he did not

To-day's Thought

No fear is so ruinous and uncontrollable as panic fear. For other fears are groundless, but this fear is timeless.

—SENECA.

make his revolution with rose-water. In the terror and the civil war there are blunders and crimes which cry to heaven. Yet when the last word of criticism has been made, no intelligent Socialist can deny that the Revolution represents one of the supremely significant epochs of history.

It has awakened a whole people from its slumber. In education, in public health, in economic construction, in the degree to which it has ended the exploitation of man by man, in its reclamation of wealth from the few for the masses, in its opening-up of the potentialities of production for the many, revolution has made possible in Russia a new epoch in the history of the world.

We need not deny that the price of this generation has had to pay for the change has been a heavy one.

We need not deny, either, that, in its accomplishment, hopes have been betrayed, dreams destroyed, for which, even in twenty years, one might have sought richer fulfillment.

There is in the new Russia for the masses what there was never for them in the old: the right to hope. That is what gives the Soviet Union a significance for the working-class which it is fundamental to recognise.

Compared with the Tsarist regime, there has been in every aspect of life immeasurable improvement. It is not yet adequate; it is not yet so profound that there is either time or occasion for the new Russia to rest upon its ears.

But where the old Russia faced its future with dread, the new faces its future with confidence. Where life for the peasant and the industrial worker in the old Russia was, as Hobbes put it, "nasty, brutish, and short," life for them in the new offers the right to a sense of mastery over their lives.

It is that sense which, amid all the pain and suffering, has given the citizens, above all the young, of the new Russia that new morale, that new energy, that new deter-

mination, which even its most hostile critics are compelled to recognise.

The career is open to the talented; privilege, in the degree of wealth from the few for the masses, in its opening-up of the potentialities of production for the many, revolution has made possible in Russia a new epoch in the history of the world.

It is too early yet to say that the traditions of the old world have been destroyed; it is possible to assert that a new and ampler tradition has begun, at the foundations, to take its place.

There is in the new Russia for the masses what there was never for them in the old: the right to hope. That is what gives the Soviet Union a significance for the working-class which it is fundamental to recognise.

Compare the status of women in the old Russia with that of the new. Measure the significance of children in the epoch of the Tsars with that in the epoch which Lenin founded.

Set the Red Army alongside the army of the Tsars. Realise the place of science in the Revolution with the fear it invoked in the old regime.

Quality for quality in civilisation, it is not possible to doubt that those who have made the Revolution have called a new world into existence to redress the balance of the service of the many.

The note of Soviet literature is not, as under the Tsars, the note of angry pessimism. Jews are not persecuted; nationalities are not suppressed.

When the account is cast, the makers of the new Russia need not fear the comparison with Tsardom.

It has given the world what every potentially great civilisation brings in its train—a new idea.

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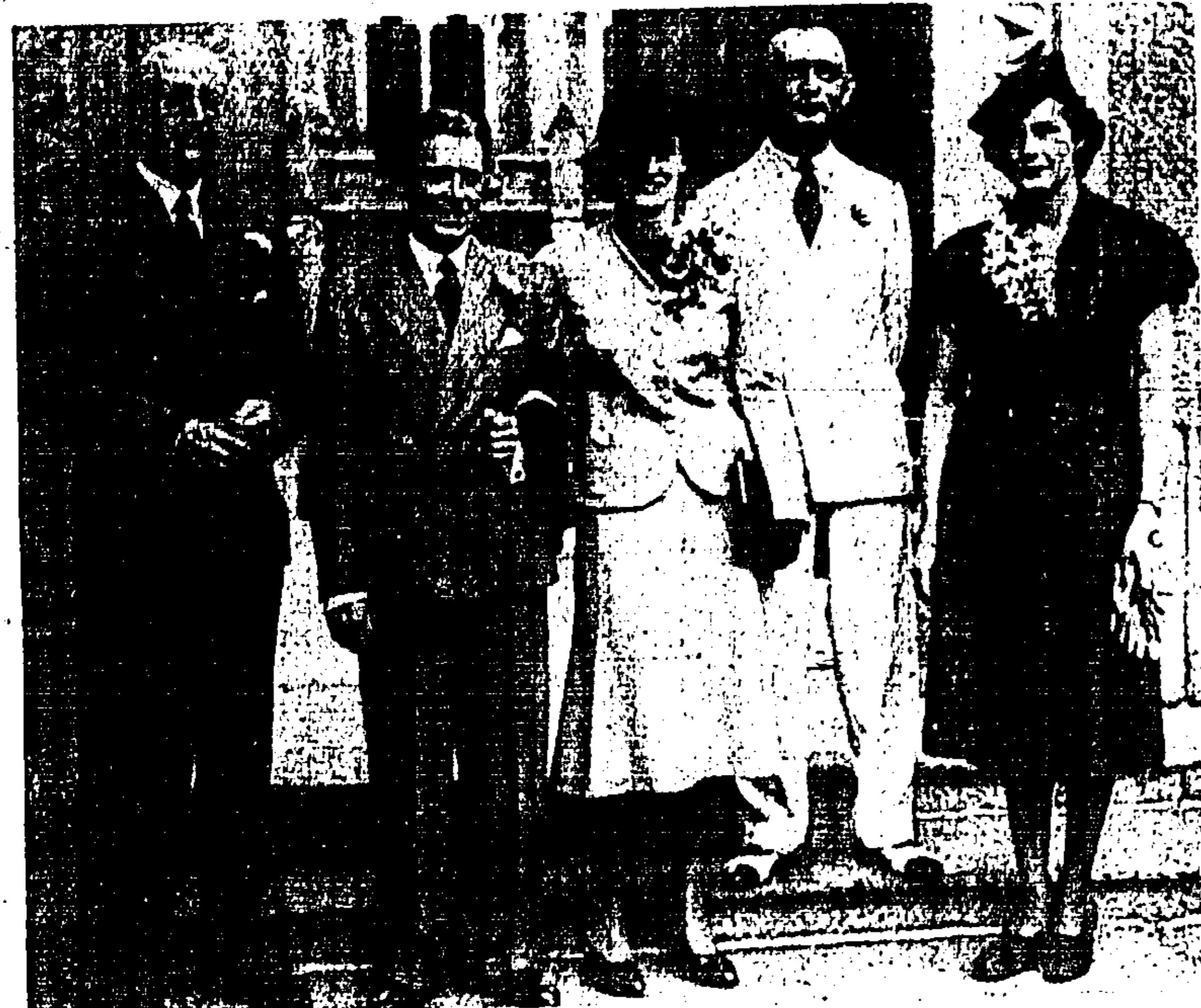
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NEWS OF THE DAY
IN PICTURES
FROM FAR AND NEAR

Hongkong Telegraph
PHOTONEWS

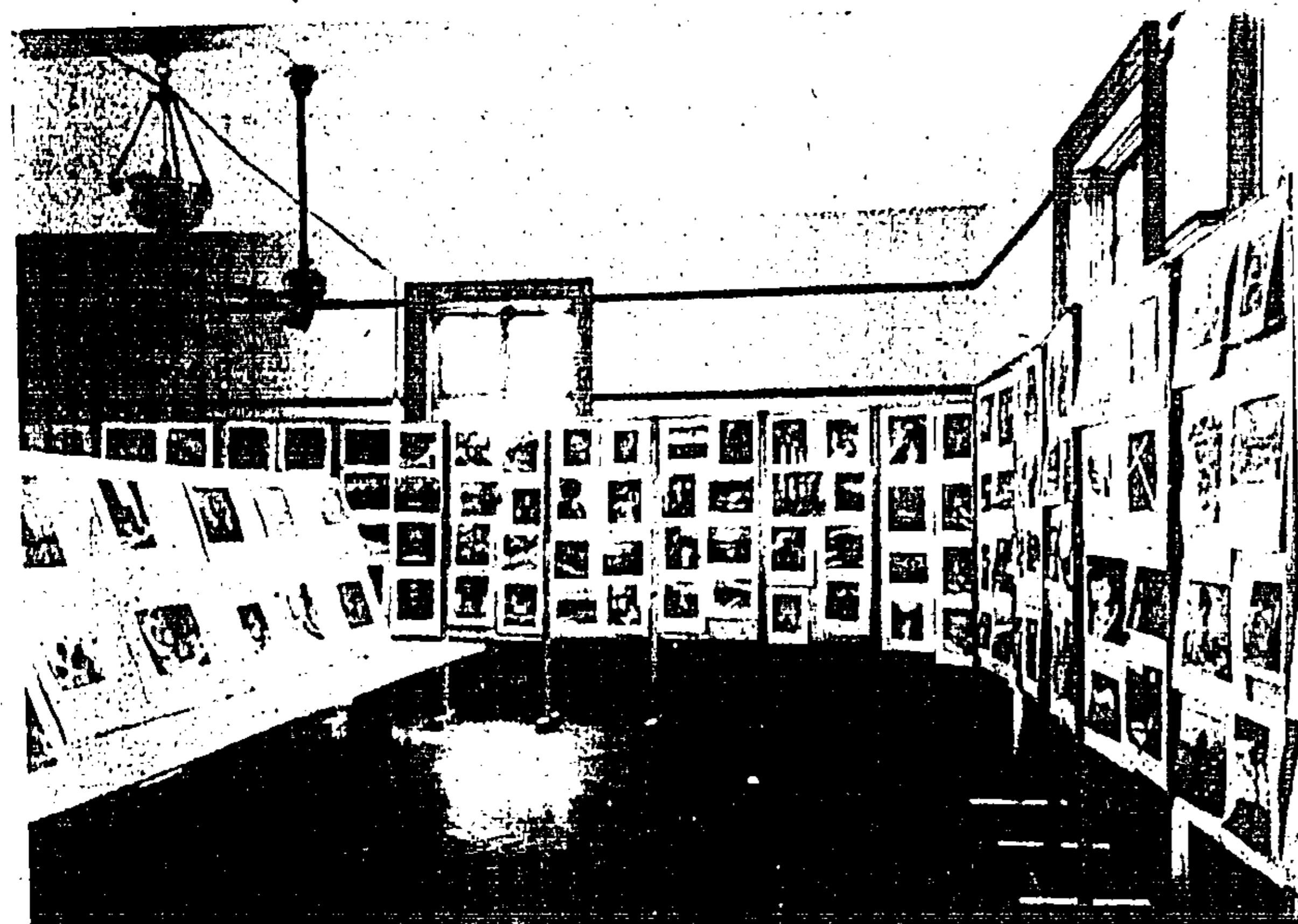
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1938.

HAPPENINGS
AS SEEN BY
THE CAMERA'S EYE

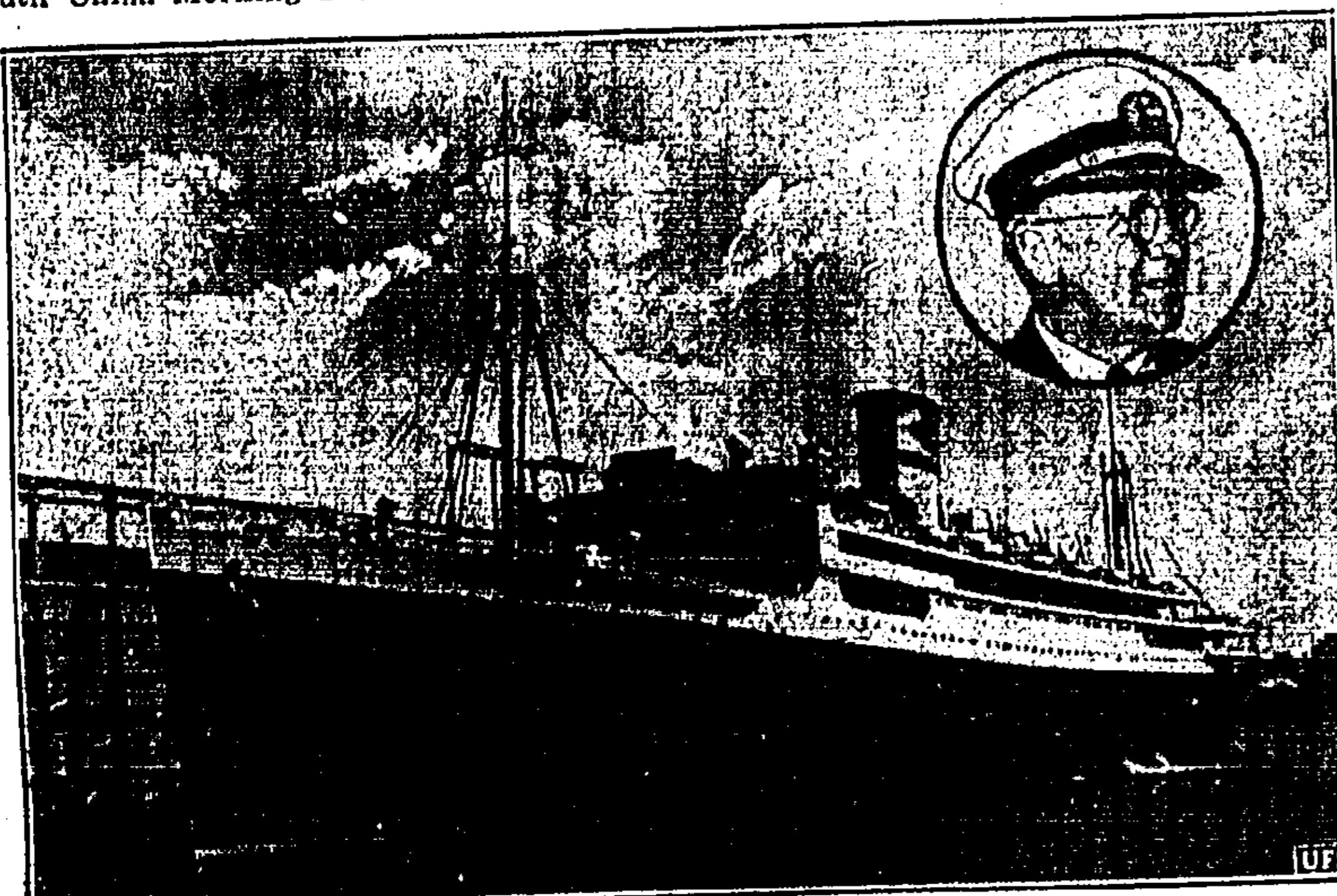


Group photographs taken following wedding ceremonies held in the Colony last week.
LEFT: Bridal party after the wedding of Mr. Donald Scott and Miss Isabel M. Henderson. The ceremony was solemnised last week at St. John's Cathedral.—Staff Photographer.

BELOW: Mr. Robert King Sun-ice and Miss Wong Ngan-yik and bridal party photographed after their recent wedding at the Eldan Bible School.—Yuen Chun Studio.



A SECTION of the numerous exhibits in the "Telegraph's" Annual Photographic Competition. The exhibition, admission to which is free, will continue in the Board Room of the South China Morning Post Ltd. building until Thursday evening.



Docked at Hoboken, N. J., opposite New York City, is the Uruguay, one of the three reconditioned luxury ships of the "Good Neighbour Fleet" to be operated by the United States Maritime Commission to Rio de Janeiro and other South American ports. Inset, Captain W. B. Oakley, commander. The ship formerly was the California of the Panama Pacific Line.

**"TELEGRAPH"
WAR MAP**

A specially prepared map of the Northern War Zone in China. 15½ by 11 inches, printed on art paper.

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SERVICE OF FAST MOTOR VESSELS
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HOMeward:

M.V. "SHANTUNG" Sailing about 29th Oct.
M.V. "TAMARA" 27th Nov.
OUTWARDS to: Yokohama, Kobe & Osaka.
M.V. "NANKING" 15th Nov.
M.V. "PEIPING" 13th Dec.

Passenger Rates:

To London or Antwerp £63.00.
Agents: Canton. G. E. HUANG.
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One patient was killed and 15 were injured when this Pan American Airways plane crashed into the top of a hospital building in Ituquinga, suburb of Buenos Aires, Argentina. Eight passengers and five crew members escaped with minor injuries. Plane had just taken off for Rio de Janeiro when one of the motors failed, and plane dived for the hospital.

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*SAILINGS***

S.S. PRESIDENT COOLIDGE

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SHANGHAI

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Steamers	Tons	From Hongkong about	Destination
RANCHI	17,000	29th Oct.	Marseilles & London.
†BURDWAN	6,000	5th Nov.	B'bay, M'selles, Havre, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dam & A'werp.
RAMPURA	17,000	12th Nov.	B'bay, M'selles & London.
•MIRZAPORE	6,000	15th Nov.	Strait, C'limb, B'bay & K'chi.
RAWALPINDI	17,000	28th Nov.	Marseilles & London.
•SOMALI	6,000	3rd Dec.	B'bay, M'selles, Havre, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dam & A'werp.
CANTON	15,500	10th Dec.	B'bay, M'selles & London.
CORFU	14,500	24th Dec.	B'bay, M'selles, Havre, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dam & A'werp.
†BANGALORE	6,000	31st Dec.	B'bay, M'selles & London.
CHITRAL	17,000	7th Jan.	B'bay, M'selles & London.
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SANTHIA	8,000	3rd Dec.
TALAMBA	10,000	17th Dec.

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Regular monthly sailings from Hongkong to Shanghai & Japan & Hongkong to Australia. Hongkong to Sydney—10 days.

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RAWALPINDI	17,000	28th Oct.	Shanghai & Japan.
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TANDA	7,000	4th Nov.	Shanghai & Japan.
SANTHIA	6,000	9th Nov.	Japan.
CANTON	15,500	11th Nov.	Shanghai & Japan.
TALAMBA	10,000	23rd Nov.	Japan.
CORFU	14,500	24th Nov.	Shanghai & Japan.
•BANGALORE	6,000	26th Nov.	Shanghai & Japan.

* Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice, parcels measuring not more than 6 x 6 ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

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SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Hilo, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Mexico & Balboa to Valparaiso.

Bokyo Maru (From Kobe) Monday, 24th Oct.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, NAPLES via Sic.

Hakone Maru Saturday, 5th Nov.

Husky Maru Saturday, 10th Nov.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Davao, Thursday 1st Nov., Brisbane.

Kamo Maru (From Kobe) Saturday, 20th Nov.

BOMBAY via Singapore & Colombo

Toyama Maru Wednesday, 26th Oct.

RANGOON & CALCUTTA via Singapore

Kamo Maru (Direct Nogasak) Thursday, 20th Oct.

KOKOZAKI Maru (via K'lung & Shih) Friday, 21st Oct.

Sawa Maru (via Shanghai) Saturday, 5th Nov.

* Cargo only.

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DEATH IN THE PALM OF HIS HAND!

And the happiness of two years at stately Romance takes the most mystifying and thrilling turn since Lon Chaney's greatest triumph!



• TO-MORROW, ONE DAY ONLY! •
RETURN OF ANOTHER "OLD FAVOURITE"!
SONJA HENIE TYRONE POWER in "THIN ICE"

20th Century-Fox Musical Spectacle!



ROBERT MacWHIRTER PAYS! Astonished spectators gather around as Hongkong's well-known Scots humorist tentatively holds out hand containing price of admission to the Michaelmas Fair at Volunteer Headquarters recently. Police are there to see that there is fair play and no short-changing by the Treasurer!

CIVILIANS LEAVING HANKOW

Japanese Within Fifty Miles Of City

A CHINESE COM-
MUNIQUE issued here claims that the Chinese forces have recaptured Shihweiya, a port on the south bank of the Yangtse, 50 miles from Hankow, which the Japanese took yesterday.

A Chinese spokesman confirms the report of a large-scale evacuation of Hankow is now proceeding, and only organisations with personnel vital to the Hankow defence are remaining.

Other persons are leaving for Szechuan and Hunan provinces. Chinese forces are said to be gathering in large numbers in the hills to the east of Tungshun, 70 miles south of Hankow to protect the highway and railway to Yochow and Changsha.

Reuter.

STOP PRESS

CHINESE BLOW UP RAIL BRIDGES

The Chinese have blown up the steel bridge at Tongkuan about 15 miles north of Shunchun and have removed all telegraph wires from the railway.

The line has thus been effectively broken between Hongkong and Canton by rail and in addition all the wooden bridges on the new road from China into the New Territories at Sheungshui, have been destroyed. Canton has deliberately isolated itself from the outside world and drawn back on the interior for its defence.

Jerusalem Under Strict Curfew To-day

Jerusalem, Oct. 17. A six-hour curfew, imposed throughout the whole of Jerusalem is beginning at 11 o'clock to-night.

A number of Arab convicts who broke out of prison this afternoon were chased by an R.A.F. plane. Two convicts were killed, but the remainder escaped.

Two Arabs were slightly wounded in a shooting in the old city to-day, when armed men entered the police station in the Moslem quarter and set it on fire.

A bomb exploded near a school in the Jewish quarters, but there were no injuries.

Two Jewish watchmen at Hulfa were killed and six wounded, when a large band of Arabs launched a

raids attack on the watch-post north of Tiberias.—Reuter.

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To-morrow: "BROADWAY MELODY OF 1936"
Friday: "DANTE'S INFERNO"

Supplement In Final Edition

A Four-Page Pictorial Supplement, printed on art paper and containing a selection of the prize-winning and commended photographs in the Eighth Annual "Telegraph" Photographic Competition, will be published in the final edition of today's "Telegraph."

Photographs are on exhibition in the Photo Room of the South China Morning Post Ltd., Building. Admission to the exhibition, which will remain open until Thursday evening, is free.

The selection of photographs to be published later to-day represents the cream of amateur photography in South China. DON'T MISS YOUR COPY OF THE FINAL EDITION TO-DAY.

Photo Room of the South China Morning Post Ltd., Building.

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The Hongkong Telegraph

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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1938.

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Black and White Canvas
Toe-Dancing Shoes.

British made—All sizes.

\$6.95 & \$7.50

WHITEAWAY'S

NEW JAPANESE MENACE

TROOPS STRIKING ACROSS COUNTRY TO BOCCA TIGRIS



A FEW HOURS after she arrived from war-torn Tamshui, which was completely wrecked by Japanese bombers prior to the Japanese entry, this mother gave birth at the Kam Tin Concentration Camp to a fine, healthy girl. Little brother, who walked overland with his encoûte mother on the long 35-mile journey across mountains and streams, is an interested admirer of the new arrival.

CRISIS IN EUROPE

Mussolini's Approval Of Hungarian Mobilisation

ROME, Oct. 17.

THE PARTIAL MOBILISATION ordered by the Hungarian Government meets with the fullest approbation in Italy, according to the semi-official "Informazione Diplomatica," which describes the measure as "entirely justifiable," since Czechoslovakia has not yet demobilised, and Hungary is consequently in a position of inferiority.

The resumption of negotiations between Prague and Budapest will, says the organ, take place on a basis of the principles laid down at Munich. These principles are defined as follows:

1.—Cession to Hungary of all territory preponderantly inhabited by Magyars.

2.—A plebiscite to be eventually held in the contested regions.

3.—The right of self-determination to be conceded to all other minorities.

The semi-official organ goes on to stress that the main interest of the Czechoslovak Government must be to close as rapidly as possible the present chapter of history and to inaugurate a new era based on completely different principles to those which have prevailed hitherto.

Once the question of the frontier of the new Czechoslovakia, which Italy is also prepared to guarantee, has been satisfactorily settled, the Czechoslovak republic will be able to commence the task of its own internal reconstruction.

The organ affirms that in the course of a farewell conversation between Signor Mussolini and the retiring Czechoslovak Minister in Rome, M. Chvalkovsky, Il Duce gave an assurance that Czechoslovakia could rely on Italy's friendship as soon as

THE LATE MR. W. J. EDWARDS, who died in Shanghai recently, was the first European baby born in the interior of China on the Yangtse.

He had resided for over 70 years in the Far East and was well-known in Hongkong.

First Touch of Winter Finds H.K. Thankful

HONGKONG'S LONG SUMMER of painfully hot weather appears to be in its last throes. Following a 20 degrees fall in temperature between Friday last and yesterday, the thermometer went even lower early this morning, touching 67.9 degrees—the lowest minimum recording since May 10 last.

During the past 24 hours, the maximum temperature also dropped below 79, making it the lowest maximum registration since May 10.

Since 8 a.m. yesterday until 8 a.m. to-day the mean temperature has been 76.74. The highest temperature was 78.9 at 2 p.m. yesterday. The lowest, 67.9 at 5 o'clock and 6 o'clock this morning.

SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT

Istanbul, Oct. 17.

A bulletin issued to-day regarding Kemal Ataturk's condition showed that there had been some improvement during the day, though anxiety still remains over the President's health.—Reuter Special.

Kemal Ataturk has long suffered from a liver complaint which has aroused disquieting rumours regarding his health, and more recently, rumours abroad of the possible appointment of a successor.—Reuter Special.

PREMIER AT BEDSIDE

Istanbul, Oct. 17.

When the Premier, Djeral Bayar, learned that the condition of President Kemal Ataturk had taken a turn for the worse, he hurried to Ankara and paid a bedside visit to the President at Baktepe Palace immediately after arriving.—Turas-Ocean.

FIRST EUROPEAN BABY BORN ON YANGTSE DIES



THE LATE MR. W. J. EDWARDS, who died in Shanghai recently, was the first European baby born in the interior of China on the Yangtse.

He had resided for over 70 years in the Far East and was well-known in Hongkong.

ALTHOUGH THE MAIN CHINESE DEFENCES NORTH OF THE EAST RIVER ARE HOLDING STEADFAST ALONG A LINE STRETCHED FROM WONGTONG TO THE NORTH BANK OF THE EAST RIVER, A NEW AND GRAVE THREAT IS NOW DEVELOPING.

It now appears that the Japanese column which struck down the main Canton-Hongkong highway from Waichow to Cheungmuktau—the latter place was captured by the Japanese yesterday morning—is of much greater dimensions than was at first thought.

This Japanese Army is now striking simultaneously in two directions.

One army is proceeding up the Canton-Kowloon railway track to Sheldung, where the railway crosses the East River, while another body is striking directly across country towards Bocca Tigris Forts.

The countryside from Cheungmuktau to Funuchai, near where the Pearl River forts are situated, is entirely flat and is most suitable for operations by Japanese mechanised units, of which considerable number are being employed.

The column striking westward is reported to have reached Tialong, about five miles west of the railway. Tialong is connected by highway with the Pearl River delta area.

Chinese sources admit that Cheungmuktau, the railway centre near Tialong, has been evacuated and that the Japanese have occupied the city.

It is reported that the retreating Chinese have been ordered to make a strong stand across the railway midway between Cheungmuktau and Sheldung, as it is imperative that the latter city be guarded in order to protect the right flank and rear of the Chinese army which is holding up the Japanese north of the East River.

Attempts are also being made to get people with lorries to volunteer to drive refugees from the New Territories border to the camp.

Many of them are exhausted or have such meagre resources which would be completely absorbed by the cost of transport.

The compulsory vaccination regulations are still in force and St. John Ambulance Brigade workers are assisting Government in vaccinating the refugees either at the border or at the camp.

The response for public assistance of the refugee settlement has been generous.

Dr. C. Y. Wu, Director of the Chinese National Red Cross, has put two motor ambulance lorries at the disposal of the authorities.

The gentry of Un Long have given 500 blankets, Mr. Hui Yueng-shing, President of the Un Long Commercial Guild, has sent 170 blankets on behalf of his Guild and the Tung Wah Hospital authorities have subscribed 1,240 blankets.

A system of passes is being devised to organise the life at the camp and avoid congestion during the construction work that is proceeding.

BRITISH SUBJECTS

EVACUATED

Evacuation of British subjects from Shum Chun which started on Sunday was completed this morning.

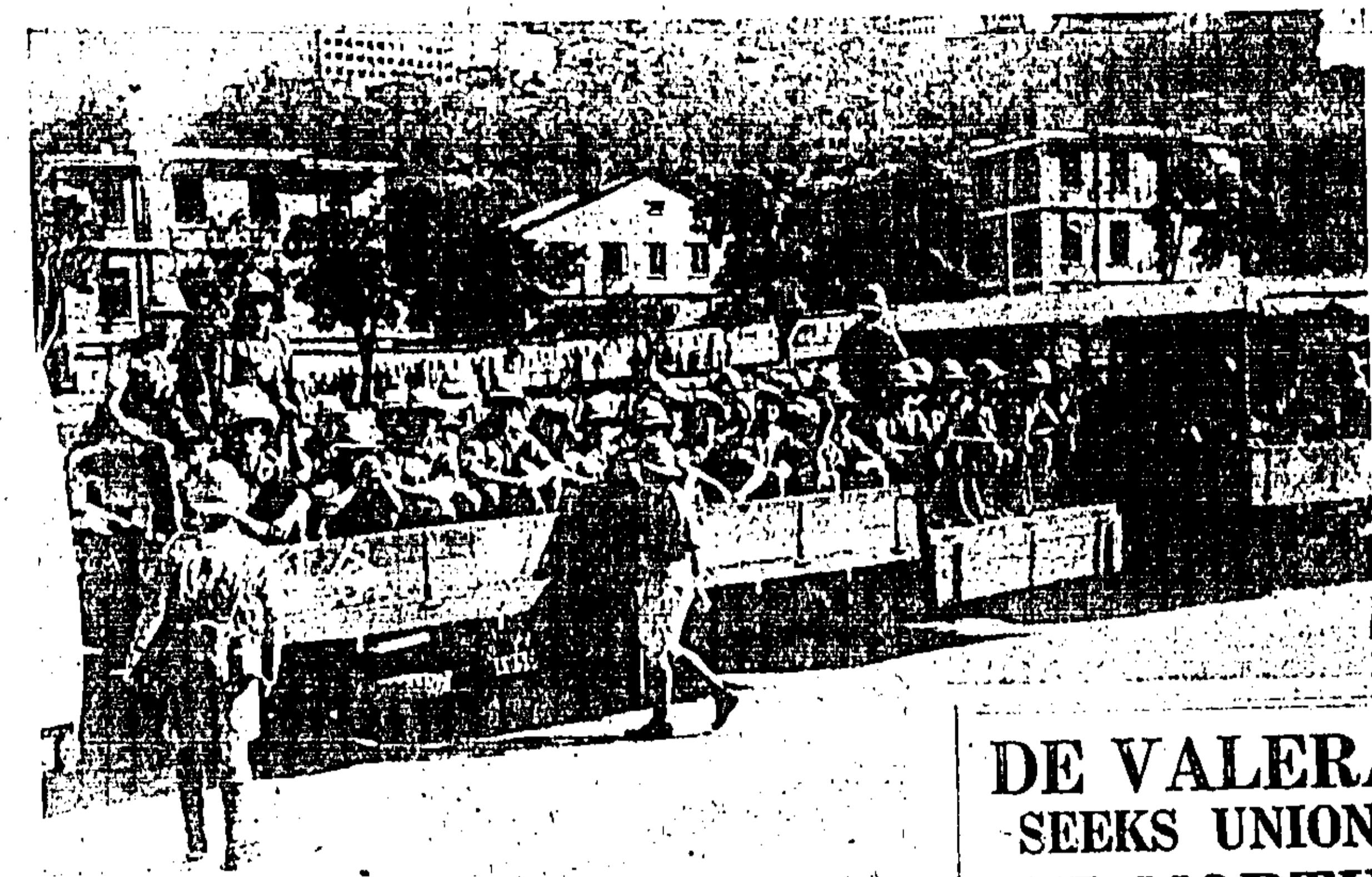
Telephone communications are now definitely severed, and the Kowloon-Canton Railway are only running services to and from Fanling.

CHINESE BLOW UP RAIL BRIDGES

The Chinese have blown up the steel bridge at Tongtiahu, about 15 miles north of Shum Chun and have removed all telegraph wires from the railway.

The line has thus been effectively broken between Hongkong and Canton by rail and in addition, all the wooden bridges on the new road from China into the New Territories at Shuangshui, have been destroyed.

Canton has deliberately isolated itself from the outside world and drawn back on the interior for its defence.



SOME OF THE MEMBERS of the 2nd Battalion, The East Surrey Regiment, trucking for their new quarters at Happy Valley. The Battalion arrived in Hongkong by H.M.S. Medway yesterday from Singapore.

DE VALERA SEEKS UNION OF NORTH AND SOUTH

Offers Autonomy To Ulster

LONDON, Oct. 17. AN IMPORTANT declaration on the existing partition of Ireland was made by Mr. Eamon De Valera in Dublin to-day in the course of an interview with a correspondent of the London Evening Standard.

Mr. De Valera said he had abandoned any idea of a plebiscite which, though giving Eire more territory, would perpetuate the partition, and he urged Britain to persuade the six Ulster counties to join in an all-Ireland Parliament.

Mr. De Valera offered Ulster autonomy in local affairs, asking only guarantees for the Nationalist minority in her area.

While partition remained, Mr. De Valera warned England, her chances of Eire's co-operation with Britain in the event of a European war were "very slight."

Mr. De Valera added: "The present partition is a dangerous anachronism which must be ended. These 300 miles of artificial frontier separating the North from the rest of Ireland is the deepest wound which the English people have inflicted upon the Irish people—a wound which keeps alive ancient antipathies."

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Late News On Page 12

Earlier War News On Page 7

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STOP PRESS

RESERVISTS REPORT

Budapest, Oct. 17. Two classes of reservists reported to their barracks at 6 a.m. to-day. Government officials said it was no indication of any plan for immediate action.—United Press.

MARTIAL LAW DECREED

Prague, Oct. 17. The Slovaks have decreed martial law in seventeen districts adjacent to the Hungarian frontier. It is said that this measure has been adopted because of a feared invasion by Magyar terrorists.—United Press.

FLIERS DESCEND AT LAST

Richmond, Oct. 17. A crowd of 2,500 cheered Bob Daniels and Russ Morris when they landed to-day after a continuous flight of 130 hours and 20 minutes.—United Press.

(Further Stop Press News on Page 12.)

JAPANESE SEIZE H.K. LIVESTOCK

Cargo Of Cattle Taken By Boarding Party

A large consignment of live cattle en route to the Colony by junk as part of the supplies which must be imported across the Canton delta since the stoppage of communications with Canton has been seized by the Japanese Navy, according to reports received this morning.

The ship carrying the cargo of livestock was halted by a Japanese warship near Sammun Customs station.

The junk was registered in Hongkong, it is understood.

After placing the crew of the vessel in a sampan, the Japanese took the shipful of livestock in tow.

The cattle were valued at \$1,000.

114 HOURS IN THE AIR

Richmond, Va., Oct. 17.

Bob Daniels and Russ Morris, who have already broken the light plane endurance record of 100 hours continuous flying, have now passed the 114th hour mark, and are still going strong.—United Press.

SCHOOLTIME SWEATER

A specially simple design for schoolgirls to make for themselves.

BACK

Using No. 13 needles, cast on 90 sts.

Next Row.—K. 1, p. 1. Repeat from * to end of row.

Repeat this row for 3 inches.

Increase Row.—P. 2, * p3in, p. 1. Repeat from * ending p3in, p. 1. (108 sts. now on needle.)

Change to No. 10 needles and pattern as follows:—

1st Row.—* P. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3. Repeat from * ending p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3.

2nd Row.—K. 1, * p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3. Repeat from * ending p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 2.

These 2 rows form the pattern, which is repeated throughout the jumper, with the exception of k. 1, p. 1 rib welts.

Continue in pattern until work measures 11 inches.

Shape Raglan Armholes

With right side of work facing, and keeping pattern unbroken:—

Cast off 4 sts. at beginning of next 4 rows, then k. 2 tog. at each end of following 2 rows. *

Now k. 2 tog. at end of every row until 28 sts. remain.

(Work should measure about 17½ inches.)

Leave these sts. on spare needle.

FRONT

Work exactly as Back as far as *.

Now k. 2 tog. at end of every row until 46 sts. remain on needle.

Materials

7 oz. 3-ply wool.
1 Pair Needles No. 10.
1 Pair Needles No. 13.

Measurements

To fit 28-30 inch bust measurement.

Length from shoulder 17½ ins.

Length of undersleeve seam 18 ins.

Tension

7½ ins. and 10 rows equal 1 inch on No. 10 needles.

Abbreviations

K. = Knit; P. = Purl; Sts. = Stitches; Ins. = Inches; Top. = Together;

P3in = Purl 3 times into next st.—that is, into front, into back, and again into front of next st.

Shape Head Of Sleeve

Cast off 5 sts. at beginning of next 2 rows, then k. 2 tog. at end of every row until 20 sts. remain.

(Work should measure about 15½ ins.)

Shape Neck

Right side of work is facing:—

Next Row.—K. 14 in pattern.

Turn. Work back, ending k. 2 tog. Next Row.—Work in pattern to within 2 sts. ending k. 2 tog.

Next Row.—K. 2 tog. Work back in pattern to within 2 sts. ending k. 2 tog.

Repeat the last 2 rows once more. Next Row.—Work in pattern across all sts.

Next Row.—Work back in pattern to within 2 sts. ending k. 2 tog.

Repeat the last 2 rows until all sts. are worked off.

Return to remaining 32 sts. Slip centre 18 sts. on to spare needle, then work last 14 sts. to match Left Side.

SLEEVES

Using No. 13 needles, cast on 50 sts. and work in k. 1, p. 1 rib for 3in.

Change to No. 10 needles and pattern as Bat's, but increasing 1 st. at each end of every 7th row until work measures 18in.

Shape Head Of Sleeve

Cast off 5 sts. at beginning of next 2 rows, then k. 2 tog. at end of every row until 20 sts. remain.

Leave these sts. on spare needle, and work a second sleeve exactly the same.

COLLAR

With right side of each piece facing, and using No. 13 needles, knit across 20 sts. of first sleeve, pick up 20 sts. down Left Front from point, knit across 18 sts. of Centre Front, pick up 20 sts. up Right Front, then knit across 20 sts. of second sleeve, and finally across 28 sts. of Back. (120 sts. now on needle.)

Next Row.—K. 1, p. 1. Repeat from * to end of row.

Repeat this row for 3in.

Cast off loosely in rib.

TO MAKE UP

Pin out to required measurements and press lightly under damp cloth, avoiding k. 1, p. 1 rib. Sew raglan sleeves into armholes, then sew up side and sleeve seams. Join edges of collar neatly, then press all seams.

"Surprise" Cakes

It is often difficult to discover cake recipes which are suitable for the smallest nursery people, and plain enough, yet sufficiently attractive to appeal to children.

Here are a few recipes for delicious and nourishing cakes which will not harm the most delicate child.

First of all, try bee cake—Beat six ounces of butter and six ounces of easter sugar to a cream, and stir in three beaten eggs, quarter of a cup of honey, quarter of a cup of warm milk, and three-quarters of a pound of flour (having already sifted the flour with a teaspoonful of baking powder.) Pour this mixture into a greased cake-tin which has two layers of buttered paper. Bake in a moderate oven for about two hours.

Finally, ice the cake, and sprinkle with hundreds and thousands.

A Rose Cake

Children love coloured cakes, and they will like rose cake if you make it like this:—Cream four ounces of butter and five ounces of sugar; add the beaten yolks of three eggs, six ounces of sifted flour, and a pinch of salt. Beat well for at least ten minutes.

When you have well whisked the whites of the eggs, fold them into the other ingredients. Then take two small basins and put a little cake mixture in each, colouring one with a few drops of cochineal, and the other with some green colouring. Do not colour the remainder of the mixture in the first bowl.

Well greased a cake-tin, and put the mixtures alternately in this. Bake for three-quarters of an hour in a moderate oven; ice when cool, and decorate with sugar roses and angelica, if you really want to please.

Sponge In New Guise

Children get terribly bored with jam sponge, and yet sponges are no nourishing and wholesome that they should be included in the nursery menu.

Why not get chocolate glace, and spread this between the layers for a change? It is easy to make. Allow two ounces of unsweetened chocolate to 12 ounces of icing sugar, and two tablespoonsfuls of warm water. Do not let the mixture boil, and use it when warm and quite smooth—chocolate is fattening, too.

A recipe for school room cake is useful to have, because it is a good way of getting children to include prunes in their diet, and you can also use up any sour cream, or milk, you may have in the larder.

Grease half a cup of butter and a cup of sugar, and beat in three egg yolks. Add a cup of chopped stewed prunes, and mix well in.

Then add three tablespoonsfuls of sour cream (which has been mixed with a teaspoonful of soda), and also one and a half cup of flour. Bake in a moderate oven for one hour at least.

Ann Rutledge.



Your schoolgirl daughter will like this warm sweater for winter term sports wear. She can knit it herself—it's worked in a simple rib—in yellow if she wants it for riding, in scarlet or green to wear with her school skirts.



Rushed off to hospital with GASTRIC ULCER

But operation was avoided after all

Can eat anything without discomfort

"I am sending you this letter so that you can tell other sufferers what a great gift Maclean Brand Stomach Powder is to those suffering from any kind of stomach trouble. If they will only get this medicine, like Mr. Maclean found, sickness and pain in the stomach and rounded a great deal. I had to be rushed off to hospital very ill for six weeks, but thanks to the kindness and help by those at the hospital, my life was saved without an operation by your Powder, and I am now working again and can eat anything without discomfort."

T. W. KELSEY.

When Your Daughter Marries

DO NOT LIVE TOO NEAR HER

A GREAT deal has been said about take a greater interest in make-up A mother-in-law from the point of view of married couples, and nobody ever seems to have a good word for them. But the mother whose daughter marries and lives in the same neighbourhood has equally as many trials to contend with. In fact, when your daughter marries, you will be well advised to live as far away from her as possible.

Admittedly, you are fond of her. You do not like the idea of your girl leaving your side for ever, while she is inclined to think, "Well, if we set up house in the same district, everything will be fine." Mother can see us wherever she wants to, and I shall be able to pop in and ask questions if I get stuck over my housekeeping."

But, however much you love your daughter, you will soon cease to welcome her constant presence.

For the first time in your life you know what it is to have plenty of leisure. The last of your children is married. You can go out to a lot more parties, develop your hobbies, meet alone and they should meet in company, for it is important to see how each reacts to people.

Fashion Notes

FLAT pleating is rapidly supplanting the sunray pleats of the summer months.

In slimy fabrics such as chiffon and georgette and ninnon these flat pleats are very narrow and fine. A pleated skirt of this kind is gathered at the waist to produce the correct silhouette. Narrow trimmings of pleating are often used on other parts of the dress. Light woolens pleat beautifully into the popular three-eighth inch knife-pleats, and heavier plaids and box cloths take a real "knitting" pleat.

These wider pleats in wool are usually stitched down to the hip line when used for a skirt.

* * *

The latest idea from Paris is to have jewels lit by electric light. The tiniest imaginable electric bulbs are concealed in rings, necklaces, bracelets—even in jewelled buttons. She cannot get them right herself. Being good-natured, you give her a practical demonstration.

Or you are asked to help with the cutting-out of a frock, or to go along and help her to choose a new hat.

When grandchildren arrive your position is even worse, for the married couple quite selfishly expect you to come in and look after their children whenever they want to go out. Although no one minds undertaking this service on special occasions—least of all a grandmother—it becomes too much of a good thing if it persisted in week after week.

Let Her Stand on Her Own Feet

But there is another side to this question. Her proximity to her mother is really very bad for a married daughter's independence. Whenever she is "struck" it is a great temptation for her to think, "Ah, I'll just slip round to mother. She's sure to help me out."

Were she entirely on her own, in a strange neighbourhood, your daughter would have to find her own solutions.

Instead of being lazy and relying upon you to get her out of difficult situations, she would have to set to and find things out for herself.

This will do her all the good in the world. Not only will it make her appreciate you whenever you do visit her house, but it will develop her own character and help her to feel, not so much a dependent daughter, but a capable married woman.

So, when the question of your married daughter's domicile crops up in the conversation, put your foot down firmly. You will both be far better and happier if you make up your minds to live many miles apart.

* * *

Even white stones, diamonds and pearls are greatly enhanced by this novel idea. Women who adopt this fashion will not be invisible in a glamorous—they will glow like fireflies on a warm summer night.

Shoes for day and evening wear are brightly coloured. There are some novel shoes made of elastic leather that cling to the foot without benefit of fastenings, and a whole flock of sandals with wide complicated straps, pastel kids for evening, and in the palest satins to wear to match full evening frocks.

In the new fashions, great attention is paid to details. Daytime dresses are planned and made with the same expert craftsmanship and artistry as are the most complicated of evening gowns.

* * *

The new tailor-mades are often double-breasted, with two rows of buttons and with them, go gay blouses or striped scarves. Such colours as grey, brown and soft green are stressed. The lines are essentially trimly tailored, without being too moulded, and with normal shoulders and waistlines.

Sporty coats are of full lengths and looses in the back. They may fall freely or be belted with a simple leather strap-belt at the waistline.

For study and library there are clocks that swing in silver, brass, iron, or are incorporated in hand-made chintz cases of onyx and silver.

Eat at

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Others fit into ashtrays or even photograph frames.
Charming bedroom clocks are made of gold, with "faces" of beautiful peacock-point needlework. In other cases the face of the clock is a hand-painted picture. It may be a landscape, a hunting scene, or even a flower study.
Travelling clocks are particularly attractive at the moment. Contained in pastel-tinted leather cases, their mantelpiece.

DRESSES AND KNITTED COSTUMES

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BERT BLOCK & HIS BELL MUSIC.

F1203—Kiss Revel Selection.

Blackpool Walk.

Lambeth Walk.

F1204—Handsome Girolo. S.F.T.

Bliss Drax. F.T

DUKE'S VICAR SAYS HE IS PERSECUTED

"Boycotts From Pulpits"

The Rev. Robert Anderson Jardine, former Vicar of St. Paul's, Darlington, who married the Duke and Duchess of Windsor, complains bitterly of "persecution" by the Church of England.

While denying reports that he is penniless, he admits that he is struggling hard to make ends meet.

In an interview in his home in Hollywood, he said: "My wife and I are not destitute or friendless, but my American tour has not been financially successful yet. It is pretty hard to start afresh at 60, especially in a new country.

"I find that the main interest in me in America is that I married the Duke and Duchess of Windsor, and I did not set out to capitalise it.

"I have had to face the bitter opposition of the Church of England, as expressed through the Episcopal Church in the United States.

FROM PULPITS

"This opposition takes the form of boycotts instigated from pulpits, and other denominations frequently are enjoined against me.

"It is terribly hard, but I know I shall come out on top. Let me not seem to complain or protest, but please give the British public the real story.

"Many people seem to be under the impression that the Duke made me a rich man.

"He did nothing of the kind for me and he well knew that for defying Church authority to perform the marriage I deserved no material gain for myself.

LOST ALL

"As it has worked out, I have lost everything as a result of performing that ceremony.

"Not only has the Church exerted its disciplinary processes because I had dared to marry a divorced woman, but it has continued to harry me.

"However, I shall go on struggling.

"My wife and I are not starving, although we find things terribly difficult.

"We expect to tour wherever we get calls, working toward New York and probably returning to England later.

"I don't really know what will happen yet, but faith and hope must endure."

Asked whether he had appealed to the Duke for assistance, Mr. Jardine

replied: "Oh dear, no. I think in all probability that he has not the slightest idea that I am in these circumstances."

HIS OFFER

Mr. Jardine, when Vicar of St. Paul's wrote to the Duke of Windsor on Tours offering to conduct a religious ceremony at his wedding.

Church of England clergymen in France and Northern Europe had been forbidden to officiate at the marriage.

The Duke accepted Mr. Jardine's offer by telegram through his solicitors, and the Bishop of Fulham, head of the Anglican Church in Europe, then announced officially that if Mr. Jardine performed the ceremony he would do so without the authority of the Church.

Some months after the wedding Mr. Jardine resigned from his living at Darlington and went to America on a lecture tour.

BUT WHAT IS PROPER DRESS?

A witness appeared in court at Newport (Isle of Wight) recently wearing a shirt open at the neck.

"The justices feel the police should see that witnesses appear properly dressed," said the Mayor (Councillor Welsh).

Inspector Willmott: I am afraid the police have no jurisdiction over what people wear, but we will do our best.

SAYS HE IS BY CHURCH

A.R.P. POSTER GIRL RIDES, SWIMS—IS NOT ENGAGED

We now know, on the authority of Women's Voluntary Services for A.R.P., the kind of girl who may be considered a "typically English girl."

She is Miss Barbara Kershaw, who has been chosen to take the place of the girl whose face originally appeared on the prize-winning A.R.P. poster designed to persuade women to offer their services.

It became known that the photograph of Girl No. 1 came from Berlin, and it was feared that she might be German.

Hence a search through 2,000 photographs by Lady Reading and Mr. Frank Pick, judges in the poster competition, for a girl who could be guaranteed not to be foreign.

In the end Miss Kershaw was chosen because, in the words of the official communiqué, she is "so typically English with her fair hair, blue eyes, and direct expression."

Here are details of Miss Kershaw:

PUTS DANCING LAST

Here are details of Miss Kershaw:

YORKSHIRE GIRL

West Riding—unfortunately, or fortunately, as you may think, with no Yorkshire accent: Incorporating Miss Kershaw's head will appear on hoardings throughout the country before long. The first will be seen in the Southern Railway waiting-room at Charing Cross Station.

NO COSMETICS?

Cosmetics: Apparently none at all.

Manner: Very self-possessed—and charming.

Age: 25; height 5ft. 7½in.; weight 9st.; waist 26in.

Political view: A somewhat similar result.

VERSATILE SPIDER



First poster face.



New poster face.

Business Man Wired His Plan To Premier

DID A SUDDEN INSPIRATION WHICH FLASHED UPON A MANCHESTER BUSINESS MAN FIND THE KEY TO PEACE FOR MR. NEVILLE CHAMBERLAIN?

When the clouds hanging over Europe were at the blackest and millions were talking and thinking about the crisis, Mr. W. Sim Harris, managing director of Kruschen Salts there, had an idea.

As he dwelt on it he grew more and more convinced that he had hit upon a means of averting war . . .

So convinced was he that he decided to telegraph his plan immediately to Mrs. Neville Chamberlain, knowing that to send it to the Prime Minister himself might mean it would be overlooked for days in the welter of private letters arriving at No. 10 Downing Street from every corner of the world.

He sat down and drafted his wire, and sent it off from Salford Post Office.

WIRE TO MRS. CHAMBERLAIN

His telegram read: "Suggested solution. Why not enlist services of Mussolini? Great Britain and Italy to guarantee freedom of Czech territory according to agreed terms."

"Examination of this solution will reveal its possibilities at the eleventh hour."

Within 48 hours Mr. Harris was startled to see his plan being put into effect.

"Of course, it is impossible to say how far my telegram played a part in influencing the settlement," Mr. Harris said.

"But I felt overwhelmingly that the solution lay there. Millions of men and women must have been striving to find their solutions, too."

"When the news of Signor Mussolini's intervention was broadcast, I could not help feeling that it was my plan which the great Statesmen of Europe were adopting."

This Court is Not—A Church

A young and obviously very nervous airmen sat in front of the dock in Southampton police court recently waiting for his case to be called.

Prosecuting solicitor chanced to be looking in his direction when he called "Neal," the name of a witness in another case.

The airmen immediately fell upon his knees.

The Clerk, with a kindly smile, told him who Neal was.

HE MAKES GRANITE TRANSPARENT

Dr. James Phester, petrologist (scientist of stones) to the Geological Survey, has a laboratory in the Geological Museum, South Kensington, where he cuts solid stone so thin that granite becomes transparent and other types of rock show clear as glass.

He uses a process which can produce a slice of rock less than a thousandth of an inch in thickness.

A chip of the substance under observation is ground to a smooth surface by means of a revolving plate. This surface is cemented on to a glass microscope slide.

DIAMOND DUST USED

Rock and slide are then fixed on the arm of a cutting machine. A tiny circular saw of steel is pressed against the rock; diamond dust is fed into the teeth of the saw to assist in the cutting and water is played on it to keep it cool.

Finally, the exhibit of rock is rubbed down with a coarse powder, then with a fine powder, and finally on a sheet of ground glass.

A sheet of ordinary plate glass is placed over the specimen, which is now of the required thinness, and lies between glass slide and glass cover.

Through a microscope jet-black pitchstone, thus treated, is shown to be composed of crystals; granite is translucent; and rarer rocks—such as alabaster and stones with mineral salts in them—are so brilliant that they present a sort of static firework display.

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**MOBILISATION
MUSSOLINI'S
APPROVAL OF
HUNGARIAN**

(Continued from Page 1.)

the existing situation had been definitely clarified.

The organ concludes by saying that no discussions have arisen, or will arise between Berlin and Rome regarding the negotiations now going on between Hungary and Czechoslovakia.—Trans-Ocean.

SETLEMENT PREDICTED

Rome, Oct. 17. A Czech-Hungarian settlement within the next few days on the lines of the Munich principles, whereby Hungary receives zones in which there is a majority of Hungarian inhabitants, and with the principle of self-determination for the more controversial zones, is predicted in a statement published by the Foreign Office organ, the *Information Diplomatique* to-day.—Reuter.

**PHOTO TO DECIDE
A FRONTIER**

Prague, Oct. 17. An agreement has been reached between the German and Czech authorities whereby the frontier zone will be photographed by special aeroplanes. The photographs will afterwards serve as a basis for the new line of demarcation.

There is no confirmation in official circles of the report that Germany has demanded the surrender of any particular individual who has been an active socialist-democrat. Moreover the Czech authorities have informed the Social-Democrats that if any person from the Sudeten regions brings a certificate that he belongs to the Social-Democrat Party, and therefore finds his security compromised, he will not be obliged to return to Sudetenland.—Reuter.

SHIER INVENTION

Berlin, Oct. 17. Authorised circles describe foreign reports that Herr Hitler has demanded the surrender of non-Nazi Sudeten by the Czech Government as sheer invention.

It is stated that all current questions between Prague and Berlin including the civil status of Germans remaining in Czech-Slovakia are now subject to discussion between the two governments.—Reuter.

NEW BASIS READY

Prague, Oct. 17. Following the week-end conversations in Munich between the German authorities and Czech representatives, it is gathered in well-informed circles that a new basis for the Hungarian-Czech settlement has been prepared on the lines of a compromise between the Hungarian demands and the Czech proposals.

It is believed that such a basis would return for Czech-Slovakia the towns of Bratislava, Nitra, Liptov and Urihorod. The fate of Kosice is still undecided. Kosice has a large Hungarian population, but it is in an almost entirely Slovak district.

No decision has yet been reached regarding the resumption of direct negotiations between Prague and Budapest, but it is understood that diplomatic talks are proceeding between the two capitals, as well as with Berlin, London, Paris and Rome.—Reuter.

RADIO BROADCAST

(Continued from Page 5.)

10.45 London Relay—"The Micro-Phone at Large." With S. P. H. Mols, Bridgnorth, Shropshire. A programme arranged by David Gretton. 11.15 Close Down.

**DE VALERA SEEKS
UNION OF NORTH
AND SOUTH**

(Continued from Page 1.)

agonies between the English, morally responsible for the existence of a division, and the overwhelming of the majority of the Irish race.

NORTH MUST DECIDE

It is understood in London that no new representations dealing with the points raised in the interview granted by Mr. Eamon De Valera to the London *Evening Standard* regarding the existing partition of Ireland, have been made to the British Government, and in British official quarters the view is still held that there can be no change in the status of Northern Ireland without the consent which concerns North and South Ireland, and must be left for them to decide for themselves.

It is pointed out that this view has been unambiguously stated in the House of Commons.

Lord Craigavon, Governor-General of Northern Ireland, twice reported last week the feeling of Northern Ireland which is against reunion with the South. For the time being, therefore, the problem would seem to have made no further progress towards solution.

"NO SURRENDER"

Lord Craigavon, interviewed by Reuter in Belfast regarding Mr. De Valera's statement, said that they realised from a statement by Mr. Chamberlain that the future of Northern Ireland remained in her own hands, which meant that the voice of the people as expressed by their Parliament in the ordinary democratic manner.

"During the years I have been in office," continued Lord Craigavon, "I have seen no signs of change in the sentiment of Northern Ireland. He served on innumerable committees for the advancement of Pan-Americanism and for peace.

**Noted U.S.
Diplomat
Dies In N.Y.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.

The death has occurred of Dr. John Barrett, noted American diplomat and economist, in his 72nd year.—Reuter.

Dr. Barrett, M.A., B.A., LL.D., was a counsellor in the Pan-American and other economic and cultural relations, and Chairman of the International and Pan-American Group and Committee.

Shortly after graduating he entered journalism and was on the editorial staffs of San Francisco newspapers. He was appointed American Minister to Spain from 1894 to 1898 for the purpose of settling by arbitration American claims involving several millions of dollars, for which work he was thanked by President McKinley.

He was a press correspondent in the Spanish-American War, and was appointed a military adviser to Admiral Dewey in the Philippines from 1898 to 1899. In 1899 he was also Commercial Commissioner in China, Japan, Philippine Island, Korea, Siberia, India, Australia, and Europe.

In 1901 he was elected an honorary member of the American Asiatic Association for services in developing recognition of American prestige and interests in Asia. He was decorated by Venezuela in 1910 and again in 1921 services on behalf of Pan-Americanism, and he received a decoration from China for improving American-Chinese relations in 1903.

He was the author of several books dealing with Pan-Americanism, the Panama Canal and South America. He served on innumerable committees for the advancement of Pan-Americanism and for peace.

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THE SHUM CHUN RIVER, which divides Hongkong from Kwangtung Province. A photograph taken through a barbed-wire barricade on the new bridge across the river.

AMERICAN SPY TRIAL

**Roosevelt's Signature
Forged To Obtain Plans**

NEW YORK, Oct. 17. OPENING THE PROCEEDINGS of the spy trial in which a number of German-Americans are charged with espionage, Mr. Lamar Hardy, prosecuting for the Government, said that the German spies had transmitted to Berlin specifications of two American aircraft-carriers which had been obtained by forging President Roosevelt's signature to a fictitious order to the Navy Department.

The statement caused a sensation in court.

Mr. Hardy detailed the United States military secrets, which he alleged had been sent to Berlin by the German spies. He declared that the activities of the accused were directed from Germany with the assistance of two officials of German steamship lines, resident in New York.

Mr. Hardy then mentioned the name of Rumrich, who, he stated, will testify for the Government. He said that a German named Sanders, who said he was attached to naval intelligence, had told Rumrich to try and obtain information about the operations of American commercial factories, especially those of the Du Pont Company and the Bethlehem Steel Corporation.

He also said that Captain Pfeiffer, who had been described as the head of the German Secret Service, once boasted he had agents in every important aeroplane factory in the United States.

CONCEIVED IN GERMANY

The prosecutor went on to declare: "This conspiracy is conceived in and directed from Germany."

He declared that two of those indicted were not present, adding: "they are attached to the War Ministry of the German Government and are high German officials."

Counsel for the defence pictured the three prisoners as innocent dupes and victims of a frame-up. Glaser's attorney said that the secret aviation code which Glaser was accused of stealing and sending to Germany could be bought in any bookshop.

Rumrich testified that he was born in Chicago, and that his father was

PANAMA SPY SCARE

Panama, Oct. 17. The four Germans, Mrs. I. Guttmann, Hans Schackow, Gilbert Gross and Edward R. Kuhrig, arrested by the military authorities for taking photographs of Panama fortifications, have been handed over to the civil authorities, as the law does not permit them being tried by the military authorities in peace time.

Ball has been fixed in each case at \$15,000.—Reuter.

Ex-Queen Of Portugal To Wed Again

London, Oct. 17.

It is learnt that Augusta Victoria, ex-Queen of Portugal and widow of former King Manuel, who died in exile in England in 1932, will contract a second marriage shortly.

The prospective bridegroom is Count Douglas, head of the German branch of the famous Scottish family.

Queen Augusta Victoria was formerly Princess of the catholic house of Hohenzollern.

Count Douglas owns large estates in Bavaria where the couple will live after their marriage.—Trans-Ocean.

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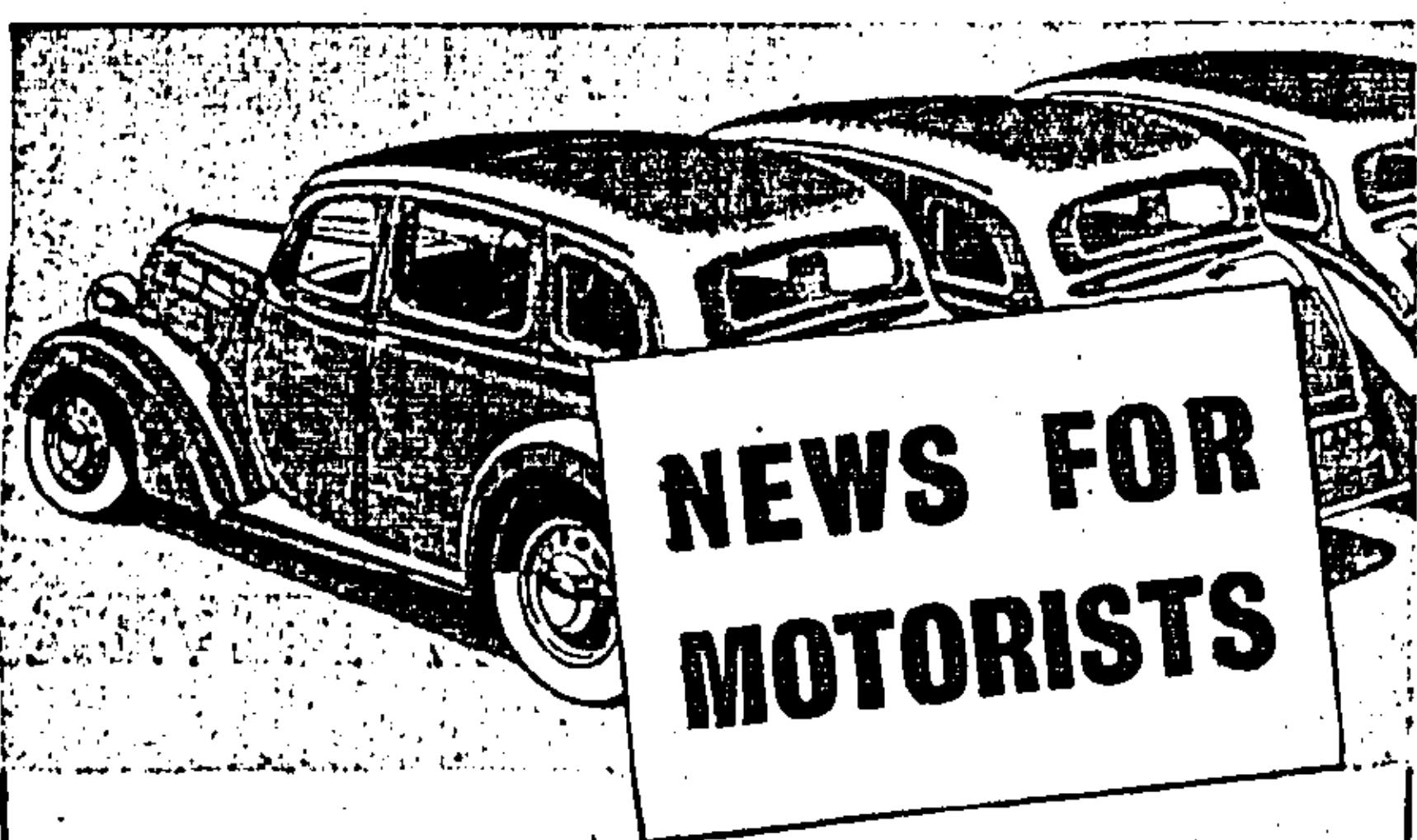
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TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1938.

WORLD ECONOMIC PROBLEMS

If the world situation is such that it is possible for the League of Nations Assembly to get through its normal programme of work, economic questions will play a not inconsiderable part in the near future. A proposal that measures for raising the standard of living of the masses shall be the subject of special investigation by the League is coming before the Assembly at the next session. A preliminary investigation has already been carried out as a result of a resolution adopted at last year's Assembly. The report on this is being submitted to this year's Assembly.

Another report by the League's Economic Organisation that is also in the hands of delegates is the annual World Economic Survey.

The Survey begins with the statement that "The year 1937 marked for many countries a turning-point from expansion to contraction of trade activity. The rapid rise in the prices of primary commodities in the early part of the year was intensified by the prospect of heavy and increasing expenditure on rearmament." In parenthesis it may be added in this connection that the Bureau of the Disarmament Conference is to meet during the Assembly to consider the replies of Governments to a draft convention providing for Budgetary publicity of armaments. At the present time the armaments Budgets of certain countries, notably Italy and Japan, are not known.

An interesting comparison between Great Britain and the United States is made in the Survey. We are told that "In comparison with the United States, the United Kingdom had by 1937 reached a much more advanced stage of recovery, and during 1937 experienced much less violent fluctuations."

WHAT AMERICA THINKS OF CHAMBERLAIN

STRaightaway I admit the difficulty of assessing American public opinion on internal affairs. It has been difficult enough in our own country, but America is a country of 48 far-flung States and of many nationalities, and American Governments have never had a particularly clear-cut foreign policy, apart from the Monroe Doctrine.

But after three visits to the United States I am convinced of two things; that the American people have a sound instinct for peace and order in international affairs; and that our "National" Government has severely damaged British prestige in America since 1931.

THERE is much isolationism among the American people, and they have a better practical case for it than we have. But to a great extent it has been perpetuated by the policies of democratic Governments in Europe. The essential case argued for their isolationist views is that the statesmen of Europe (including our own) are not to be trusted.

"We went into the Great War," they argue. "Late, we admit, but still at a vital and critical moment for the Allied Powers. We went into it with ideals, similar ideals to those your Government had officially proclaimed. And then after the victory we got the same old imperialist deals, and the sort of peace that was so vindictive that it was only an interrupted war.

"Your statesmen pulled the wool over President Wilson's eyes and we were so disgusted with the whole business that we kept out of your Treaty of Versailles, League of Nations and all. Finally, you have failed to pay your debts to us. Why should we bother about Europe and its troubles? We are a long way away and we don't have to bother anyway."

There are others who take a more modern view of things

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"Shure, your honour," she said suddenly, "I have that."

"Did you receive word from the War Office?"

"No, sorry. I received word from myself."

"But how could you do that?" asked the perplexed priest.

"Shure, an' he sent me a letter. Say he, 'Dear Mother, I am now in the Holy Land.'"

A traveller in Ireland spent the night in a remote country inn. He was surprised in the morning to find that the boots he had left outside his bedroom door had not been cleaned: "Why do you suppose I put my boots outside the door?" he asked the landlord angrily.

"Sure, an' I don't know, sorry," was the reply, "unless it was that, beginning your honour's pardon, ye were drunk."

"Have you any references?" asked the mistress of the house.

"Shure, mum, lots of them," replied the prospective maid.

"Then why didn't you bring some with you?"

"Well, you see, mum; they're just like me pictures. They don't do me justice."

ment was genuinely promoting the collective organisation of peace and not undermining the League of Nations, our people might take another view."



ONE points out that the United States Government has at least acquiesced in some of these policies or made no active stand, and that it also, under Congress legislation, has prohibited the supply of arms to the Spanish Government. "I know," is the answer, "but what else can we do 3,000 miles away when you people in the middle of it are betraying democracy and doing little or nothing for the active organisation of a peaceful world?"

I met definite friends of collective security, of whom there are a large number in the United States. Leaders of special organisations for the study of foreign policy, Liberals, Socialists, members of the trade union leaders; and, so far as I could tell, my speeches expounding the British Labour Party's

policy.

AS fairly as I can give it, there is a statement of a cross-section of American public opinion. It is best, I think, that my fellow countrymen should know about it.

If France is involved in a first-class war, it is ten to one that Britain will be found on the side of France. If Britain and France were in danger of defeat at the hands of the Fascist Powers, it is two to one that America would sooner or later come in on the side of the democracies—if they are still democracies. So both Britain and America may just drift into another and worse 1914.

But what the British Government will not do is to take the much smaller risks involved in mobilising the peaceful Powers—representing the vast majority of nations, people, and economic and military power—not for war, but for peace. And because of that, America stands aside.

American instincts are sound.

The people of the United States

are firm champions of democracy.

They are against dictatorship.

They hate the tyranny

and militarism of Fascism.

They are genuine friends of peace.

It is precisely because of their virtues that they are unwilling to run the risk of being used as catpaws by a muddled Europe and Chamberlain imperialism.

Perhaps, the only means of

winning the co-operation of the

American people for the collective

organisation of peace is the

defeat of Mr. Chamberlain's

worse Government.

But all of them told me that British foreign policy under our "National" Government had put the clock back in America. "Take my position," said an intelligent and important trade union official. "I think you are right about all this, and I want to support you. I am not an isolationist. But . . .

"Well, Roosevelt made his quarantining speech at Chicago last Fall. A risky and courageous thing to do. He got some support and it did good, but he got a lot of criticism. And then what happened on your side?

He got no real response from the British Government. On the contrary, its policy steadily got worse, and it hasn't been much good, even under Eden, since 1931.

Then came the Eden signature (or dismissal under foreign pressure) because Chamberlain wanted a still worse Government.

foreign policy went well, particularly in Labour and Liberal circles and among the keener students of international affairs. But all of them told me that British foreign policy under our "National" Government had put the clock back in America.

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OUR VOICES GIVE US AWAY

A RECENT article on noses is a reminder that many famous men have had a profound belief in the revealing power of physiognomy.

Shakespeare's reference to faces as "a book wherein men may read strange writings" is famous. Cowper, Scott, and Hazlitt, three widely different men, all believed that we should be taken at our face value.

Lockhart, speaking of a contemporary, says that "his fair and very handsome physiognomy carried a bland insouciance of expression not to be mistaken by any who could read the plainest of Nature's handwriting."

Undoubtedly, the evidence in support of this face-reading theory is impressive. Yet there is a danger in placing too implicit a reliance on the message of the face.

The threat of an aggressive chin may be belied by the kindly chin

in a pair of blue eyes. An artistic Greek nose may be allied with a dull, expressionless eye. A mouth which is a thin, colourless line may be broken a hard, disagreeable personality. It may just as easily be a mask which conceals someone who is painfully sensitive.

But there is one safe way of assessing characteristics; that is by studying voices. For the voice is an infallible register of the emotions, and, whether we will or no, we betray something of our character to those who can read the signs of the face.

At the other extreme is the aggressively honest self-made man who refuses to tone down the accents of his humble childhood. While he has many excellent qualities, he is not an easy person to live with.

A dull monotone is usually assumed to betoken a vacant mind, but it may just as easily belong to the dreamer whose thoughts are far removed from the company.

A rich, well-modulated voice indicates a disciplined, evenly-balanced personality. A voice of this type is usually the result of training, not accident.

It is interesting, too, to note the voice of our acquaintances off guard. Think of the impression created by a woman who addresses a casual friend in dulcet tones, and immediately after in overheard shrill, sharp reproof at a subordinate.

Heredity Tells

A voice, like character, is often a noteworthy heritage from parents. Quite frequently every member of the family speaks in exactly the same tones. Rider Haggard once described how the deep, booming notes of the "Haggard voice" were peculiar to every member of his family.

That a physical defect in speaking betokens extreme nervousness is generally recognised. But it is not so well known that it is usually accompanied by a particularly high level of intelligence. Mr. Somerset Maugham has confessed that his stammer had a great deal to do with his adoption of a literary career. "My inability to speak properly," he commented, "made me more sensitive and introspective than I should otherwise have been, so that I see things a little differently from other people."

Then there is the question of age. With the majority of us age is inevitably betrayed by the voice. Think of the clear, musical treble of the child, of the thin reedy notes of the aged, not to speak of all the varying inflections in between, and it is impossible to doubt this.

A. W.

GRIN AND BEAR IT

By Lichty



"I don't know either how lifting the hood helps—but I always see Henry do it when he's in trouble!"



The 2nd Battalion, The East Surrey Regiment, marching from the Naval Dockyard to their new barracks at Happy Valley. The Battalion arrived in Hongkong by H.M.S. Medway yesterday from Singapore, where they were hurriedly disembarked during the European crisis whilst en route to Shanghai.

EFFORTS TO CROSS SHAHO RIVER NOT YET SUCCESSFUL

Gallant Commander of Cantonese "Old Contemptibles" Killed in Action

"Telegraph" Special Correspondent
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A MAJOR BATTLE IS NOW RAGING ON A FRONT EXTENDING FROM WONGTON, AT THE JUNCTION OF THE CANTON-WAICHOW-PAKTONG HIGHWAYS, AND THE NORTH BANK OF THE EAST RIVER AT TAISHANG.

For thirty-six hours the Chinese forces under General Wong Chun appear to have completely stemmed the Japanese advance on Canton.

The Japanese left flank is at the junction of the East and Shaho Rivers and repeated efforts to cross the latter have been frustrated.

At Taishang, the Japanese are within five miles of Sheklung, the important Canton-Kowloon Railway city where two main bridges cross the East River.

But it is probable that a column pushing up the railway from Cheungmuktau, which fell shortly before 11 o'clock yesterday morning will reach Sheklung before the Japanese troops operating north of the East River.

Heavy Chinese reinforcements continue to press into the East River area, and Chinese military headquarters are now convinced that all danger to Canton has passed.

Nevertheless, provincial and municipal headquarters have been removed from the old capital to a new and undisclosed capital in the hinterland.

RAILWAY CUT THRIC

The Canton-Kowloon Railway has been cut at several points, the nearest to Hongkong being Pingwu, where a Japanese column arrived from Tamshui shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning.

Less than an hour later another column occupied Sheklung. Pingwu is 15 miles from the Hongkong frontier and Sheklung is about 20 miles away.

Cheungmuktau, where the Hongkong-Canton highway crosses the railway, was captured by a Japanese column which came down the highway from Waichow at 11.15 a.m.

This column is now pushing up the railway towards Sheklung, 22 miles away, obviously with the intention of threatening the southern flank of the Chinese forces north of the East River.

It is revealed that practically all of the officers of the 151st Cantonese Division which alone fought the Japanese south of the East River were killed in action.

Among the reported dead is General Chen Shun-yung, Commander of the 18th Division and Commander-in-Chief of the Kwangtung Garrison in the Bias Bay area.

He is reported to have been seriously wounded at Pakwan dur

ing the early stages of the fighting, and died a few hours later.

3,000 SQUARE MILES OCCUPIED

Apparently the only Chinese troops now remaining south of the East River in the area east of the Canton-Hankow railway are a few thousand volunteers who have taken to the hills and who will almost certainly become a guerrilla force, attempting to harass the lengthening Japanese lines of communication.

The area now nominally under Japanese control comprises approximately 3,000 square miles, about eight times the area of the whole of Hongkong.

It comprises the major portion of the County of Walyueng, and con-

tains a population of about 5,000,000 people.

In Bias Bay the Japanese have now occupied the entire 75-mile coastline, including Taipung Peninsula.

From Taipung Bay the Japanese can, if they wish, bathe in the waters of Hongkong, since the entire high-water mark, foreshore of Bias Bay and the waters of the Bay itself are a portion of Hongkong. The land above high water mark on the northern and eastern shores is Chinese territory.

No Japanese troops have yet appeared in Bias Bay coastal towns. A British warship is anchored in the bay.

CONSTRUCTING WHARVES

Shipping activity still continues in Bias Bay, and the Japanese are now recruiting Chinese fishermen and peasants to construct wharves and other facilities in the eastern portion of the Bay, indicating that they contemplate linking this area the headquarters for all operations in South China.

There is a goodly depth of water all around the Bias Bay coast, capable of floating the largest Japanese warships or transports.

A constant stream of Japanese tanks, artillery and Army lorries loaded with soldiers are rumbling along the highway to Waichow. Japanese snipers are freely concealing Chinese labour to strengthen the highway, which at several points is in a deplorable state.

The spokesman expressed the opinion that it would be difficult for the Japanese warships to steam up river towards Hankow as the Chinese shore batteries on both banks of the Yangtze between Huangshihkang and Nogchen would subject the warships to intensive fire. Reuter.

First Snowfall In Japan

TOKYO, Oct. 18. The first snowfall in the season is reported from various parts of Japan proper including Karuizawa, famous summer resort, Mt. Fuji Morioka in Fukushima Prefecture and other districts in northeastern Japan.—Dowell.

another near Shekku.

BRITISH NAVAL PARTY LANDS IN CANTON

CANTON, Oct. 18. A British naval party landed yesterday evening, doing 24 hours daily sentry duties. The Chinese efficiency volunteers have been called up for duty commencing to-day. No alarm is felt as the steps taken are merely precautionary to cope with possible attempt by refugees to storm the island.—Reuter.

CANTON RALLY

CANTON, Oct. 18. A mile-long monster dragon-light procession paraded the streets yesterday evening comprising 50,000 onlookers and students of both sexes, for the purpose of rallying morale.

Massed bands played patriotic melodies and thousands at the scene corners frenziedly cheered.—Reuter.

CANTON'S DEFENCE

CANTON, Oct. 18. Preparations continue for the defence of Canton, a semi-official spokesman told Reuter that hitherto unreliable reports of the marvellous progress of the Japanese forces were generally untrue.

He maintained that they were spread by Japanese agents.

In the connection every other man in the streets last evening believed that the Japanese had occupied Sheklung, and would be in the city in a couple of days.—Reuter.

NO LARGE FLEET OFF SWATOW

SWATOW, Oct. 18. The reported movements of a large fleet off Swatow are unconfirmed.

Inward ship reports that one transport and three destroyers are at Swatow Roads.

It is also stated that the Namkang and Pak Kang entrances to the harbour are blocked.—Reuter.

MASSING FOR MAJOR BATTLE

HANKOW, Oct. 18. Chinese forces are at present massing in the hills to the west of Coton for a major battle against the Japanese who are now pushing westward towards Canton, declared a Chinese military spokesman at a press conference yesterday evening.

The Chinese hold the well-constructed defence line between Tseng-cho and Sheklung in the Tuyu lower mountain ranges east of the Kowloon-Canton railway, the Japanese still being 20 kilometres away.

Referring to the Yangtze situation, the spokesman pointed out that Japanese warships were in the river about 12 miles from Hankow, while a Japanese column, which was trying to cut highway and railway communications south of Hankow were now 40 kilometres from the highway between Hankow and Chinghau and 80 kilometres from the Canton-Hankow railway.

Strong Chinese forces, the spokesman asserted, were concentrated in the hills to the east of Tungshun in an attempt to check the Japanese westward advance towards the highway and Chinghau.

The spokesman expressed the opinion that it would be difficult for the Japanese warships to steam up river towards Hankow as the Chinese shore batteries on both banks of the Yangtze between Huangshihkang and Nogchen would subject the warships to intensive fire. Reuter.

RADIO BROADCAST

"Dancing Down the Ages"

From the Studio

LONDON RELAYS

Radio Programme Broadcast by Z. B. W. on a Frequency of 45 k.c.s. and on Short Wave from 1-2.15 p.m. and 8-11 p.m. on 9.52 m.c.s. per second.

6.00 Relay of the Dance Orchestra from the Roof Garden of the Hongkong Hotel.

(a) Who are we to say; (b) Smartly; (c) Serenade to the Stars; (d) After you.

6.14. Record: Sylvie Ballet—Fantasy (Delibes); Music Prokljka (Gastaldon)...Marcel Palotti (Organ).

6.21 (a) Gone with the wind; (b) Caravan; (c) Penthouse on 3rd Avenue; (d) Runnin' Wild.

6.35 Records: To-morrow Is Another Day (film 'A Day at the Races'); I Was Anything But Sentimental (film 'Take My Tip');...Carroll Gibbons (Piano) and H. H. Boy Friends; Top Hat—Selection (Irving Berlin)....George Scott-Wood (Piano-Accordion) ast. by Guitar, Bass and Drums.

6.44 (a) Medley of Old Favourites; (b) Mocking Bird; (c) Hillbilly for 10th Avenue; (d) Billie Holiday 'Swing It'.

7.00 Closing Local Stock Quotations.

7.02 Military Band Selections.

May-Day Revels (from Suite: 'Rural Scenes in Days of Old' Cope)...Massed Bands cond. by Samuel Cope; 'Champion March' Medley (Ord Hume)...Massed Bands cond. by J. Henry Iles; Aldershot Command Searchlight Tattoo, 1935...Massed Bands of the Aldershot Command.

7.25 Gitta Alpar (Soprano) and Joseph Schmidt (Tenor).

L'Arletta—Neopolitan Song (Biscardi); La Danza (Rossini)...Joseph Schmidt with Orchestra; Twilight Sonata (from 'Home and Beauty'); Play It Again (Hungarian Song from 'Home and Beauty')...Gitta Alpar accomp. by two violins and violin; Gypsy Love (Lazar Willen-Bodanzky); Vienna Bonbons-Waltz Song (Strauss-Bodensteal)...Joseph Schmidt with Orchestra.

7.44 Concert Waltzes.

April Smiles Waltz (Depret);

Spring Waltz (Lincke)...Vienna Bohème Orchestra; Gypsy Waltz (Composed Unknown)...Russian Novelty Orchestra; Hydrophathic Waltz (Gungli); Wolga; Wolga (Russian Waltz Polpouri—Walter Noack)

...Vienna Bohème Orchestra.

8.00 Time, Weather and Announcements.

8.03 Songs by Grace Moore (Soprano).

Musetta's Waltz Song ("La Bohème" Puccini); Funiculi, Cuncicula (Denzza); The Dubarry (from the Operetta) (Rowland Leigh-Milne); I Give My Heart (from the Operetta 'The Dubarry')...with Orchestral accompaniment.

8.15 London Relay—"Behind the Door."

By J. S. N. Sewell and J. R. M. Green; Characters: Horace Underwood; Patrick O'Neill; Donald Craig; Peter Martin; Scene: The unoccupied home of the Forresters; Production by Howard Rose.

8.40 "Dancing Down the Ages."

Dances of different periods and nations. Composed from the Studio.

9.30 London Relay—The News.

9.50 Compositions of Mendelssohn including 'Trio in D Minor'.

Fingal's Cave—Overture....St. Louis Symphony Orchestra cond. by Rudolph Ganz; Woodlands Far...

Richard Tauber (Tenor) with Orchestra; Trio in D Minor, Op. 49...Coriolan, Thibault and Casals; On Wings of Song...Elisabeth Schumann (Soprano) with Orchestra cond. by L. Rosenk; Spring Song...Columbia Symphony Orchestra; A May Breeze (from 'Songs without words')...Fritz Kreisler (Violin) with Piano accomp. by Arpad Sander; A Midsummer Night's Dream—Nocturne...Sir Thomas Beecham conducting the London Philharmonic

(Continued on Page 4.)



Do you find it difficult to buy a really fitting pair of shoes?

Many Men's shops and shoe departments are so small and ill equipped that they never seem to have the right size, never the right shape.

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And The Dope That Married Them
Called Himself "A Just Of The Peace"!

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1. Give your dentures your customary "cleaning" treatment, and then examine them.

2. Now drop some "Steradent" at your chemists. Pour a little of it into a tumbler of warm water and stir well. Insert your dentures and leave them until the water is cold.

3. When you take them out you'll find "Steradent" has made an amazing difference—your dentures will be clean and fresh. This simple test can convince you that "Steradent" is the answer to your denture problems. It will immediately refund with out question. The Dental Practitioner has produced a cleaning and purifying false teeth. Over 10,000 dentists prescribe it.

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Strong, yet gentle, "Steradent" is safe for your teeth. It does not irritate the gingiva. It is non-irritating to the mucous membranes. It does not stain the tongue, lips or teeth.

THAT COBERT TOUCH

THAT LUBITSCH TOUCH

THAT COOPER TOUCH

Claudette and Gary in the latest romance of an American lad who met her in Paris and lived happily ever, well, hardly ever, afterwards.

America's Leading Love Team in the Comedy Hit of 1938.

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COMING SOON! WATCH FOR IT!

Local Week-End Cricket Matches Reviewed By "R. Abbit"

On the whole, the wickets on Saturday last in the Colony were rather on the "jam-pot" side, some of them possibly being too slow to be really difficult, others being quite unpleasant. I only managed to see the Club and Civil Service match myself, and having read a very brief critic of that in a local paper, I feel once more how hopeless it is to try and criticize a match on the score sheet! More of this anon. I can only say that I will do my best to guess the probabilities and I shall have to continue doing so until someone explains to me how I can see four or five matches at the same time.

The K.C.C. batted first against a singularly "stranger" Army side and did very comfortably. None of the Army bowling had very much claim to be considered dangerous in any case and Donald Anderson and R. T. Broadbridge did very much as they liked with it. Things, of course, are at present completely disorganized and one cannot expect a regular Army side. They did well enough to draw, Sergeant Baker making 38 and Godby 35 not out. I was glad to see that Man was able to play again after his nasty accident in the Interport trial. For some reason or other however, he was only down last man. I rather gather cricket is a bit difficult for the Middlesex Regiment at the moment.

Lee and Lloyd did most of the bowling for the K.C.C., who, I notice had Captain Whitmarsh playing for them. He has not yet got into form with the bat.

I.R.C. TROUNCHED

Playing over at King's Park the I.R.C. got a bad beating from Recreco. The wicket apparently suited A. P. Pereira who must have bowled very much better than he had been doing in the Interport trials. His figures read 154-5-21-7 which must be accounted an excellent performance. The Indians batted completely collapsed with the exception of A. H. Madar and A. R. Mitchell who both got double figures. They were all out for 62 runs and of those, extras claimed no less than 10!

The Recreco did not do very much better, but with E. L. Gosano making 16, L. G. Gosano 25, and A. P. Pereira 14 they got up to 92. Minu had 6 for 45.

The same thing happened in the Junior match between these Clubs, for Recreco made 100 and the I.R.C. could do no better than 80. K. M. Rungjahn and A. Baker did best for the I.R.C. and they were I think, pretty well worth their prices in the first eleven. A. J. M. Prata was top scorer for Recreco with 25.

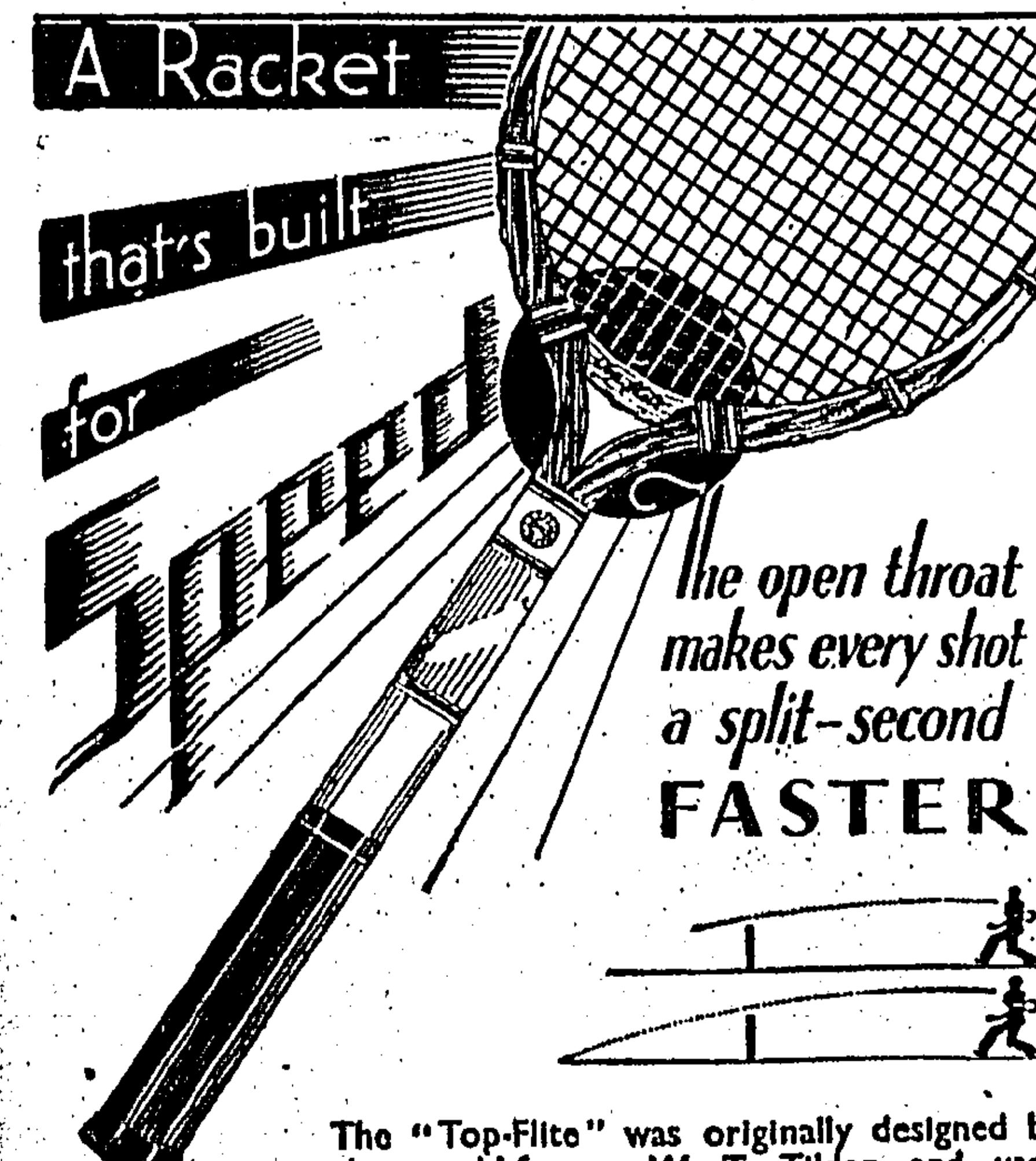
THE DIE-HARDS

The Civil Service second eleven managed to get into three figures, thanks to A. Warr and I. P. Tamworth but no-one else could do very much besides. The Cricket Club had little difficulty in hitting off the runs. Incidentally I begin to feel terribly elderly, as I find I used to play cricket with Tamworth's father in North Devon. There are signs, by the way, that the Civil Service second eleven may buck up quite a bit this season.

SCHOOL DOES WELL

The D.B.S. made 141 for 0 declared against the University. F. J. Ley,

SPALDING "TOP-FLITE" A Racket



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Watching Skip's Wood



Players watching anxiously as W. V. Field rolled his wood in the game between the Shanghai Interport Bowls team and a Kowloon F. C. rink. The visitors won by the close margin of one shot, the final scores being 21-20. Seen in the picture are (left to right), J. M. C. Lopes, K. L. Swartzell, T. Ferguson, R. Hall and V. Chittenden.—Staff Photographer.

HENRY COTTON DETHRONES THE GOLF QUEENS

(By A Correspondent)

London, Oct. 7. This goes to show how unpredictable golf form is. About eleven o'clock yesterday morning at Maylands golf course, near Romford, the betting was evens on the match in which Henry Cotton was to play the "best ball" of Lady Heathcoat-Amory (Joyce Wethered), Miss Enid Wilson and Mme. Simone Lacoste.

The argument was that Cotton might outdrive his three opponents by a long, long way (which he did), but that they would be there in the end to catch him up with their approaching and putting.

But it was Cotton who did the approaching and putting. To expected tremendous drives he added unexpected enormous putts. Indeed, he putted the women right out of the match to win by four holes up with three to play.

There was an unwieldy gallery of 2,000 people, who galloped over bunkers and tore through greens. Everybody relaxed, even Cotton.

Once, all ready to play a shot, he had to wait for his caddie, lost in the crowd. Plainly he was called "Come out," as if he were coaxing a rabbit out of a hole.

Another time he showed the gallery how to make a big circle round him. It was quite a new Cotton.

Out in 33 and four under 4's for the fifteen holes played, Cotton required only one putt on six greens.

A rock-like, wide-apart stance, a full follow-through with a slight dip of the left shoulder towards the hole was the secret so far as I could see.

The women, only Mme. Lacoste (hall her) frailest of the three, only she won a hole from Henry) looked like sinking putts. She holds the club with her right forefinger pointing down the shaft. Try it yourself.

INTERNATIONAL SOCCER TEAMS FOR MATCHES

London, Oct. 17. The English soccer team to meet Wales in the international match at Cardiff on October 22 will be: Woodley (Chelsea); Sproston (Pottingham); Hopgood (Arsenal); captain; Willingham (Huddersfield); Young (Huddersfield); Copping (Arsenal); Matthews (Stoke); Robinson (Sheffield Wednesday); Lawton (Everton); Coulson (West Ham), and Boyce (Everton).

The Welsh team will be as follows:

John (Swansea); Whatley (Tottenham); Hughes (Birmingham); Green (Cheltenham); T. G. Jones (Everton);

Richardson (Birmingham); Hopkins (Brentford); Leale Jones (Arsenal); Astley (Derby); Bryn Jones (Arsenal); Cummer (Arsenal).

TO MEET CONTINENT

The England team to meet the Continent at Highbury on October 26 will be the same as the one against Wales. Any alterations will be announced after Saturday's match.—Reuter.

IF

You Don't Know

WHAT A

"PLYMLET"

IS

ASK

CALDBECK'S

Kowloon Football Club Miss Chance Of Forcing A Tie

Beaten By Single Shot By
Shanghai Interporters

By "Abe"

The Kowloon Football Club, champions of the Third Division in the Hongkong Lawn Bowls League during the 1938 season, entertained the Shanghai Interport team on their green yesterday, and the home representatives did very well indeed to hold the visitors to a one-shot margin. The final scores were 21-20 in favour of the Shanghai rink.

Call-Over For Cesarewitch Announced

London, Oct. 17.

The following is the latest call-over for the Cesarewitch:

100/8 Black Speck (o), 13/1 (t) and wanted.
13/1 Dubonnet (t and o)
100/7 Salomaa (o), 15/1 (t)
15/1 Snipewood (t and o)
17/1 Snake Lightning (t and o)
17/1 Contrevin, (t and o)
17/1 Fet (o), 18/1 (t)
17/1 Lovesegent (t and o)
22/1 Olympus (o), 25/1 (t)
22/1 Earth Stopper (o), 25/1 (t)
25/1 Stainless Stephen (o), 28/1 (t)
25/1 Queen Shilling (o), 28/1 (t)
25/1 Nettlewood (o)
28/1 Harwood (t and o)
28/1 Mubarak (o), 33/1 (t)
33/1 Fox Star (o)
33/1 Cobalt II (o)
40/1 Ranfield (t and o)
50/1 Gypso (t and o)
60/1 Near Relation (o)
80/1 Holochrome (t and o)
100/1 Ite-punctum (o)
100/1 Valerian (t and o)
100/1 Sir Caldore (t and o).—Reuter.

A sad matter of fact, the K.F.C. quartette had a great opportunity of making a tie of the encounter on the last head. Shanghai were leading by three shots, but the K.F.C. were having two when W. V. Field, their skip, had his last wood to go. Had he been able to make it into a counter, the scores would have been levelled at 21-21, but he was a triffo too heavy and went through.

Though he failed with his last wood, it was Field who gave the K.F.C. the opportunity of possibly squaring the match. The visitors were lying three when the skips went down to roll on the last head, but with his first wood, Field broke up the lay and the jack sprang sideways to give the K.F.C. two.

LATE EFFORT

Hugh Wallace and W. J. MacDermott stood out from the Shanghai rink, the visitors being represented by K. L. Swartzell, A. M. Chittenden, J. M. C. Lopes and W. J. Briley (skip). The Kowloon F.C. were represented by R. Hall, V. Chittenden, T. Ferguson and W. V. Field (skip).

Because Shanghai had established an early lead and also because there were many loose heads, the match was not really interesting until the few ends when the K.F.C. made their effort to snatch the game out of the fire. With a five, followed with a two, the Shanghai men were already seven shots ahead after the first two ends. At the end of the fifth, they led 9-1 and at the end of the 11th by 15-7. The K.F.C. scored six shots in four heads from the 12th to the 15th, but a four in the 16th put the visitors further in the lead by 19-13. On the next three ends, however, the local men scored two, one and two in that order to take themselves only one shot away from their opponents' score. Shanghai registered a brace on the 20th and though the K.F.C. also had a two on the last head, they were still one shot in arrears.

Scores:

Shanghai Kowloon F.C.

London, Oct. 17. In the Queen's Club women's tennis final, played to-day, Miss Margaret Scriven, holder, defeated Miss McKelvie by 6-3, 4-0, 6-1.—Reuter.

Baron Von Cramm In Good Health

Berlin, Oct. 17. Relatives of Baron Gottfried von Cramm, the German tennis ace who was released from prison on Sunday, said he was in good health before his release.

They declined to discuss details of his plans for the future.—United Press.

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"For the other side, it is argued that 14 clubs should be too many—seven or eleven should be the limit. But, as I believe that making fourteen is already an interference, you can guess what I think of that." Our Own Correspondent.

KEATES SETS UP RECORDS

Week-End Enthusiasm In Cycling

Amazing performances were put up by the Hongkong Cycling Club's champion, H.A.G. Keates, during the past week's unpaced road time trials, now Colony figures being recorded for distances from 10 to 25 miles, whilst even the Shanghai Wheelers' figures, standing to the credit of the same rider since 1933, were lowered over the same distances.

Practically ideal weather conditions prevailed on October 12, when Keates returned 13 mins. 30 secs. for 5 miles to average 22.222 m.p.h., representing the third fastest "5" put up in the Colony, and only 40 secs. outside the record.

Keates used his 85" gear as usual and started by covering the first mile at 21.8 m.p.h.; his faster finishing average was mainly due to a terrific burst of speed over the last mile, which was covered in 2.19. (25.899 m.p.h.). This is the fastest mile on the Club's books. The improvement in his 5 miles figures brought Keates' B.A.R. average up to 20.945 m.p.h. and gave him a lead of .007 over the runner-up, R. H. McDowell.

On the same day McDowell, who is preparing for an attempt to regain the Kowloon-Shintaukuk-and-back record, carried out a trial over 5 and 10 miles, and returned his second best figures this year at both distances. His actual times of 14.40. and 20.23. gave him averages of 20.477 and 20.410 respectively.

Shanghai Figures Lowered

The finishing effort put in by H. A. G. Keates on October 12 gave some indication of what could be expected on his scheduled attempt for figures up to 25 miles on October 15. Using a new and faster course Keates was favoured with an unusually cool afternoon, though the north-east wind did its best to equalise matters. Riding on gears of 70" and 85", the 2½ miles point was reached in about 0.55., and a similar distance then being covered almost a minute faster, the 5 miles figures were 13 mins. exactly, 16 secs. outside the Colony record, and 20 secs. outside Shanghai's time.

Riding with clockwork consistency, Keates then returned exactly the same time for his second "5", to Alhambra Theatre at 8.30 a.m. for an all day spin. The mid-day half



Tam Kwan-kon, the Chinese Federation goal-keeper, makes a diving save right off Saw's feet in Sunday's Governor's Cup match at Causeway Bay. Saw seems surprised. Mak Sul-hon and Li Tin-sang, the Chinese backs, have their backs to the camera. Leung Wing-chiu and Bickford are in the background.

—Mee Cheung.

Best All-Round Table

Consequent on the above trials the Club's 1938-9 season Best All-Rounder table now reads as under, H. A. G. Keates heading the list with a record average of 22.880 m.p.h. against the previous highest record last year of 21.051:

Rider

Average

H. A. G. Keates 22.880

R. H. McDowell 20.058

J. L. Smith 19.945

S. C. Wong 19.741

L. C. Chang 19.372

The officials for Keates' trial on the 15th were Messrs. R. H. McDowell and L. C. Chang of the Club, also Mr. Devilin of the Royal Army Service Corps.

There was an enthusiastic turnout for the morning Club run on Sunday, the venue for which was Clear Water Bay. One participant actually cycled in from Stanley to attend! A headwind prevented the riders from reaching their destination before 11 a.m., but it was most helpful on the return.

Next Sunday's run will leave the Colony at 8.30 a.m. for an all day spin. The mid-day half

PUNCH SCRATCHED

London, Oct. 17. Punch, last year's Cesarewitch winner, which was well backed for this year's event, has been scratched owing to a leg injury.—Reuters.

London, Oct. 17.

Punch, last year's Cesarewitch

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Shanghai Team To Play Police

The Shanghai Interpol lawn bowlers will visit the Police R.C. at Happy Valley this afternoon. The Police rink will be G. Perkins, C. Dowman, J. C. S. Fender and A. E. Carey.

Armstrong Favoured To Win

New York, Oct. 17. Henry Armstrong, the welterweight and lightweight boxing champion of the world, is 8-5 favourite to defeat Cesarino Garcia, his Filipino challenger, in their welterweight title bout "November 2."

However, there is little betting.—United Press.

GOLF TITLE TO BE DECIDED THIS SUNDAY

The Amateur Championship of the Colony will be played at Fanling on Sunday, October 23, on the Old and New Courses at Fanling. The following starting times have been arranged:

Old Course:	
9.20 a.m.	H. H. Scoville
9.30	" S. H. Dodwell
9.30	" E. J. R. Mitchell
9.33	" F. Groves
9.40	" S. J. H. Fox
9.45	" D. J. Gilmore
New Course:	
J. J. Busto	1.00 p.m.
F. E. A. Remedios	1.05
A. D. Dennis	1.10
W. A. Armstrong	1.15
W. A. Stewart	1.20
A. E. Lissaman	1.23
New Course:	
9.20 a.m.	J. F. King
9.23	" T. A. Pearce
9.30	" H. Young
9.40	" D. B. Mackie
9.45	" E. T. McMullen
Old Course:	
1.00 p.m.	A. W. Ramsey
1.05	" E. Radick
1.10	" A. Lopez
1.15	" O. E. C. Marton
1.20	"

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Offer Of Free Holiday For Lynch

Attempt To Stop His Decline

London, Oct. 6. It is stated that the National Sporting Club have offered to defray all Benny Lynch's expenses if he agrees to go away into the country for two months, and then take a month's sea cruise. "That would not place Lynch under any obligation to us" said Mr. John Harding, N.S.C. Manager. "He would be free to go and fight afterwards wherever and whenever he liked. But if he will agree to our suggestion and have a complete rest we will make an offer to Sixto Escobar the world bantam-weight champion, to come over from America and defend his title against Lynch." The Club mean to put Benny on boxing's top rung again.

The decline of the Glasgow fighter, who was knocked out for the first time in his life in the third round of his contest with Aurel Tomba, the Rumanian, at the opening show of the N.S.C. season, was one of the most dramatic things in recent ring history. It is obvious from the way Lynch fought that he is not well. He needs someone to take him in hand and stop his rapid decline. So Mr. Harding said. Some think Lynch is the greatest British fighter of the country. We know that he should be a world champion, and we want to give him the chance of reaching that position again.—Our Own Correspondent.

SPORT ADVTS

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE NINTH EXTRA RACE MEETING will be held (weather permitting) at HAPPY VALLEY on SATURDAY, 22nd October, 1938, commencing at 2.00 p.m.

The First Bell will be rung at 1.30 p.m.

MEMBERS' ENCLOSURE

No One without a badge will be admitted to the Members' Enclosure. Such must be worn throughout the duration of each meeting in such a manner as to be readily identified.

Badges admitting Non-Members to the Members' Enclosure and Club Rooms at \$5.00 for Gentlemen and \$3.00 for Ladies (both including tax) are obtainable through the SECRETARY upon the personal or written application of a Member, such Member to be responsible for all visitors introduced by him, and for Payment of all Chits, etc.

The Secretary's Office, 1st Floor, Exchange Building, (Tel. 27794) will close at 12 NOON.

Tickets are obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Boy (Telephone 21020).

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE

The price of Admission to the Public Enclosure is \$1.00 including Tax, for all Persons, including Ladies, and is payable at the Gate. Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform are admitted Half Price.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.

Hongkong, 17th October, 1938.

SMART

J. 1. 28151.

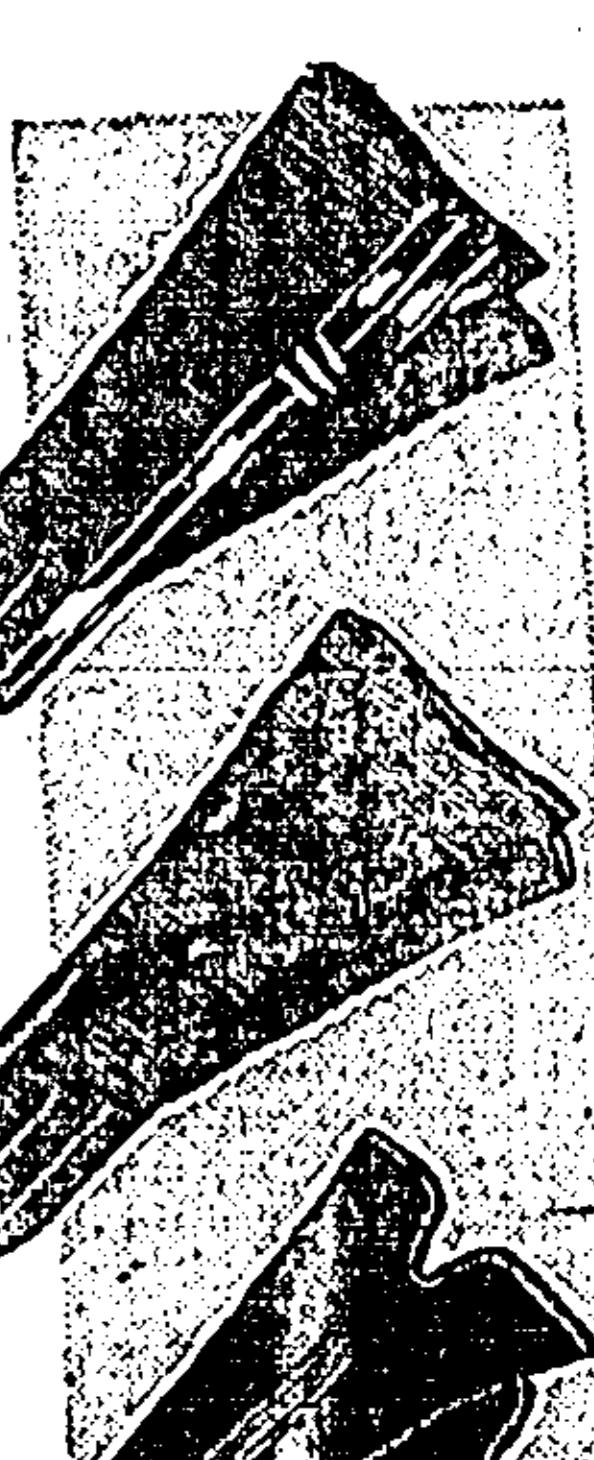
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Twenty-One Years Ago

A TYRANNY DIED

by
HAROLD LASKI

IN the way we reckon the life of nations, twenty-one years are hardly more than a moment of time. But in Soviet Russia they have been years more significant than any two centuries which preceded them.

Tarism is but a memory; twenty-one years ago it was a grim reality alliance with which we reconciled at best we could with our conscience.

Russian Capitalism has been overthrown; twenty-one years ago there was but a handful of thinkers who dreamed that it could be destroyed in our lifetime.

Twenty-one years ago, to the working masses, the symbols of Russia were the Cossack knot and the prisons of Siberia; to-day they are the hammer and sickle and the gigantic industrial achievements of Magnitogorsk.

Twenty-one years ago, the Imperialist ambitions of Tsarist Russia were a menace to the peace of the world; to-day there is no realist in foreign politics to whom the power of the Soviet Union has not become a symbol of peaceful purpose.

THERE has been no greater drama in history than the record of these years. At the dawn of the February Revolution there can have been no voice that did not welcome its coming.

A bloody tyranny had been overthrown; the world was a cleaner place for its going. But those who made the February Revolution had no perception of its imminent dynamic.

They could overturn the Tsar; they did not know how to bring to the masses either peace or bread. Pale phantoms of a crowded hour, history had done with them almost before they had stopped upon its stage. Lvov, Minsk, Kerensky, Tscherevich—they are already corpses which the historical surgeon dissects for their students.

Power went to the men of iron and unquenchable purpose—the men who know what the masses want and did not shrink in the hour of crisis, from responding to their claims.

There is nothing more unforgettable in modern annals than the supreme insight of Lenin into the possibilities of his moment.

Let us admit that he did not

To-day's Thought

No fear is so ruinous and uncontrollable as panic fear. For other fears are groundless, but this fear is witness.

—SENECA.

make his revolution with rose-water. In the terror and the civil war there are blunders and crimes which cry to heaven. Yet when the last word of criticism has been made, no intelligent Socialist can deny that the Revolution represents one of the supremely beneficial epochs of history.

It has awakened a whole people from its slumber. In education, in public health, in economic construction, in the degree to which it has ended the exploitation of man by man, in its reclamation of wealth from the few for the masses, in its opening-up of the potentialities of production for the many, revolution has made possible in Russia a new epoch in the history of the world.

We need not deny that the price this generation has had to pay for the change has been a heavy one.

We need not deny, either, that, in its accomplishment, hopes have been betrayed, dreams destroyed, for which, even in twenty years, one might have sought a richer fulfillment.

There is in the new Russia for the masses what there was never for them in the old: the right to hope. That is what gives the Soviet Union to-day a significance for the working-class which it is fundamental to recognise.

Compared with the Tsarist regime, there has been in every aspect of life immeasurable improvement. It is not yet adequate; it is not yet so profound that there is either time or occasion to take its place.

NEW and immense reserves of talent and energy have been revealed which, in the old Russia, it was dangerous even to explore. As new wealth is discovered, it does not go to the few; it is garnered to the service of the many.

Compare the status of women in the old Russia with that of the new. Measure the significance of children in the epoch of the Tsars with that in the epoch which Lenin founded.

Set the Red Army alongside the army of the Tsars. Realise the place of science in the Revolution with the fear it invoked in the old regime.

Quality for quality in civilisation, it is not possible to doubt that those who have made the Revolution have called a new world into existence to redress the balance of the old.

Immense things remain to be done. The standard of living is still low compared with that of Great Britain or the United States. There is a grim disease of orthodoxy which still claims too many victims.

It is that sense which, amid all the pain and suffering, has given the citizens, above all the young, of the new Russia that new morale, that new energy, that new deter-



Kerensky (in car) reviewing the Russian troops on the Eastern Front in 1917. "We will go forward, free sons of Russia," he said.

mination, which even its most hostile critics are compelled to recognise.

The career is open to the talented; privilege, in the new Russia, is a function of service. The cultural heritage of Western civilisation is, increasingly, at the service of the masses. There is an exhilaration in life, a feeling of wider vistas opened to the many, which followed the advent of a spacious age.

It is too early yet to say that the traditions of the old world have been destroyed; it is possible to assert that a new and ampler tradition has begun, at the foundations, to take its place.

And there have gone from the new Russia grim shadows which bestrid the colossus of the Tsars.

There is no longer the haunting dread of unemployment. There is no longer the privilege of the few standing as barrier in the way of the many's hopes. There is no need by war to conquer foreign markets. There is no colonial enslavement. There are no distressed areas to proclaim the bankruptcy of capitalist statesmanship.

The note of Soviet literature is not, as under the Tsars, the note of angry pessimism. Jews are not persecuted; nationalities are not persecuted; this lawless fellows.

When the account is cast, the makers of the new Russia need not fear the comparison with Tsardom.

It has given the world what

every potentially great civilisation brings in its train—a new idea.

LIKE the Renaissance, like the French Revolution, amid all its blood and tears, the Russian Revolution marks an immense stage in the liberation of mankind. We think differently because it occurred; we think more amply because it occurred.

Its purposes and its achievements entitle us to hope for the future; the old Russia was a graveyard of men's dreams. The new Russia, it may be, is like a giant awakened; it arouses fear as well as gladness.

But, almost everywhere, those in

whom fear has been aroused are

those who hug privileges they can-

not justify before the bar of history.

Almost everywhere, those

who would destroy the new Russia,

minimize its achievements

are the men who put the rights of

property above the rights of the

human spirit.

They are akin to those who could

not recognise humanity upon the

march; even if they saw that the

tents had been struck. They are

the descendants of those who, at

Palin, said of the antagonists of

1789, "pitied the plumage, but for-

got the dying bird."

IDO not belittle the price

men have had to pay for the

Russian Revolution. But I

remember the price

exacted for that revolution of

three centuries which brought the

capitalist system to power.

These who made the price in-

evitable are not the men respon-

sible for the achievement of these

twenty years. They are the

Kolchaks and the Wrangels, the

and the forces which lay behind them.

They are the men who have

Mussolini in power in Italy, Hitler

in Germany, who would, if they

could, impose General Franco upon

Spain.

The lesson of the Russian Revo-

lution is the eternal lesson of the

ultimate power of the masses.

Their victory may be postponed; in

the end, it is a certain victory.

For only where, by the owner-

ship of economic power, they have

become the masters of their

destiny, is the system they build

one in which there is a prospect of

justice and freedom.

Every now and then the bus would

stop. The driver would get down

and deliver a bottle of milk or a

newspaper, pass the time of day, and

discuss the local news. Twice he

retraced his journey, one having for

five gone to deliver a parcel, and the

On the same island there was a

second time to pick up a passenger

small car which did touring, to

he had promised to call for off the

the driver turned, corners to

the main road at a farm. But we did very quickly and seldom seemed to

stay in it and hope for the best.

So into the countryside, and get an slow up much. I wondered until

all was well that ended well, even if inking into the old way of doing he calmly informed me, "It's a grand

car went on fire, which, fortunately,

don't work." That was an end to

our touring.

H. T.

Fortunately, it did arrive with the

next train, which had left at

minutes later, and still more for-

tunately my family had decided to

stay in it and hope for the best.

So into the countryside, and get an slow up much. I wondered until

all was well that ended well, even if inking into the old way of doing he calmly informed me, "It's a grand

Freedom Of The Head

IN a hundred-years-old print which shows a crowd, you would not, I think, see a bareless man. Look up an Edwardian photograph which gives you the summer-time throng of a city street or holiday front, and you will see how straw hats dominate the scene.

Just as those straw hats date a picture as of Britain some time between the beginning of the century and the first summer of the War, so bare heads date a picture as of Britain of the past few years.

Perhaps, in time to come, one of the clues given by the maps in the album to the decade of the 1930's will be the barelessness of man as he goes about his lawful occasions. But some of us hope that he will keep for good the freedom he has won—to do without a hat.

There are men who are not happy unless they have a hat. Others are not happy with one. They find it gaily irks the head, particularly in summer.

For years they suffered the hat as a convention of respectability. The War made the hat or cap rather more than a convention, stressed it as a duty. The good soldier wore his cap for as many of his waking minutes as he could. He was even given a cap-comforter, a woolly thing that also served as a scarf, which he could wear at night.

There are men who are not happy unless they have a hat. To my thinking the hero who could bear that double burden deserved a stripe.

The War, then, confirmed the hat upon man's head. He came back to peace with the feeling that unless he wore a hat he was improperly dressed out of doors. That suited the humor of some men who could not have too much of hats.

I remember going in 1924 to see a contractor who did his business from an office in a villa. "Oh, keep your hat on," he said, "and feel at home." That was a kindly thought, but how hot my head became in the stuff room! He didn't think of it, that I wanted to bare my brow after a long walk.

I wore a hat then, but was already revolted against it. So soon as I came to open ways, to country roads or field paths, I uncovered, and carried my hat in my hand, and did not put it on again until I reached built-up areas.

As yet I could not bring myself to go about in town without keeping my hat on my head. Only a few men did that, and they were under suspicion of being evanescents. To be sure, bare heads were the exception, and so conspicuous. To-day we of the bareheads are a big company. In some places during week-ends we outnumber the hatted men. Even in the city streets in workday hours we make a good showing.

There must be thousands and thousands of us. What a break with convention! And what relief to heads that did not bear easily with the pressure of a brim.

It amuses us, perhaps, to look back on the early days of our daring. When we called on friends they made a search in the hall for our hat as we left. There was reproach, perhaps, in their pretended disbelief that we could have come without one. It was hardly respectful or respectable that we had. Such things were not done in polite circles.

And when bare heads were few it seemed to be taken for granted that we belonged where we were seen. So in shops we were asked where this or that counter was, and in the corridors of buildings where we were strangers, the way to Mr. Smith's room.

In far-away roads it was supposed that we were only just outside our gates, and folk were aggrieved when we could not tell them where So-and-so lived. "But you must know where," we were told. "A little fellow with a grey moustache."

It was not, we say, very long ago. Now no one remarks that a man goes without a hat for he is only one of many. It is no longer thought of him that he necessarily inclines to the Left and holds a dangerous belief because he wears his hat to the sun, wind and rain. His good citizenship is not in question.

Once the favourite bogey of the bigots who puffed out their lips in disgust and scorn of him as one who must be a Communist, a vegetarian, an intellectual, or something else that he ought not to be, he is now as honest in reput as any man down the street.

No one who would rather not have a hat need wear one now. And there are thousands and thousands of men who enjoy the new freedom. It does not call for courage to-day to go forth, leaving the hat at home.

It was rather different when we were pioneers of the movement, did that. Really, we were almost as brave as women when they took to smoking and to doing other things that were shocking because they were not in the book.

WINDSOR
AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

ROBERT MONTGOMERY
ROSALIND RUSSELL
ROBERT BENCHLEY

3 STARS IN ONE HILARIOUS REVEL!

IL LOVE LEARN *and*
Also Latest Musical Comedy "GIRL'S BEST YEARS"

TO-MORROW - JACK HOLT in
Columbia "FLIGHT INTO NOWHERE"

DAILY AT 2.30 5.20 7.20 9.20

STAR

CHINESE COM-MUNIQUE issued here claims that the Chinese forces have recaptured Shihweiyo, a port on the south bank of the Yangtse, 50 miles from Hankow, which the Japanese took yesterday.

A Chinese spokesman confirms the report of a large-scale evacuation of Hankow is now proceeding, and only organisations with personnel vital to the Hankow defence are remaining. Other persons are leaving for Szechuan and Hunan provinces. Chinese forces are said to be gathering in large numbers in the hills to the east of Tung-sian, 70 miles south of Hankow to protect the highway and railway to Yochow and Changsha.

A bomb exploded near a school in the Jewish quarters, but there were no injuries.

Two Jewish watchmen at Haifa were killed and six wounded, when a large band of Arabs launched a fierce attack on the watch-post north of Tiberias.—Reuters.

STOP PRESS

Macao Stops Exports Of Foodstuffs

The Government has promulgated new regulations prohibiting the free exports of foodstuffs, vegetables and fuels from the colony, according to Chinese reports reaching here.

With the disruption of river and rail communications between Canton and Hongkong, it is understood that a large portion of meat and vegetables consumed here is now supplied from Chungsian district via Macao.

It is anticipated that the new ruling in Macao may considerably effect the local market prices.

TO-MORROW: "MERRY WIDOW"
MGM Picture

4 SHOWS DAILY
1.30 - 5.20
7.20 - 9.30
MATINEES: 20c. - 30c. EVENINGS: 20c. - 30c. - 50c. - 70c.

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NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL 57222

TO-DAY, ONE DAY ONLY!
RETURN SHOWING OF THE GREATEST THRILLER OF THE YEAR!

DEATH IN THE PALM OF HIS HAND!
And the happiness of two lovers of stately romance takes the most mystifying and thrilling turn since Lon Chaney's greatest triumph.

THE DEVIL DOLL
LIONEL BARRYMORE
MAUREEN O'SULLIVAN
FRANK LAWTON

TO-MORROW, ONE DAY ONLY!
RETURN OF ANOTHER "OLD FAVOURITE"!
SONJA HENIE
TYRONE POWER in "THIN ICE"
20th Century-Fox Musical Spectacle!



ROBERT MacWHIRTER PAYS! Astonished spectators gather around as Hongkong's well-known Scots humorist tentatively holds out hand containing price of admission to the Michaelmas Fair at Volunteer Headquarters recently. Police are there to see that there is fair play and no short-changing by the Treasurer!

CIVILIANS LEAVING HANKOW

Japanese Within Fifty Miles Of City

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—Reuters.

Jerusalem Under Strict Curfew To-day

Jerusalem, Oct. 17.

A six-hour curfew, imposed throughout the whole of Jerusalem is beginning at 11 o'clock to-night.

A number of Arab convicts who broke out of prison this afternoon were chased by an R.A.F. plane. Two convicts were killed, but the remainder escaped.

Two Arabs were slightly wounded in a shooting in the old city to-day, when armed men entered the police station in the Moslem quarter and set it on fire.

A bomb exploded near a school in the Jewish quarters, but there were no injuries.

Two Jewish watchmen at Haifa were killed and six wounded, when a large band of Arabs launched a fierce attack on the watch-post north of Tiberias.—Reuters.

Concentration Camps For Jews In Belgium

Brussels, Oct. 17.

The paper Soir asserts that the Belgian Government intends to establish several concentration camps for Jewish fugitives without residential permit, the number of which is estimated by the paper to be about 5,000. A number of such fugitives have already been expelled from Belgium.

The Cabinet will discuss the fugitives problem during its next session. The first two concentration camps will be established at Merxinde and Marnesse according to the Soir which regards it as probable that further concentration camps will be established in other places later.—Trans-Ocean.

CENTRAL Daily at 12.30, 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.
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Take Bus No. 4 or 5 going west, 3 min. from stop opposite Queen's

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Robert Armstrong
in
WITHOUT ORDERS

REO RADIO Picture

To-morrow: "BROADWAY MELODY OF 1938"
Friday: "DANTE'S INFERN

For all FALL OCCASIONS

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OF
STYLE
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THE NEW RANGES OFFER
THE FINEST FOOTWEAR
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• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •

The Picture That Has The World Agast! . . . HE MADE THE WOMEN HE WANTED!

What diabolical snare placed the most tempting beauties of the day at his unscrupulous command?

THE MYSTERY OF THE WAX MUSEUM
ALL IN COLOR
TECHNICOLOR

Warner Bros. successor to "Doctor X"

LIONEL ATWELL • FAY WRAY • GLENDA FARRELL • FRANK McHUGH

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TO-MORROW • PAUL MUNI in
Warner Bros. Picture • "THE LIFE OF EMILE ZOLA"

QUEENS
DAILY AT 2.30-5.15-7.20-9.30 - TEL. 51453

• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •

A Picture That Is Really Tender & Human!

Kate Douglas Wiggin's
MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS
with
ANNE SHIRLEY • RUBY KEELER
JAMES ELLISON • FAY Bainter
WALTER BRENNAN
Frank Albertson
Alma Kruger
Virginia Weidler

ADDED ATTRACTIONS

- (1) Special RKO-Pathé China War News.
- (2) Latest March of Time.
- (3) Walt Disney's Technicolour Cartoon: Donald Duck in "Good Scouts".

TO-MORROW • "BELOVED BRAT"
Warner Bros. Picture • BONITA GRANVILLE - DOLORES COSTELLO

4 SHOWS DAILY
2.30-5.15
7.15-9.30

ORIENTAL THEATRE
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2 DAYS ONLY TO-DAY • TO-MORROW •

RACE TRACK CLASSIC WITH A HUNDRED THRILLS!
Thoroughbreds of the screen and track in a grand comedy drama of a dare-devil jockey and his regeneration.

TRIUMPH OF THRILLS...
but GREAT because it touches your heart!
Not since "Captains Courageous" . . . such a soul-stabbing experience!
The making of a man . . . in a man-size dramatic triumph!

THOROUGHBREDS DON'T CRY

JOYCE GARLAND • MICKEY ROONEY
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ROBERT SCLAFANI • Screen Play by
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John Sturges • Story by
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BREATHLESS ACTION WITH THOUSANDS IN THE CAST

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Cecil B. DeMille's **The PLAINSMAN**

Matinees 10c. - 30c. Evenings: 20c. - 30c. - 50c. - 70c.

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SCHOOLTIME SWEATER

A specially simple design for schoolgirls to make for themselves.

BACK

Using No. 13 needles, cast on 90 sts.

Next Row.—K. 1, p. 1. Repeat from * to end of row.

Repeat this row for 3 inches.

Increase Row.—P. 2, * p3in, p. 11. Repeat from * ending p3in, p. 3. (100 sts. now on needle.)

Change to No. 10 needles and pattern as follows:

1st Row.—P. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3. Repeat from * ending p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3.

2nd Row.—K. 1, * p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3. Repeat from * ending p. 1, k. 3, p. 1, k. 3.

These 2 rows form the pattern, which is repeated throughout the jumper with the exception of k. 1, p. 1 in wells.

Continue in pattern until work measures 14 inches.

Shape Raglan Armholes

With right side of work facing, and keeping pattern unbroken:

Cast off 4 sts. at beginning of next 4 rows, then k. 2 tog. at each end of following 2 rows. * Now k. 2 tog. at end of every row until 28 sts. remain.

(Work should measure about 17 inches.)

Leave these sts. on spare needle.

FRONT

Work exactly as Back as far as *

Now k. 2 tog. at end of every row until 48 sts. remain on needle.

Materials

7 oz. 3-ply wool.

1 Pair Needles No. 10.

1 Pair Needles No. 13.

Stitches: ins. = Inches; Tog. = Together; P3IN = Purl 3 times into next st—that is, into front, into back, and again into front of next st.

Length from shoulder 17½ ins.

Length of undersleeve seam 10 ins.

10 ins.

14 ins.

10 ins.

Refugees Stream Over Frontier

SOME 600 REFUGEES came in from the Po On area last night. They made their way 12 miles overland to the Chinese ferries which brought them to the New Territories, where they were escorted to the Kam Tin Aerodrome camp.

There are now some 1,800 refugees who are being installed in wooden buildings on the site.

The Government is making every effort to provide for their comfort and posts are being established at Shatin, Tai Po and Shing Mun, the main points of entry, to meet the evacuated and give them a warm meal if they are in such need, before directing them to the camp.

Attempts are also being made to get people with lorries to volunteer to drive refugees from the New Territories border to the camp.

Many of them are exhausted or have such meagre resources which would be completely absorbed by the cost of transport.

The compulsory vaccination regulations are still in force and all

John Ambulance Brigade workers are assisting Government in vaccinating the refugees either at the border or at the camp. The response for public assistance of the refugee settlement has been generous.

Dr. C. Y. Wu, Director of the Chinese National Red Cross, has put two motor ambulance lorries at the disposal of the authorities.

The gentry of Un Long have given

500 blankets, Mr. Hui Yueng-shing,

President of the Un Long Commercial Guild, has sent 170 blankets on behalf of his Guild, and the Tung Wah Hospital authorities have sub-

scribed 1,240 blankets.

A system of passes is being devised to organise the life at the camp and avoid congestion during the construction work that is proceeding.

First Touch of Winter Finds H.K. Thankful

HONGKONG'S LONG SUMMER of painfully hot weather appears to be in its last throes. Following a 20 degrees fall in temperature between Friday last and yesterday, the thermometer went even lower early this morning, touching 67.9 degrees—the lowest minimum recording since May 10 last.

During the past 24 hours, the maximum temperature also dropped below 79, making it the lowest maximum registration since May 10.

Since 8 a.m. yesterday until 8 a.m. to-day the mean temperature has been 75.74. The highest temperature was 78.9 at 2 p.m. yesterday. The lowest, 67.9 at 5 o'clock and 6.0 o'clock this morning.

OUTLOOK—FRESH, FINE

The immediate local weather outlook is, according to the Royal Observatory this morning, fresh and fine, with north-east winds.

PREMIER ENDING HIS HOLIDAY

London, Oct. 17. The Prime Minister is leaving Scotland where he has been spending a holiday to-morrow night, and will provide at a meeting of the Cabinet on Wednesday.—British Wireless.

C.P.O. FUNERAL THIS MORNING

The funeral of Chief Petty Officer George Pittman who was found shot in the China Fleet Club on Sunday, took place this morning with full naval honours.

Messmates and officers of H.M.S. Birmingham, to which deceased was attached, followed the gun carriage to Happy Valley where the last rites were administered by the Rev. W. H. S. Chapman, Chaplain to the Birmingham.

JAPANESE SEIZE H.K. LIVESTOCK

Cargo Of Cattle Taken By Boarding Party

A large consignment of live cattle en route to the Colony by junk as part of the supplies which must be imported across the Canton delta since the stoppage of communications with Canton has been seized by the Japanese Navy, according to reports received this morning.

The ship carrying the cargo of livestock was halted by a Japanese warship near Sammun Customs station.

The junk was registered in Hongkong, it is understood.

After placing the crew of the vessel in a sampan, the Japanese

CZECH FINANCE MISSION LEAVES

London, Oct. 17. The Czech Financial Mission left London for Prague this afternoon. Negotiations are expected to be resumed later.

Regarding the Czech request for further financial aid beyond the British advance of £10,000,000, it is learned that the French attitude was that France's own needs preclude the granting of assistance to Czechoslovakia for the time being, and in the face of this the British, it is stated, declared themselves willing to bear the burden alone.—Reuters.

took the shipful of livestock in tow.

The cattle were valued at \$1,600.

OTHER CASES REPORTED

Several instances of Japanese warships stopping Chinese fishing junks in Chinese waters near the Colony during the last few days, has been reported to the police.

Escaping on his sampan after his junk had been seized and set on fire by a party of Japanese sailors from a warship which stopped him in Chinese water off Lima Islands on October 13, Lo Wong-hop, master of the vessel, related his story on his return to Hongkong yesterday.

A fishing junk was stopped by Japanese destroyer No. 37 off Tam Kun Tau about 2 p.m. on Sunday, and the junk's licence was taken away.

According to a foki, Wong Hing-yuen, a Japanese officer on the destroyer who had some knowledge of Chinese told the crew of the junk to keep away from Tam Kun Tau.

Another junk which was sailing off Lintin Island about 4 p.m. on October 10, was hailed by a passing Japanese warship, and ordered to go alongside. When the junk was still 100 yards from the warship, a foki, Fu Ssing-yau, dived overboard and swam away.

The junk continued towards the warship, which took it in tow. Fu was picked up after two hours in the water and arrived back in Hongkong yesterday.

The master of a fishing junk, Sze Yat, 41, was admitted to the Kowloon Hospital yesterday, suffering from a bullet wound in the ear, alleged to have been inflicted by sailors on board a Japanese warship,

who fired upon the junk as it was sailing off the Sam Mun customs station on October 11.

CIVILIANS LEAVING HANKOW

Japanese Within Fifty Miles Of City

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Chinese forces are said to be gathering in large numbers in the hills to the east of Tung-shan, 70 miles south of Hankow to protect the highway and railway to Yochow and Changsha.—Reuters.

EXCHANGE

	Selling	Buying
T.T. London	16. 21 ¹ / ₂	16. 21 ¹ / ₂
Demund	175. Nomin.	175. Nomin.
T.T. Singapore	52 ¹ / ₂	52 ¹ / ₂
T.T. Japan	105 ¹ / ₂	105 ¹ / ₂
T.T. India	82 ¹ / ₂	82 ¹ / ₂
T.T. U.S.A.	29 ¹ / ₂	29 ¹ / ₂
T.T. Manila	58 ¹ / ₂	58 ¹ / ₂
T.T. Batavia	53 ¹ / ₂	53 ¹ / ₂
T.T. Bangkok	100	100
T.T. Saigon	109 ¹ / ₂	109 ¹ / ₂
T.T. France	10. 65	10. 65
T.T. Germany	72 ¹ / ₂	72 ¹ / ₂
T.T. Switzerland	120 ¹ / ₂	120 ¹ / ₂
T.T. Australia	176 ¹ / ₂	176 ¹ / ₂
4 m/s L/c London	1/3 ¹ / ₂	1/3 ¹ / ₂
4 m/s D/p do	1/3.3/32	1/3.3/32
4 m/s L/c U.S.A.	291 ¹ / ₂	291 ¹ / ₂
4 m/s France	11. 80	11. 80
30 d/s India	84	84
U.S. Cross rate in London	4.745	

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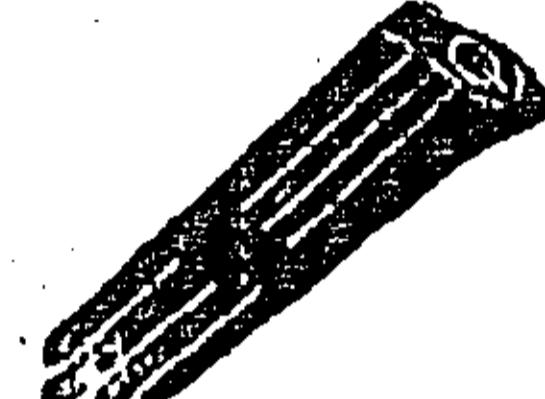
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\$2.50 per yard.

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Squares and Triangles in Paisley and Futuristic designs from \$2.95

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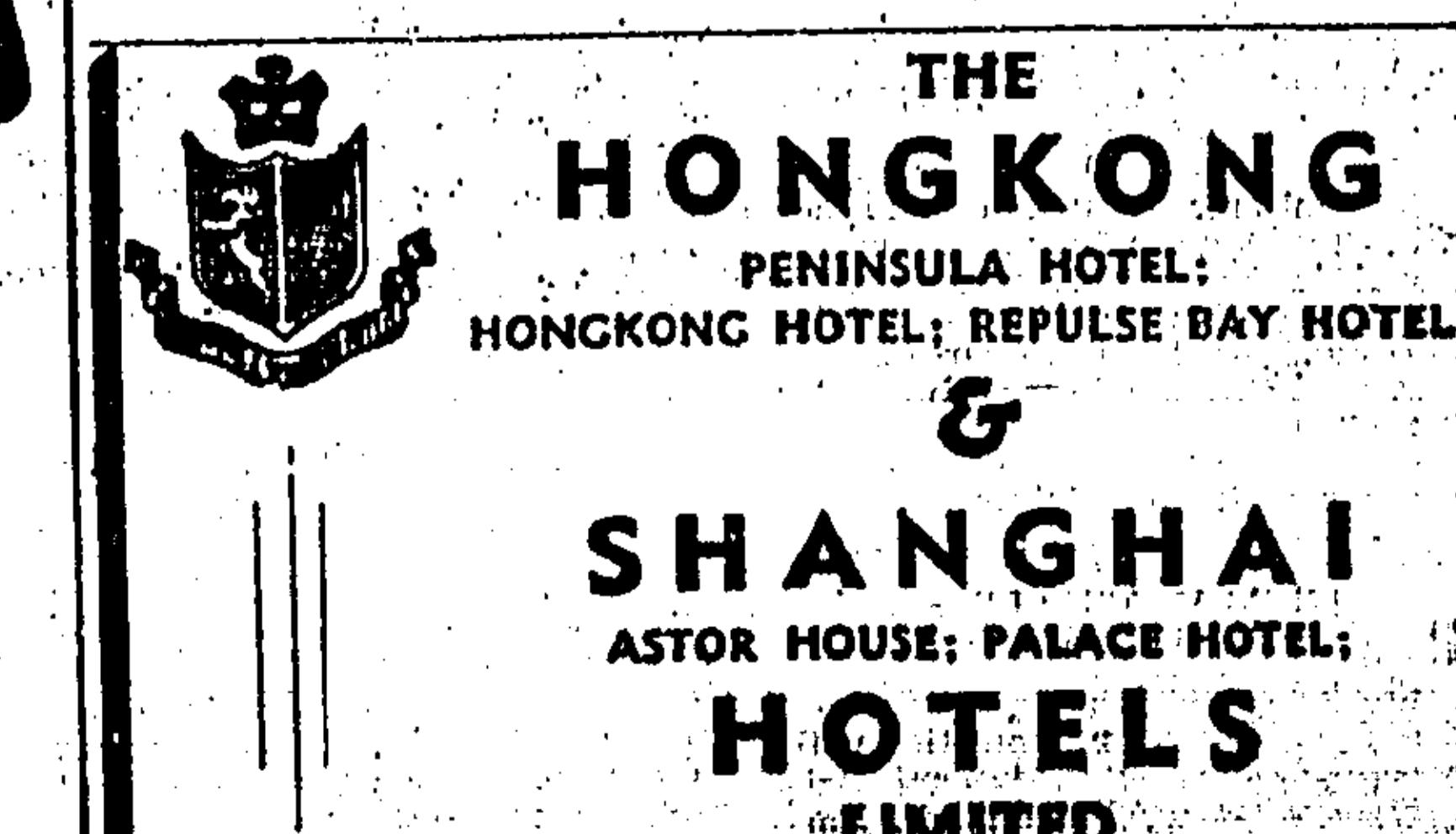
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In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons-Lits, Paris.



A Selection of Photographs entered in the Eighth Annual Amateur Photographic Competition organised by "The Hongkong Telegraph" will be exhibited in the Morning Post Building, fourth floor, from To-day to Thursday, October 18-20 inclusive, from 10 A.M. to 6 P.M. daily.

**CLASSIFIED
ADVERTISEMENTS**
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WANTED KNOWN.

VIENNA MODE: A selection of Vienna and Paris styles will be on view shortly, last year's hats replaced. 12 Des Voeux Road, Central, White House.

MOTOR CARS.

WE BUY, sell and exchange cars from \$400. in good running condition. We also insure and repair. China Trading Company, G.P.O. Box 200. Tel. 23583.

**Macao Stops
Exports Of
Foodstuffs**

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It is anticipated that the new ruling in Macao may considerably effect the local market prices.

**No Muzzle On
Dog Nets Fine**

H. E. Flebig of No. 10 Tok Shing Street was fined \$5 by Mr. E. Hinsworth at the Kowloon Magistracy on summons stating that he had allowed his dog to wander about in Dyer Avenue, Kowloon, without a muzzle recently.

Inspector Rogers said that the defendant had reported the loss of his dog to the police and it was located in Dyer Avenue without a muzzle and with a lead trailing behind it. It was said that the dog had been tied up in a garden and had broken loose. The defendant was represented in court by a friend.

**Burglars Break
Into Bible
Book Shop**

The Bible and Tract Depot, Queen's Building, was broken into yesterday by means of a duplicate key and book and money to the value of \$22.35 were stolen, according to a police report.

Mr. Brett, residing at No. 95 Robinson Road, has also reported that some person broke into his house yesterday, and stole household articles valued at \$23.

Money and jewellery valued at \$52 were stolen from the residence of Mr. Boddy, at Boundary Street, during the early hours of yesterday morning. Entry into the bedroom on the first floor was gained by climbing up a veranda pillar.

Yue Hui-wan of O'Brien Road, has reported that someone broke into his flat and stole from his safe, money and jewellery worth \$150.

**EAST RIVER
FIGHTING**

(Continued from Page 1.)

panies of Volunteers who were defending Tamshui.

SOLDIER INTERRED

It is understood that the man entered Hongkong territory clad in uniform and carrying his rifle. He has been interned.

Another refugee, Chu Chung-foo, was taken to the Kowloon Hospital yesterday, suffering from terrible wounds in his face and left arm.

He sustained the injuries during the first Japanese bombardment of Tamshui, where he was visiting relatives.

Although 73-years old and despite his wounds, the man succeeded in walking over the several high mountains separating Tamshui from Hongkong, arriving at the frontier yesterday.

It is stated that he is a native of Un Long village, in the New Territories.

**FRENCH WRITER SEES
U.K. CONSCRIPTION**

Paris, Oct. 17. Economic reconstruction in France and conscription in Britain are necessary if a check is to be given to Germany's ambition in Europe, states "Pertinax," writing in *Le Figaro*.

He adds that the factor which may stop German expansion is British and French rearmament, especially in the air.—Reuter Special.

**SHIPS IN WIRELESS
COMMUNICATION**

The following ships are expected to be in wireless communication with Hongkong to-day:—The *Empress of India*, *Santos Maru*, *Rawalpindi*, *Empress of Canada*, *President Coolidge*, *Agavaro*, *Empress of Russia*, *Sirishana*, *Potsdam* and *Kamo Maru*.

**Local Residents Invested
With Birthday Honours**

TWO WELL-KNOWN LOCAL RESIDENTS in the persons of the Hon. Sir Robert Kotewall and Mr. J. H. Taggart, O.B.E., and an Indian officer with long service in the British Army, were invested with honours by H.E. the Governor, Sir Geoffrey Northcote, at Government House this morning.

Their Excellencies the C-in-C., Sir Percy Noble, and the G.O.C., Major General A. W. Bartholomew, took part in the ceremony with the Colonial Secretary, Hon. Mr. N. L. Smith and the Acting Chief Justice Mr. Justice E. H. Williams.

Those present included Lady Northcote, Bishop H. Valtorta, Bishop R. O. Hall, Commodore E. B. C. Dicken, R.N., and Group Captain A. H. Peck, Member of the Executive and Legislative Councils, Foreign Consuls, heads of Government departments and representatives of the Services attended with their ladies and there was a good sprinkling of Chinese officials and citizens.

His Excellency entered the main hall of Government House at the end of a distinguished procession preceded by an usher bearing the mace.

After the proceedings had opened with the National Anthem, Sir Robert Kotewall was announced.

He entered accompanied by the Hon. Sir Shouson Chow and the Hon. Mr. Justice E. H. Williams.

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AMERICAN SPY TRIAL

Roosevelt's Signature Forged To Obtain Plans

NEW YORK, Oct. 17. OPENING THE PROCEEDINGS of the spy trial in which a number of German-Americans are charged with espionage, Mr. Lamar Hardy, prosecuting for the Government, said that the German spies had transmitted to Berlin specifications of two American aircraft-carriers which had been obtained by forging President Roosevelt's signature to a fictitious order to the Navy Department.

DE VALERA SEEKS UNION OF NORTH AND SOUTH

Offers Autonomy To Ulster

LONDON, Oct. 17. AN IMPORTANT declaration on the existing partition of Ireland was made by Mr. Eamon De Valera in Dublin to-day in the course of an interview with a correspondent of the London *Evening Standard*.

Mr. De Valera said he had abandoned any idea of a plebiscite which, though giving Eire more territory, would perpetuate the partition, and he urged Britain to persuade the six Ulster counties to join in an all-Ireland Parliament.

Mr. De Valera offered Ulster autonomy in local affairs, asking only guarantees for the national minority in her area.

While partition remained, Mr. De Valera warned England, her champion of Eire's co-operation with Britain in the event of a European war were "very slight."

Mr. De Valera added: "The present partition is a dangerous anachronism which must be ended. These 300 miles of artificial frontier separating the North from the rest of Ireland is the deepest wound which the English people have inflicted upon the Irish people—a wound which keeps alive ancient antagonisms between the English, morally responsible for the existence of a division, and the overwhelming of the majority of the Irish race.

"I believe that partition can be ended by peaceful negotiation, and with due regard to the sentiments and susceptibilities of all sections."

NORTH MUST DECIDE

It is understood in London that no new representations dealing with the points raised in the interview granted by Mr. Eamon De Valera to the London *Evening Standard* regarding the existing partition of Ireland, have been made to the British Government, and in British official quarters the view is still held that there can be no change in the status of Northern Ireland without the consent which concerns North and South Ireland, and must be left for them to decide for themselves.

It is pointed out that this view has been unambiguously stated in the House of Commons.

Lord Craigavon, Governor-General of Northern Ireland, twice repeated last week the feeling of Northern Ireland which is against reunion with the South. For the time being, therefore, the problem would seem to have made no further progress towards solution.

"NO SURRENDER"

Lord Craigavon, interviewed by Reuter in Belfast regarding Mr. De Valera's statement, said that they realised from a statement by Mr. Neville Chamberlain that the future of Northern Ireland remained in her own hands, which meant that the voice of the people as expressed by their Parliament in the ordinary democratic manner.

"During the years I have been in office," continued Lord Craigavon, "I have seen no signs of change in the sentiment of Northern Ireland—indeed the loyalty and affection of Northern Ireland people towards the British Crown and constitution is

The statement caused a sensation in court.

Mr. Hardy detailed the United States military secrets, which he alleged had been sent to Berlin by the German spies. He declared that the activities of the accused were directed from Germany with the assistance of two officials of German steelship lines, resident in New York.

Mr. Hardy then mentioned the name of Rumrich, who, he stated, will testify for the Government. He said that a German named Sanders, who said he was attached to naval intelligence, had told Rumrich to try and obtain information about the operations of American commercial factories, especially those of the DuPont Company and the Bethlehem Steel Corporation.

He also said that Captain Pfeiffer, who had been described as the head of the German Secret Service, once boasted he had agents in every important aeroplane factory in the United States.

CONCEIVED IN GERMANY

The prosecutor went on to declare: "This conspiracy is conceived in and directed from Germany."

He declared that two of those indicted were not present, adding "they are attached to the War Ministry of the German Government and are high German officials."

Counsel for the defence pictured the three prisoners as innocent dupes and victims of a frame-up. Glaser's attorney said that the secret aviation code which Glaser was accused of translating and sending to Germany could be bought in any bookstall.

Rumrich testified that he was born in Chicago, and that his father was secretary to the old Austrian Consulate.

He had twice deserted from the United States army, and he told how he became a spy.—Reuter.

PANAMA SPY SCARE

Panama, Oct. 17. The four Germans, Mrs. I. Gutmann, Hans Schaeckow, Gilbert Gross and Edward R. Kuhrig, arrested by the military authorities for taking photographs of Panama fortifications, have been handed over to the civil authorities, as the law does not permit them being tried by the military authorities in peace time.

Bail has been fixed in each case at \$15,000.—Reuter.

Ex-Queen Of Portugal To Wed Again

London, Oct. 17. It is learnt that Augusta Victoria, ex-Queen of Portugal and widow of former King Manuel, who died in exile in England in 1932, will contract a second marriage shortly.

The prospective bridegroom is Count Douglas, head of the German branch of the famous Scottish family.

Queen Augusta Victoria was formerly Princess of the Catholic house of Hohenzollern.

Count Douglas owns large estates in Bavaria where the couple will live after their marriage.—Trans-Ocean.

stronger to-day than at any time in her history.

"Therefore, Mr. De Valera can cease using Northern Ireland as a weapon with which to threaten the Government and Whitehall. I can only reiterate the old battle cry of Northern Ireland people towards the British Crown and constitution is

—Reuter.



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"TEN"	204	"FOURTEEN"	288
"TEN" OR LUXE	214	"FOURTEEN" TOURING SALOON	307
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The Hongkong Telegraph.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1938.

WORLD ECONOMIC PROBLEMS

If the world situation is such that it is possible for the League of Nations Assembly to get through its normal programme of work, economic questions will play a not inconsiderable part in the near future. A proposal that measures for raising the standard of living of the masses shall be the subject of special investigation by the League is coming before the Assembly at the next session. A preliminary investigation has already been carried out as a result of a resolution adopted at last year's Assembly. The report on this is being submitted to this year's Assembly.

Another report by the League's Economic Organisation that is also in the hands of delegates is the annual World Economic Survey.

The Survey begins with the statement that "The year 1937 marked for many countries a turning-point from expansion to contraction of trade activity. The rapid rise in the prices of primary commodities in the early part of the year was intensified by the prospect of heavy and increasing expenditure on rearmament." In parenthesis it may be added in this connection that the Bureau of the Disarmament Conference is to meet during the Assembly to consider the replies of Governments to a draft convention providing for Budgetary publicity of armaments. At the present time the armaments Budgets of certain countries, notably Italy and Japan, are not known.

An interesting comparison between Great Britain and the United States is made in the Survey. We are told that "In comparison with the United States, the United Kingdom had by 1937 reached a much more advanced stage of recovery, and during 1937 experienced much less violent fluctuations."

WHAT AMERICA THINKS OF CHAMBERLAIN

STRAIGHTAWAY I admit the difficulty of assessing American public opinion on internal affairs. It has been difficult enough in our own country, but America is a country of 48 far-flung States and of many nationalities, and American Governments have never had a particularly clear-cut foreign policy, apart from the Monroe Doctrine.

But after three visits to the United States I am convinced of two things; that the American people have a sound instinct for peace and order in international affairs; and that our "National" Government has severely damaged British prestige in America since 1931.

THERE is much isolationism among the American people, and they have a better practical case for it than we have. But to a great extent it has been perpetuated by the policies of democratic Governments in Europe. The essential case argued for their isolationist views is that the statesmen of Europe (including our own) are not to be trusted.

"We went into the Great War," they argue. "Late, we admit, but still at a vital and critical moment for the Allied Powers. We went into it with ideals, similar ideals, to those your Government had officially proclaimed. And then after the victory we got the same old imperialist deals, and the sort of peace that was so vindictive that it was only an interrupted war.

"Your statesmen pulled the wool over President Wilson's eyes and we were so disgusted with the whole business, that we kept out of your Treaty of Versailles, League of Nations and all. Finally, you have failed to pay your debts to us. Why should we bother about Europe and its troubles? We are a long way away and we don't have to bother anyway."

There are others who take a more modern view of things

LAUGHTER FROM IRELAND

THE Green Isle is famed for being the home of unconscious humour, and the sayings of Pat and his cronies are quoted all over the world. There is nothing forced about their humour, and often they themselves fail to realise that they are being unwittingly funny, as this collection of stories will testify.

In an Irish paper the following lucid statement was printed:—"On last Boxing Day some of the public houses were closed and some remained open. This year it seems the very reverse is to be the case."

The story is told of an Irish mother who, during the war, met the priest in the village. "Have you had bad news, Bluddy?" he inquired. "You are looking very sad. Have you heard anything about your son?"

"Shure, your honour," she said sadly, "I have that."

"Did you receive word from the War Office?"

"No, sorry. I received word from himself."

"But how could you do that?" asked the perplexed priest.

"Shure, an' he sent me a letter. Says he, 'Dear Mother, I am now in the Holy Land.'"

◆ ◆ ◆

A traveller in Ireland spent the night in a remote country inn. He was surprised in the morning to find that the boots he had left outside his bedroom door had not been cleaned. "Why do you suppose I put my boots outside the door?" he asked the landlord angrily.

"Sure, an' I don't know, sorry," was the reply, "unless it was that, beg your honour's pardon, ye were drunk."

"Have you any references?" asked the mistress of the house.

"Shure, mum, lots of them," replied the prospective maid.

"Then why didn't you bring some with you?"

"Well, you see, mum; they're just like me pictures. They don't do me justice."

ment was genuinely promoting policy. And now you are after the collective organisation of peace and not undermining the unreliable people like Mussolini and Hitler. You are going on as if your League of Nations didn't exist.

"Our public opinion just slides back. The President's line at Chicago gets less support. And even I, who want to support your Labour policy, I am no friend of isolation and am a friend of collective security—I am driven to admit that, as things are, the isolationists here have a case.

"If things were different on your side things could be different here. I believe the President wants to do the right thing, but he's got to carry public opinion. And your Government just isn't giving him a chance."

★
ONE points out that the United States Government has at least acquiesced in some of these policies or made no active stand, and that it also, under Congress legislation, has prohibited the supply of arms to the Spanish Government. "I know," is the answer, "but what else can we do 3,000 miles away when you people in the middle of it are betraying democracy and doing little or nothing for the active organisation of a peaceful world?"

I met definite friends of collective security, of whom there are a large number in the United States. Leaders of special organisations for the study of foreign policy, Liberals, Socialists, a number of the trade union leaders; and, so far as I could tell, my speeches expounding the British Labour Party's

By the Rt. Hon.
Herbert Morrison

and you muddled things in the Abyssinian business and you recognise the Italian conquest. In your own way you have victimised the constitutional Government of Spain. Your Mr. Chamberlain has been steadily moving away from co-operation with the peaceful Powers and moving towards the Fascist warmakers. Your Government has got a pre-1914 mind.

"The latest Italian agreement not only once more betrays Spain but is a full-blooded old-style imperialist document. And now your Prime Minister Chamberlain visits Lord Londonderry, whose close relations with the German Nazis are well known.

"What's the good of talking to us about co-operation with Britain and the other peaceful Powers when Britain and apparently France are themselves moving away from collective security and the League and to some extent imperialist deals with the aggressors. If your Government has got a pre-1914 mind.

"Well, Roosevelt made his quarantine speech at Chicago last Fall. A risky and courageous thing to do. He got some support and it did good, but he got a lot of criticism. And then what happened on your side? He got no real response from the British Government. On the contrary, its policy steadily got worse, and it hasn't been much good, even under Eden, since 1931. Then came the Eden resignation (or dismissal under foreign pressure) because Chamberlain wanted a still worse

foreign policy.

American instincts are sound. The people of the United States are firm champions of democracy. They are against dictatorship. They hate the tyranny and militarism of Fascism. They are genuine friends of peace. It is precisely because of their virtues that they are unwilling to run the risk of being used as catpaws by a muddled Europe and Chamberlain imperialism.

Perhaps, the only means of winning the co-operation of the American people for the collective organisation of peace is the defeat of Mr. Chamberlain's Government.

★
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The ecstatic voice, eternally over-emphasising trivial points, is the certain hallmark of the hysterical, shallow-minded person. An unnaturally soft, purring voice, assumed for the occasion, reveals the self-seeking, hypocritical type.

At the other extreme is the aggressively honest self-made man who refuses to tone down the accents of his humble childhood. While he has many excellent qualities, he is not an easy person to live with.

A dull monotone is usually assumed to betoken a vacant mind, but it may just as easily belong to the dreamer whose thoughts are far removed from the company.

A rich, well-modulated voice indicates a disciplined, sanguine-balanced personality. A voice of this type is usually the result of training, not of accident.

It is interesting, too, to note the voice of our acquaintances off guard. Think of the impression created by a woman who addresses a casual friend in dulcet tones, and immediately after is overheard shrilling a sharp reprimand at a subordinate. Hereditarily Tells

A voice, like character, is often a noteworthy heritage from parents. Quite frequently every member of the family speaks in exactly the same tones. Rider Haggard once described how the "deep, booming notes of the 'Haggard voice' were peculiar to every member of his father's family.

That a physical defect in speaking betokens extreme nervousness is generally recognised. But it is not well known that it is usually accompanied by a particularly high level of intelligence. Mr. Somerset Maugham has confessed that his stammer had a great deal to do with his adoption of a literary career. "My inability to speak properly," he commented, "made me more sensitive and introspective than I should otherwise have been, so that I see things a little differently from other people."

Then there is the question of age. With the majority of us age is inevitably betrayed by the voice. Think of the clear, musical tones of the child, of the thin reediness of the aged, not to speak of all the varying inflections in between, and it is impossible to doubt this.

★
"I don't know either how lifting the hood helps—but I always see Henry do it when he's in trouble!"



Pictures Of The Year In The Far East



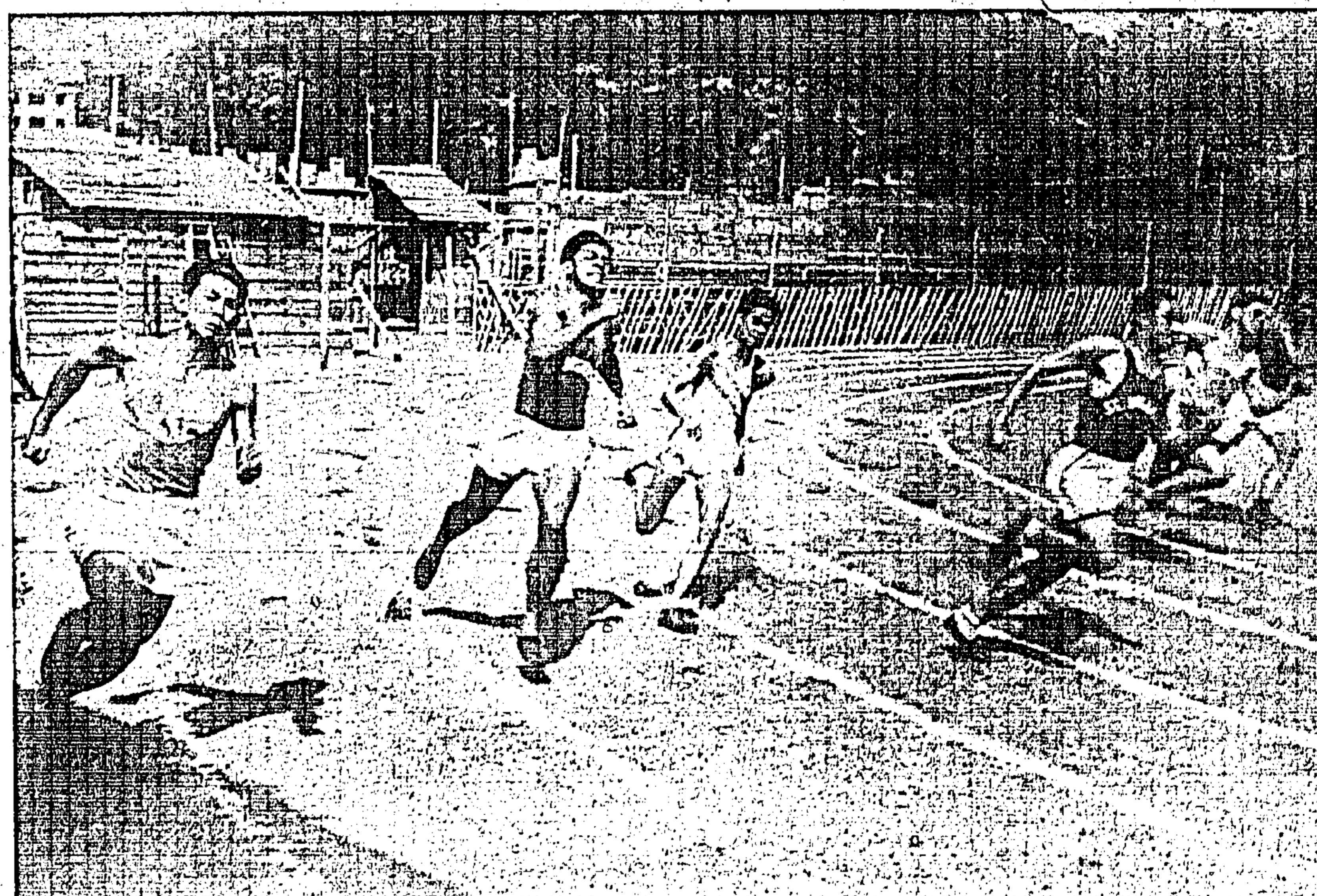
THE KISS.—This clever picture won the first prize in the Story-Telling Section, awarded to H. McKay, Bay View Police Station.



CHAMPAGNE GLASSES.—Brilliant camera effect was gained in this picture which earned for L. Liang, 9, Breezy Terrace, the first prize in the Still Life Section.



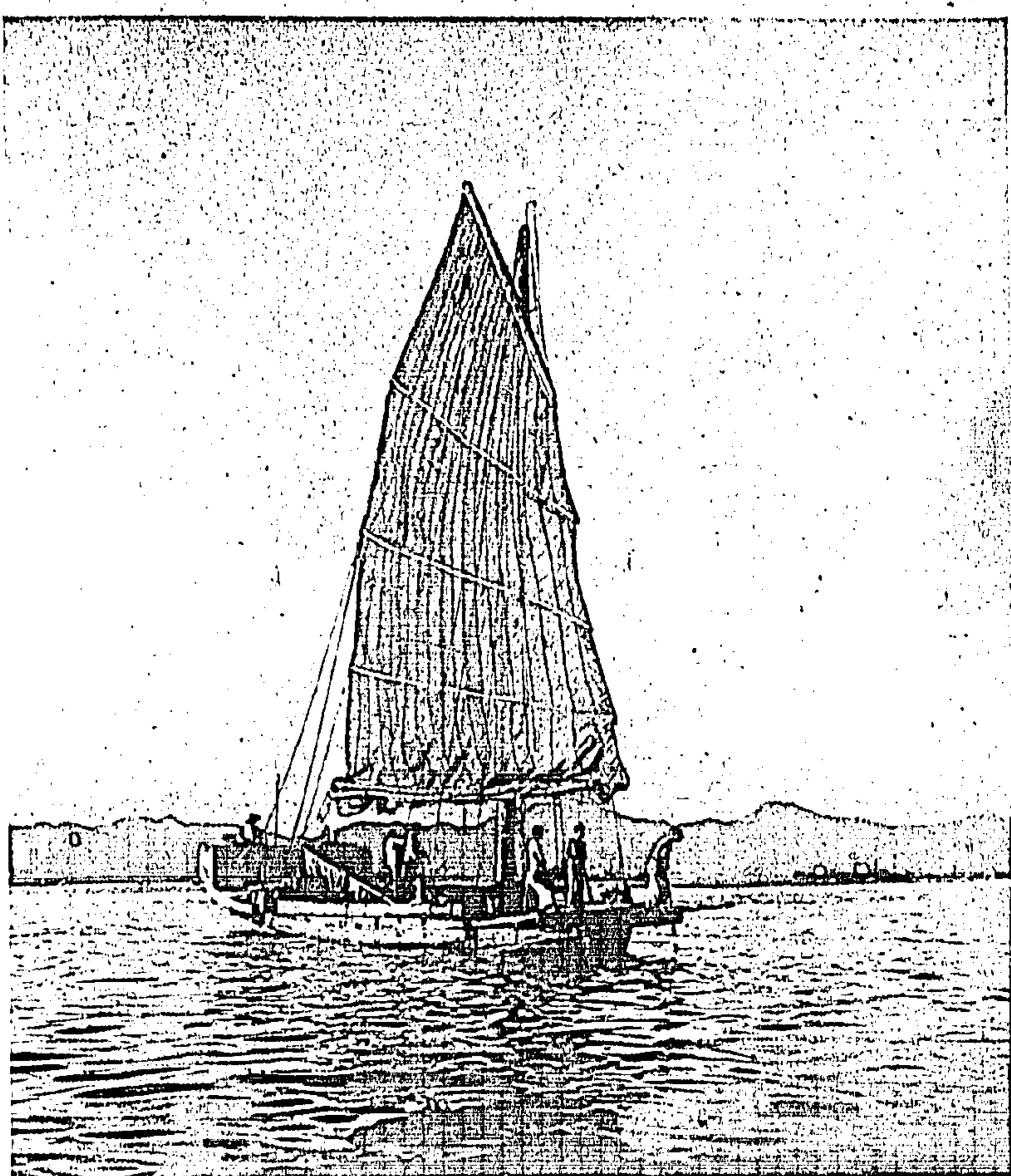
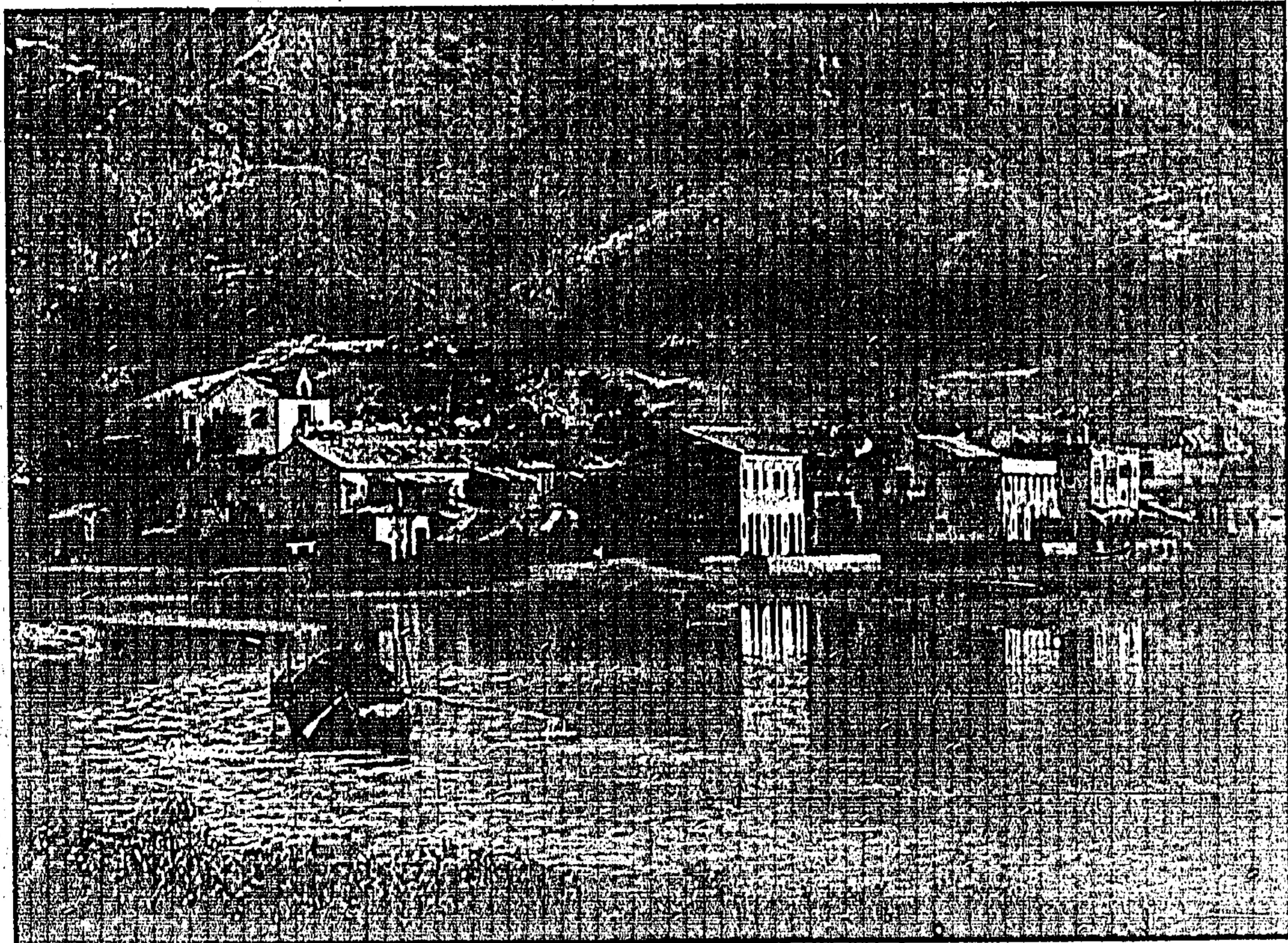
THE AWAKENING.—Awarded first Ilford Trophy for the best picture in the competition, and the first prize in Section 2, entered by Mr. George C. Lau, 8 Kent Road, Kowloon Tong.



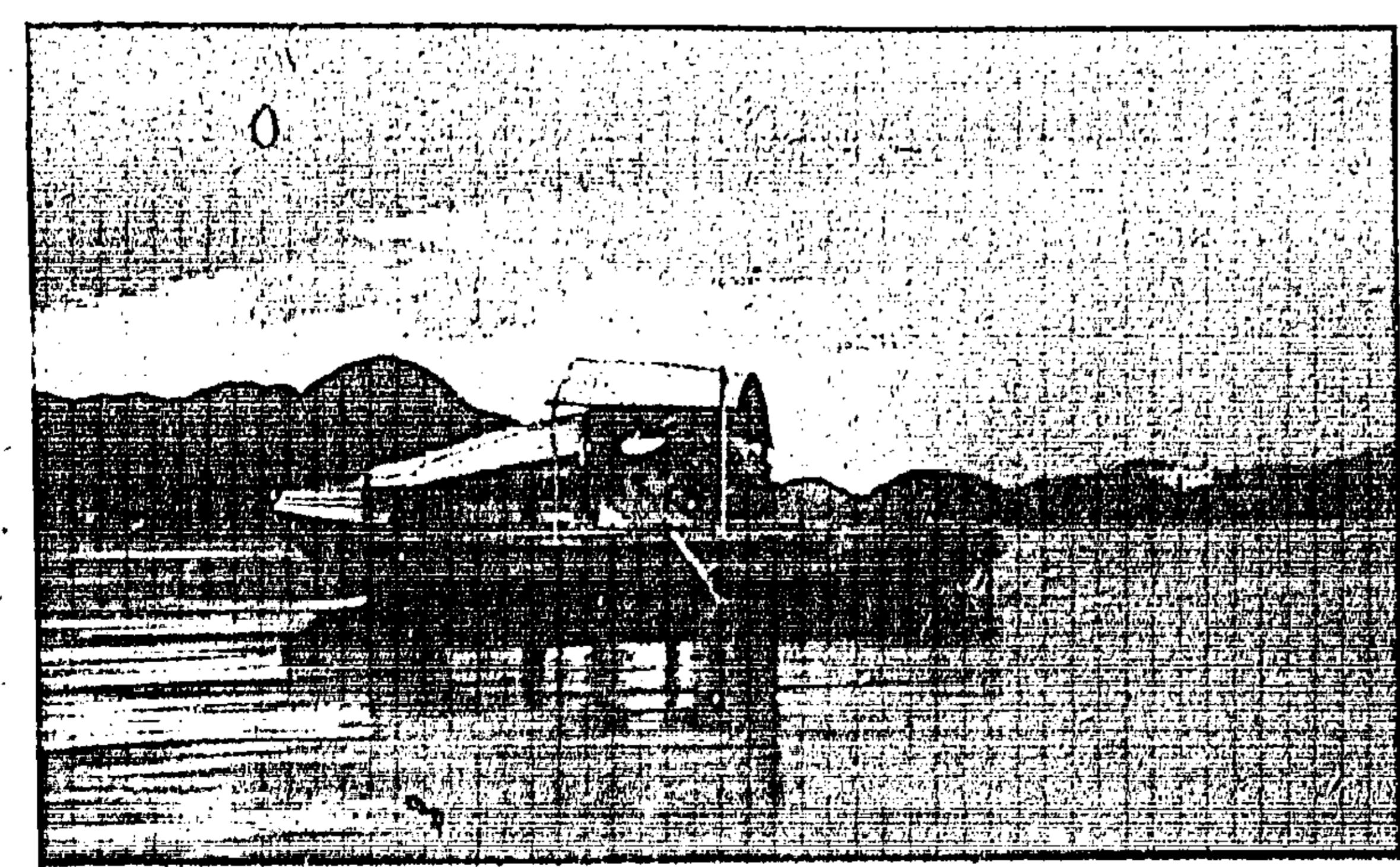
WHO IS THE WINNER?—This picture won the special presentation album for the best action study. It was entered by Danny Yau, 57, Queen's Road Central.



A GOOD GUESS.—Kwan Chung-ching's picture which won the first prize in the Children's Section.



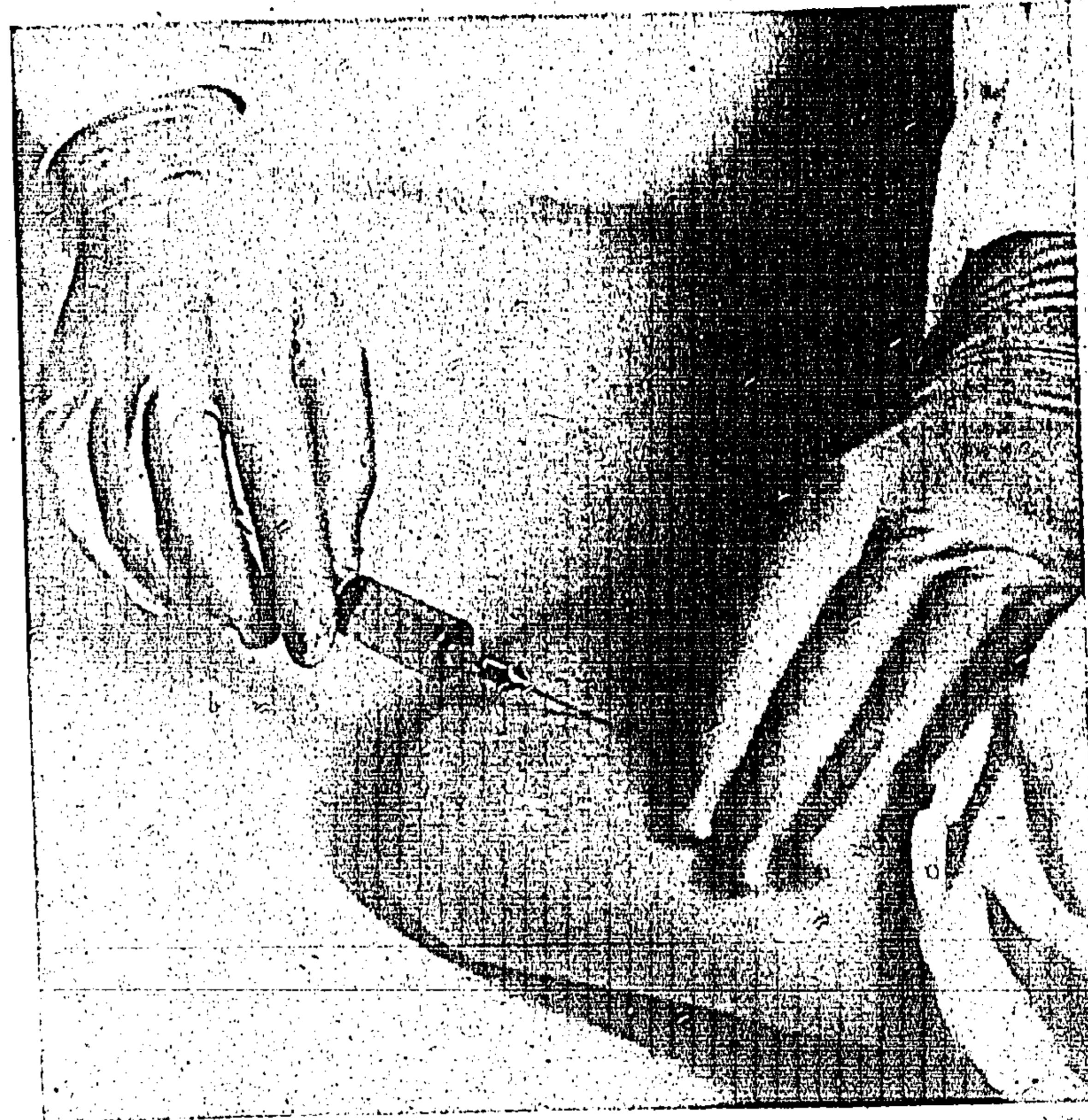
A PEACEFUL MOMENT, top left which won third prize in Section 2. Winner was Yau Hok-kan of the Naval Yard. Top right is the entry by Y. H. Hung of the German Consulate, which won the Ilford Trophy for the second best picture in the competition and the second prize in Section 2.



THE CLEVER arrangement of thermos bottles in the upper of these two pictures won for E. L. Taverner of the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, second prize in the Still Life Section, while below, the campan study, awarded second prize in the Children's Section, was won by Wong Chun-fai, 2, Lower Castle Road.

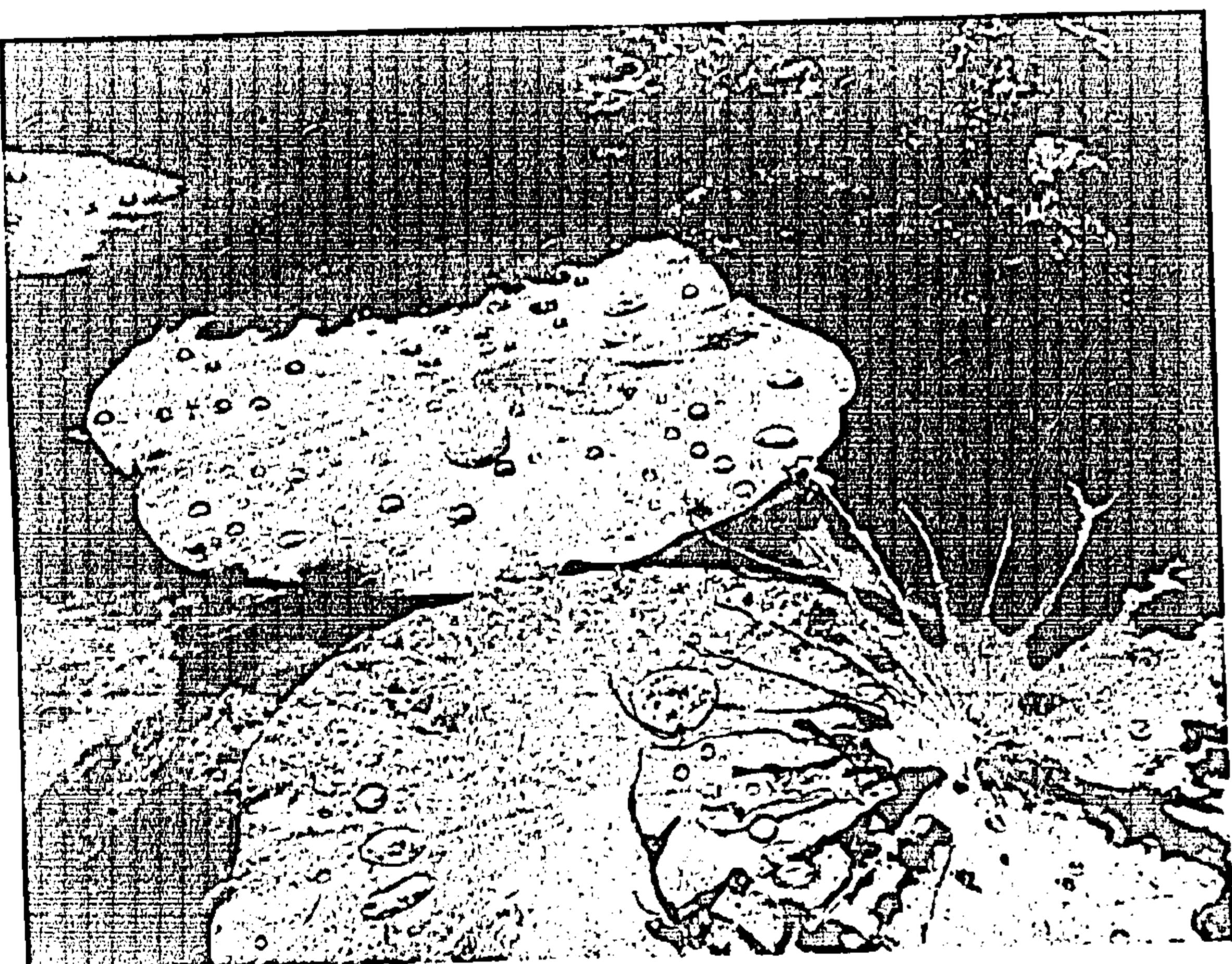


UPPER PICTURE shows a particularly graceful study by K. F. Young, 88, Connaught Road West, which is commended by the judges, and below that the "Peaceful Stream" entry by E. K. Kuk in Section 2, which was also commended.

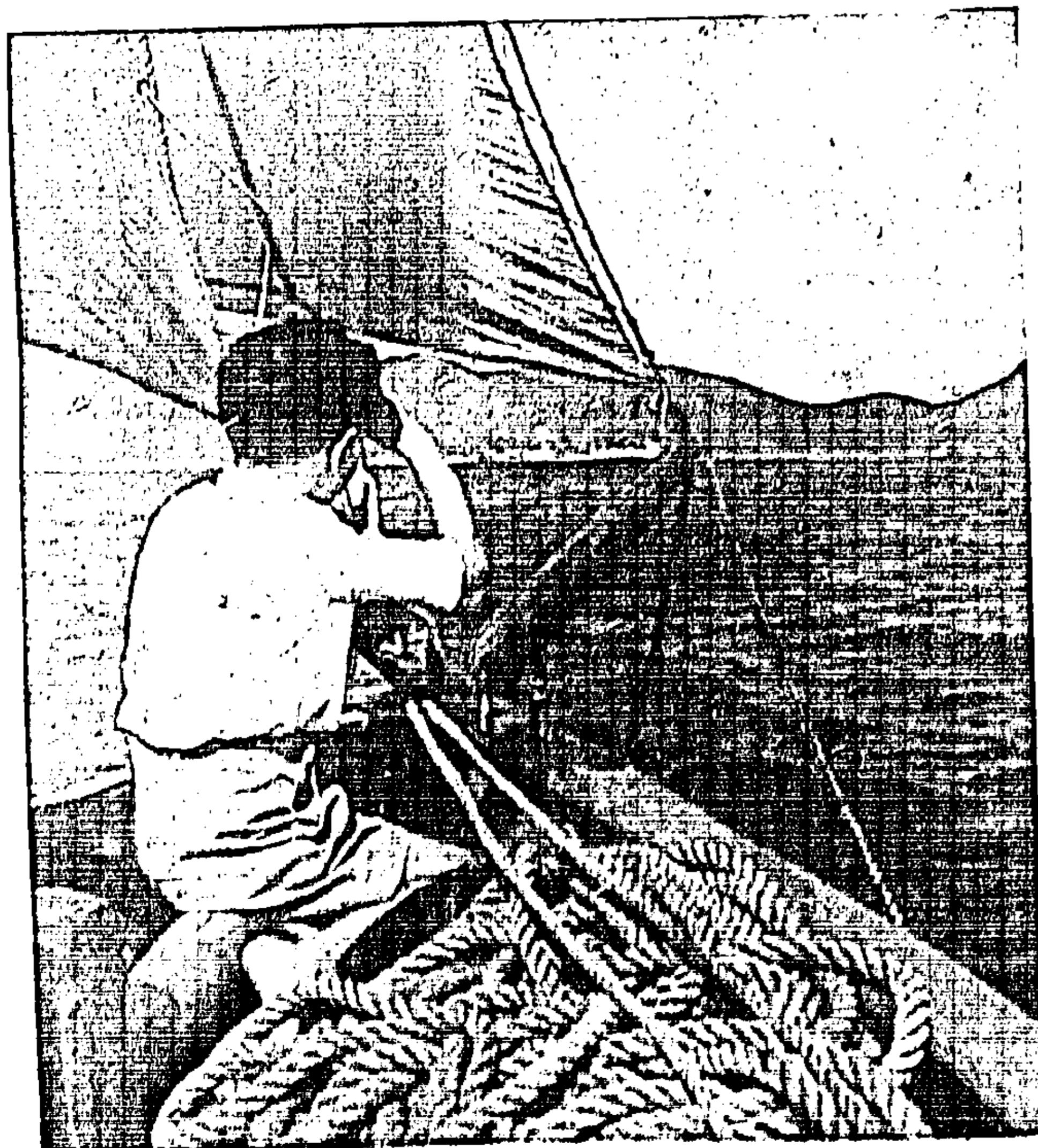


Third Prize Story Telling Section won by L. Leong.

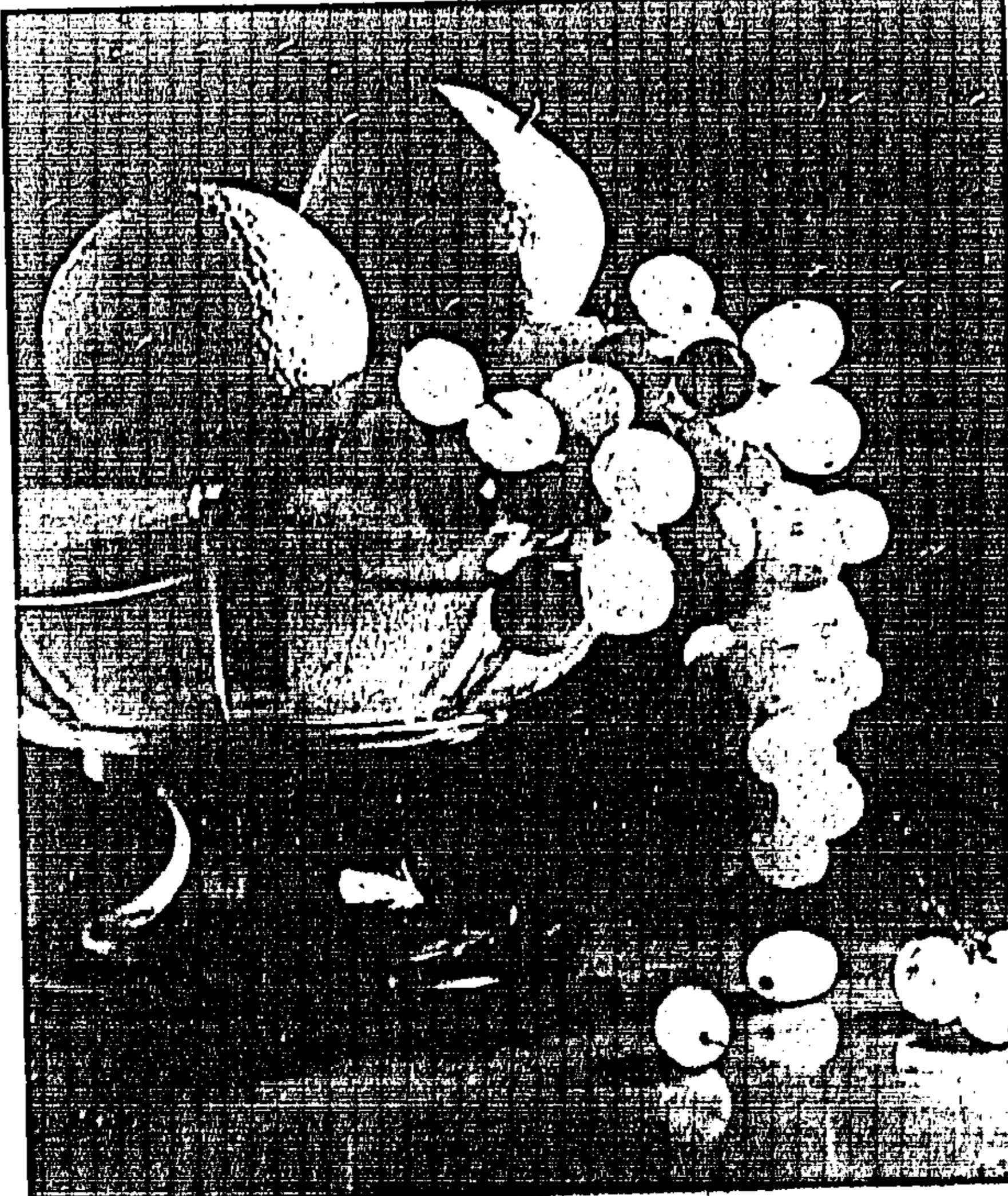
Second Prize Story Telling Section. Mrs. Elly Hess.



Third Prize in the Still Life Section. Wang Lao-sun.



Commended in the Story Telling Section. W. C. Clark.



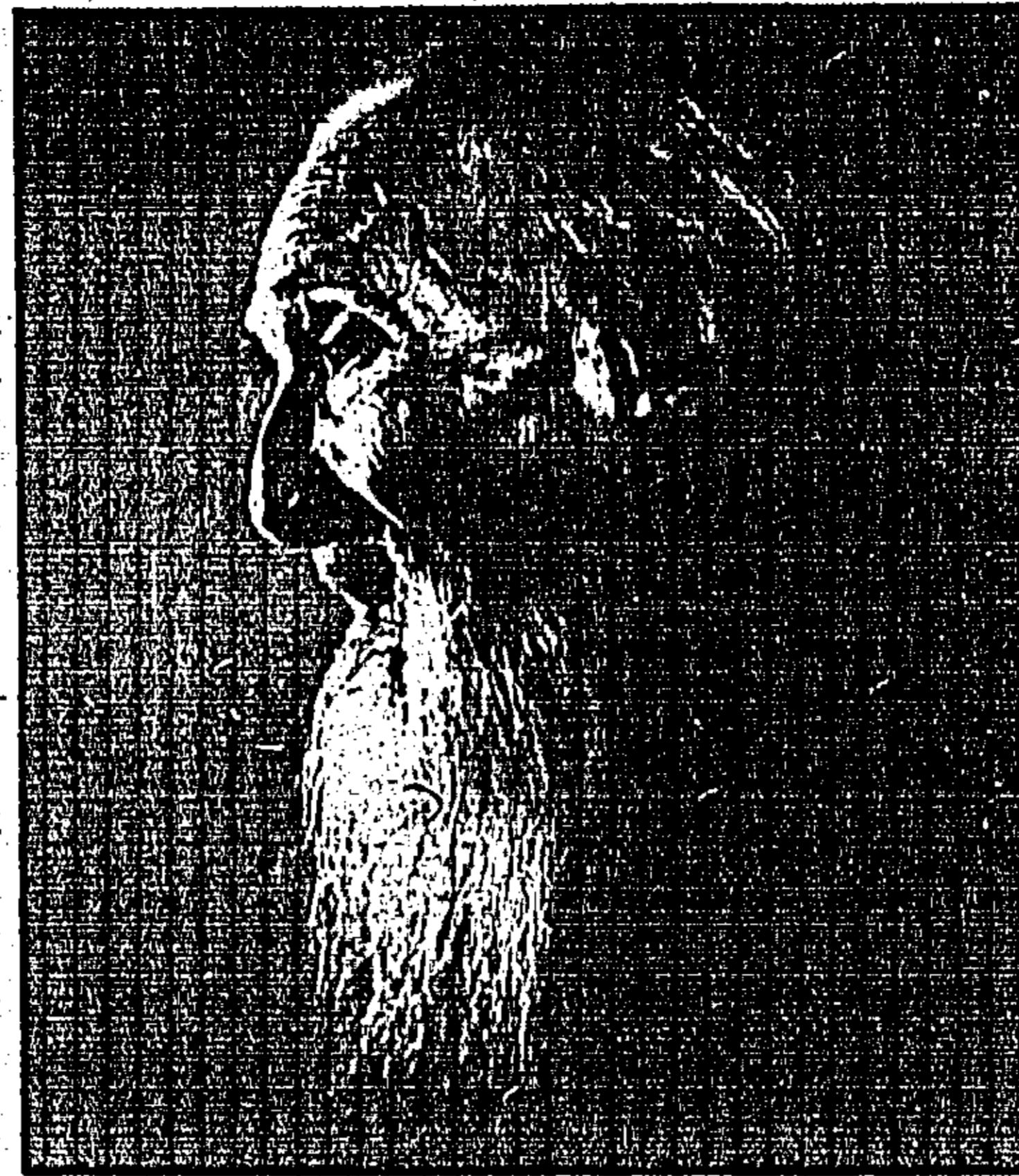
Commended in the Still Life Section. Danny Lau.



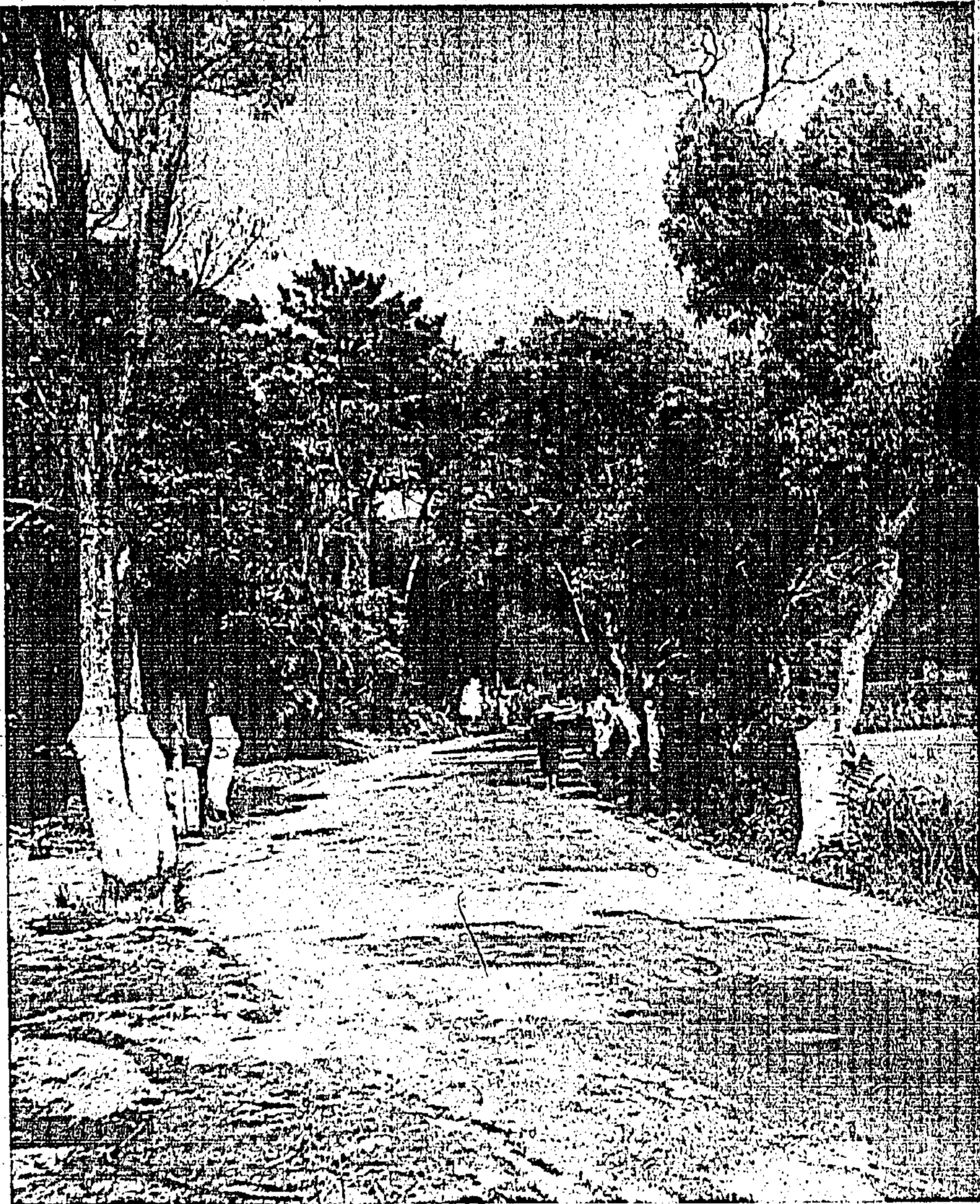
Commended in the Central Pictorial Section. Kwok Ying Chiu.



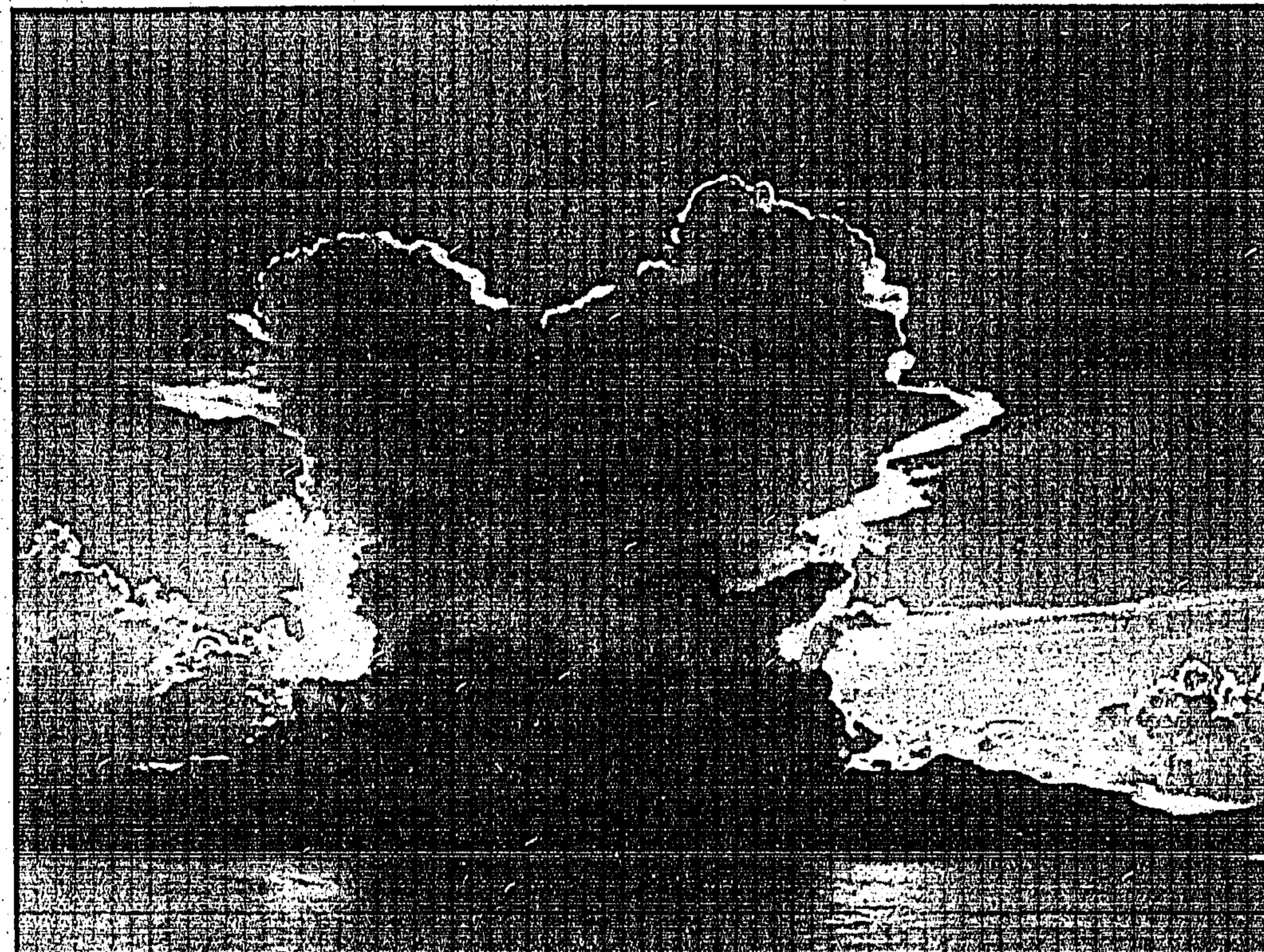
Portrait in Section 2 by Samuel Ng—Commended.



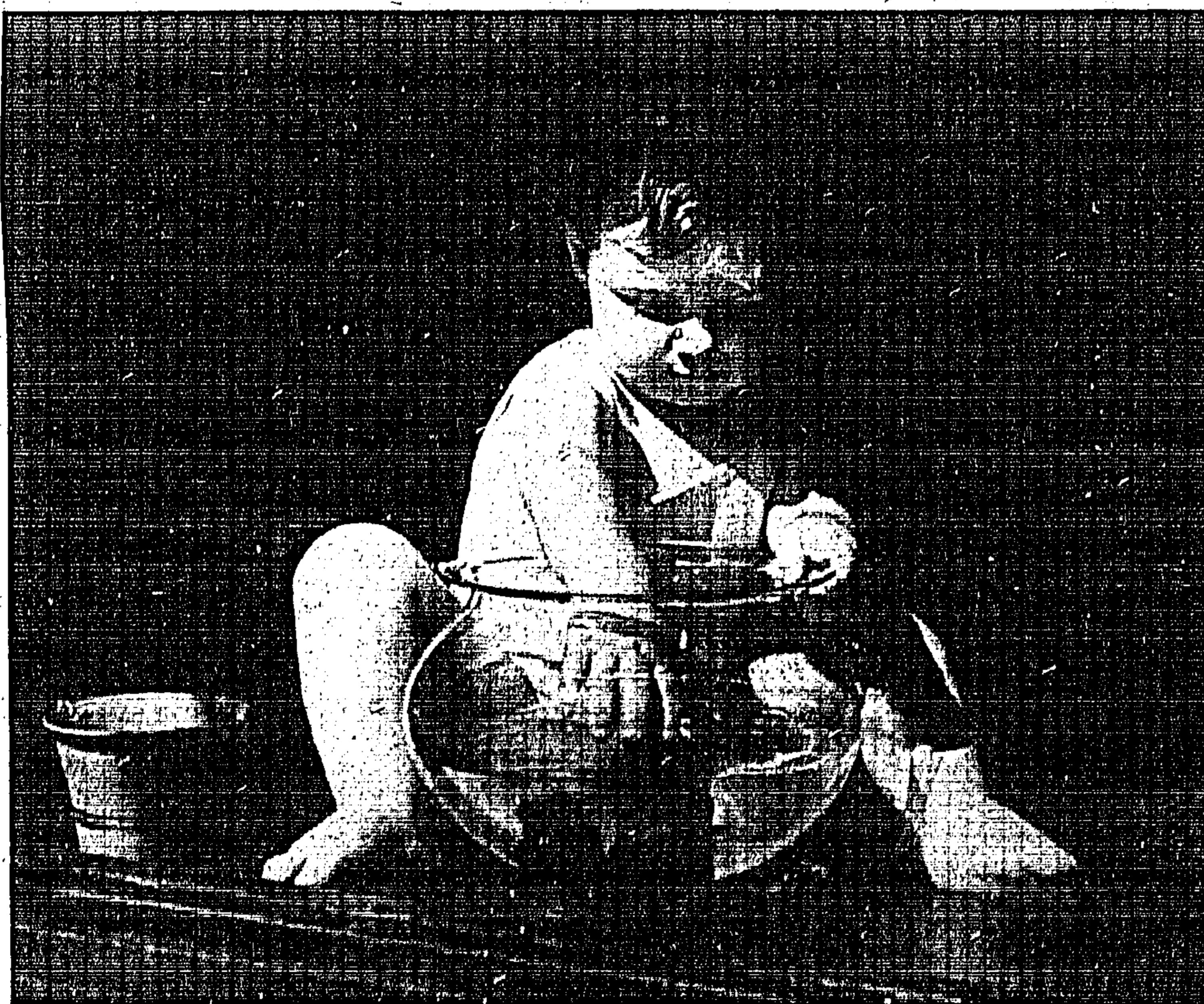
"Silver Threads" another portrait by Samuel Ng in Section 2—Commended.



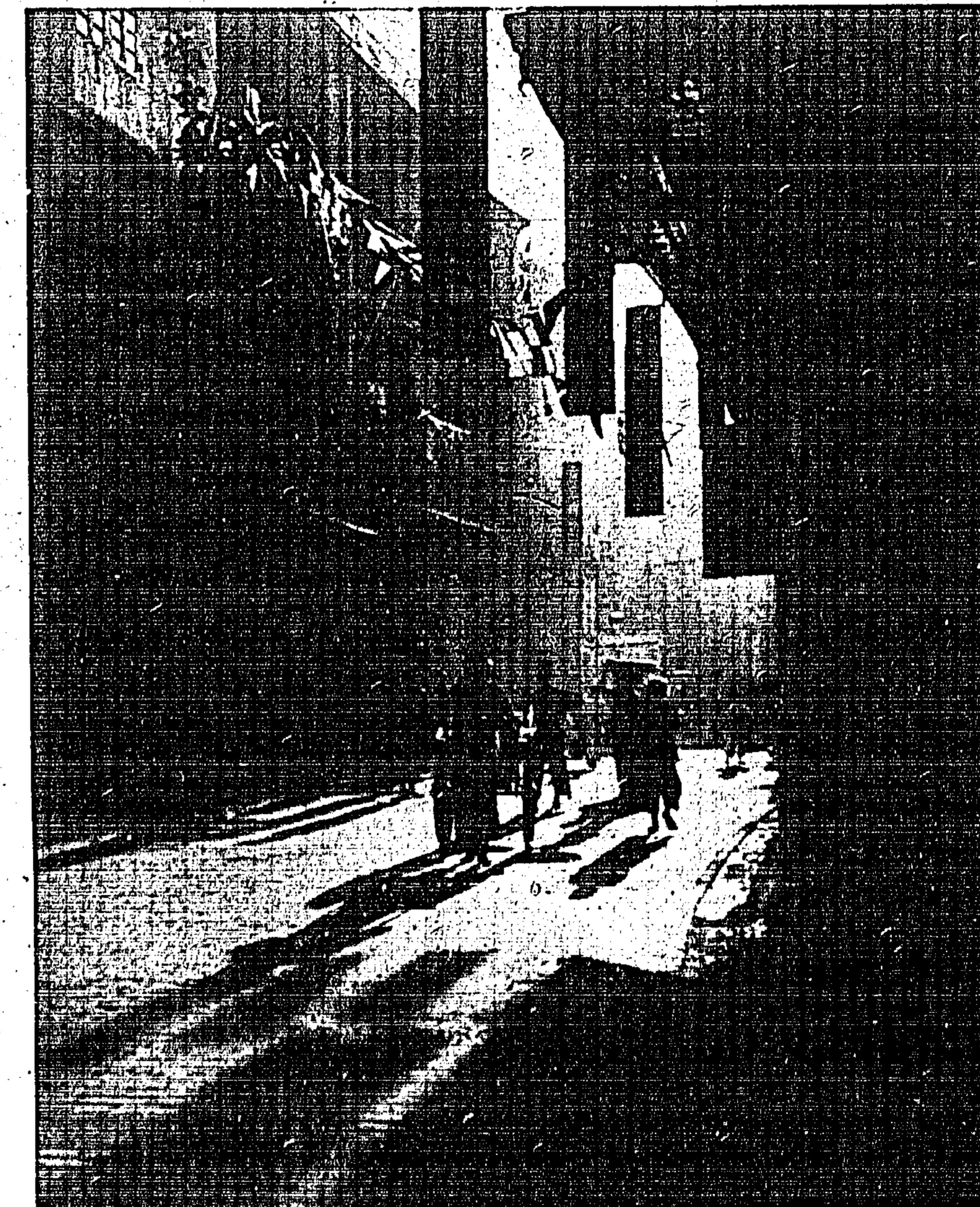
"The Road" a fine study by H. M. McKay in Section 2—Commended.



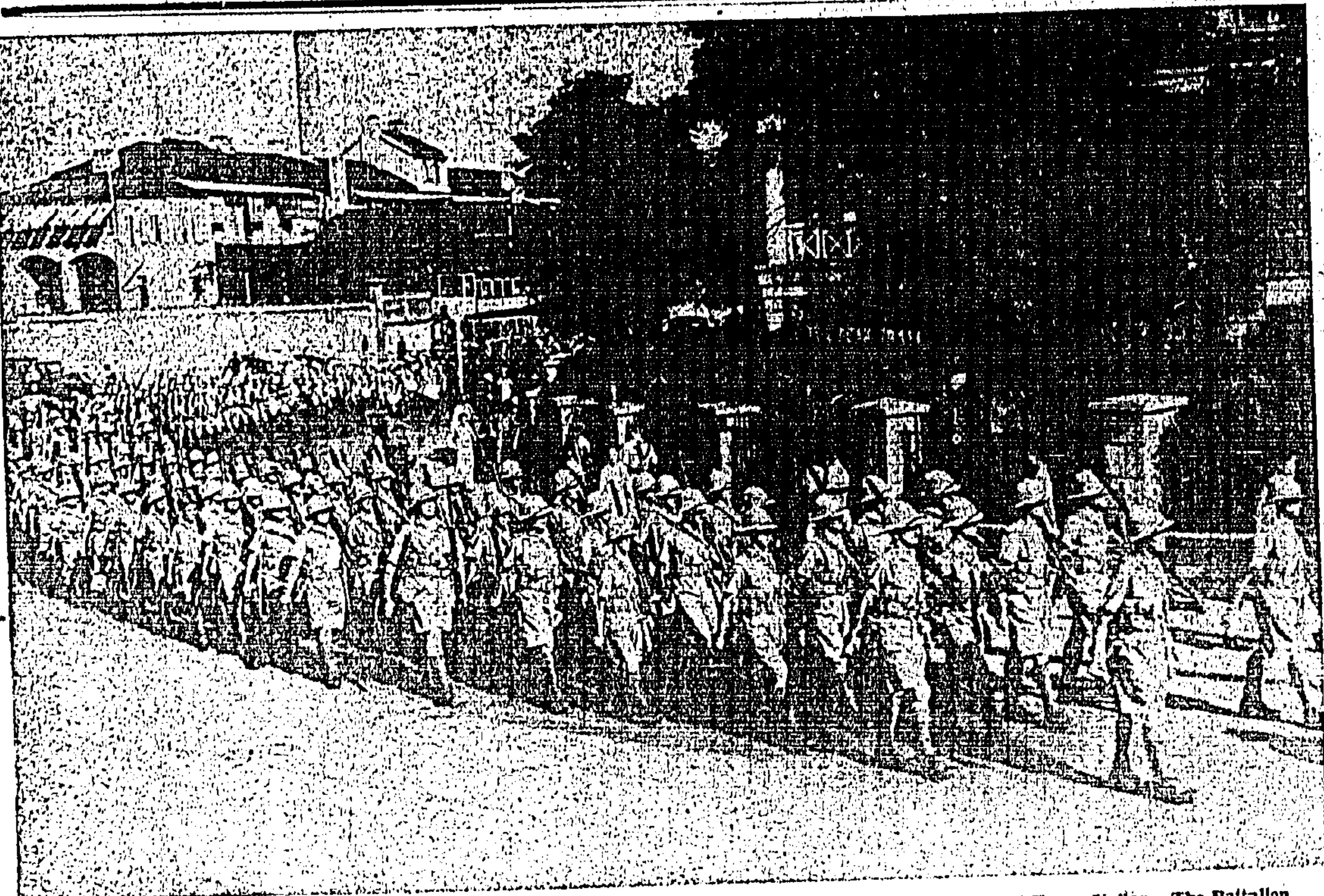
"Dawn" by Chan Kin Pong in Section 2—Commended.



Commended in Section 2, entered by N. Hildersley.



"Afternoon Light" entered in Section 2 by Hung Man Lee—Commended.



The 2nd Battalion, The East Surrey Regiment, marching from the Naval Dockyard to their new barracks at Happy Valley. The Battalion arrived in Hongkong by H.M.S. Medway yesterday from Singapore, where they were hurriedly disembarked during the European crisis whilst en route to Shanghai.

EFFORTS TO CROSS SHAHO RIVER NOT YET SUCCESSFUL

Gallant Commander of Cantonese "Old Contemptibles" Killed in Action

"Telegraph" Special Correspondent
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A MAJOR BATTLE IS NOW RAGING ON A FRONT EXTENDING FROM WONGTONG, AT THE JUNCTION OF THE CANTON-WAICHOW-PAKTONG HIGHWAYS, AND THE NORTH BANK OF THE EAST RIVER AT TAISHANG.

For thirty-six hours the Chinese forces under General Wong Chun appear to have completely stemmed the Japanese advance on Canton.

The Japanese left flank is at the junction of the East and Shaho Rivers and repeated efforts to cross the latter have been frustrated.

At Taishang, the Japanese are within five miles of Sheklung, the important Canton-Kowloon Railway city where two main bridges cross the East River.

But it is probable that a column pushing up the railway from Cheungmuktau, which left shortly before 11 o'clock yesterday morning will reach Sheklung before the Japanese troops operating north of the East River.

Heavy Chinese reinforcements continue to press into the East River area, and Chinese military headquarters are now convinced that all danger to Canton has passed.

Nevertheless, provincial and municipal headquarters have been removed from the old capital to a new and undisclosed capital in the hinterland.

RAILWAY CUT THRIC

The Canton-Kowloon Railway has been cut at several points, the nearest to Hongkong, being Pingwu, where a Japanese column arrived from Tamshui shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning.

Less than an hour later another column occupied Sheklung. Pingwu is 15 miles from the Hongkong frontier and Sheklung is about 20 miles away.

Cheungmuktau, where the Hongkong-Canton highway crosses the railway, was captured by a Japanese column which came down the highway from Waihau at 11.15 a.m.

This column is now pushing up the railway towards Sheklung, 22 miles away, obviously with the intention of threatening the southern flank of the Chinese forces north of the East River.

It is revealed that practically all of the effects of the 101st Cantonese Division, which alone fought the Japanese south of the East River was killed in action.

Among the reported dead is General Chen Shun-yung, Commander of the 18th Division and Commander-in-Chief of the Kwangtung Garrison in the Diao Bay area.

He is reported to have been seriously wounded at Pakwan during

the early stages of the fighting, and died a few hours later.

3,000 SQUARE MILES OCCUPIED

Apparently the only Chinese troops now remaining south of the East River in the area east of the Canton Highway are a few thousand volunteers who have taken to the hills and who will almost certainly become a guerrilla force, attempting to harass the lengthening Japanese lines of communication.

The area now nominally under Japanese control comprises approximately 3,000 square miles, about eight times the area of the whole of Hongkong.

It comprises the major portion of the County of Waiyung, and con-

tains a population of about 5,000,000 people.

In Diao Bay the Japanese have now occupied the entire 75-mile coastline, including Taiping Peninsula.

From Taiping Bay the Japanese can, if they wish, bathe in the waters of Hongkong, since the entire high-water mark foreshore of Mirs Bay and the waters of the Bay itself are a portion of Hongkong. The land above high-water mark on the northern and eastern shores is Chinese territory.

No Japanese troops have yet appeared in Mirs Bay coastal townships. A British warship is anchored in the bay.

CONSTRUCTING WHARVES

Shipping activity still continues in Diao Bay, and the Japanese are now recruiting Chinese laborers and peasants to construct wharves and other facilities in the eastern portion of the Bay, indicating that they contemplate making this area the headquarters for all operations in South China.

There is a goodly depth of water all around the Diao Bay coast, capable of floating the largest Japanese warships or transports.

A constant stream of Japanese tanks, artillery and Army lorries loaded with soldiers are rumbling along the highway to Waihau. Japanese supplies are freely coming from China, in order to strengthen the highway, which at several points is in a deplorable state.

A Japanese aerodrome is being constructed near Hatchung and con-

First Snowfall In Japan

TOKYO, Oct. 18. The first snowfall in the season is reported from various parts of Japan proper including Karuizawa, famous summer resort, Mt. Fuji, Morioka in Fukushima Prefecture and other districts in northeastern Japan.—Dowet.

another near Sheklung.

BRITISH NAVAL LANDS IN CANTON

CANTON, Oct. 18. A British naval party landed yesterday evening, doing 44 miles only sentry duty. The Chinese emergency forces have been called up to duty commencing to-day.

No alarm is felt as the steps taken are merely precautionary to cope with a possible attempt by refugees to storm the island.—Reuter.

CANTON'S DEFENCE

CANTON, Oct. 18. Preparations continue for the defence of Canton. A semi-official spokesman told Reuter that rumors of a Chinese report of the marvelous progress of the Japanese forces were entirely untrue.

He maintained that they were spread by Japanese agents.

In this connection, another man in the streets last evening believed that the Japanese had occupied Sheklung, and would be in the city in a couple of days.—Reuter.

NO LARGE FLEET OFF SWATOW

SWATOW, Oct. 18. The reported movements of a large fleet off Swatow are unfounded.

Inward ships report that one transport and three destroyers are at Clipper Roads.

It is also stated that the Namkang and Pak Kang entrances to the harbour are blocked.—Reuter.

MASSING FOR MAJOR BATTLE

HANKOW, Oct. 18. Chinese forces are at present massing in the hills to the west of Pekio for a major battle against the Japanese who are now pushing westward towards Canton, declared a Chinese military spokesman at a press conference yesterday evening.

The Chinese hold the well-constructed defence line between Taeng-chu and Sheklung in the Tuyu lower mountain ranges east of the Kowloon-Canton railway, the Japanese being 20 kilometres away.

Referring to the Yengtso situation, the spokesman pointed out that Japanese warships were in the river about 72 miles from Hankow, while a Japanese column, which was trying to cut highway and railway communications south of Hankow were now 40 kilometres from the highway between Hankow and Changsha and 50 kilometres from the Canton-Hankow railway.

Strong Chinese forces, the spokesman asserted, were concentrated in the hills to the east of Tungshien in an attempt to check the Japanese westward advance towards the highway and Changsha.

The spokesman expressed the opinion that it would be difficult for the Japanese warships to steam up the river towards Hankow as the Chinese shore batteries on both banks of the Yangtze between Huanghsiukang and Nogchen would subject the warships to intensive fire.—Reuter.

BOCCA TIGRIS THREAT FROM EAST

ALTHOUGH THE MAIN Chinese defences north of the East River are holding steadfast along a line stretched from Wongtong to the north bank of the East River, a new and grave threat is now developing.

It now appears that the Japanese column which struck down the main Canton-Hongkong highway from Waihau to Cheungmuktau—the latter place was captured by the Japanese yesterday morning—is of much greater dimensions than was at first thought.

The Japanese Army is now striking simultaneously in two directions. One army is proceeding up the Canton-Kowloon railway track to Sheklung, where the railway crosses the East River, while another body is striking directly across country towards Bocca Tigris Forts.

The column from Cheungmuktau to Fumusai, near where the Pearl River fort is situated, is entirely flat and is most suitable for operations by Japanese mechanized units, of which considerable numbers are being employed.

The column striking westward is reported to have reached Tialong, about five miles west of the railway. Tialong is connected by highway with the Pearl River delta area.

Chinese sources admit that Cheungmuktau, the railway centre near Tialong, has been evacuated and that the Japanese have occupied the city.

It is reported that the retreating Chinese have been ordered to make a strong stand across the railway midway between Cheungmuktau and Sheklung, as it is imperative that the latter city be guarded in order to protect the right flank and rear of the Chinese army which is holding up the Japanese north of the East River.

PAVE WAY FOR NAVY

Bocca Tigris forts are only forty-five miles west of Cheungmuktau. Should they fall into Japanese hands, the way will be paved for a Japanese naval advance up the Pearl River in similar fashion to the advance up the Yangtze River in the north.

A War Supervisory Corps has been dispatched to the East River front by Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek.

It is said that this Corps has strict orders that any officers or men who retreat are to be executed on the spot without Court Martial.

Although the Japanese claim that their advance guard is pushing on toward Tsangcheng, north of the East River, reports from other sources indicate that the Chinese line is rapidly widening as the defenders seek to intact the Japanese, still remains intact at all points.

The fall of Pekio, exclusively reported by the "Telegraph" yesterday, has been confirmed in an official communiqué issued this morning, which states that the Japanese forces entered the city at 3 o'clock on Sunday afternoon.

BRITISH SUBJECTS EVACUATED

Evacuation of British subjects from Shum Chun which started on Sunday was completed this morning. Telephone communications are now definitely severed, and the Kowloon-Canton Railway are only running services to and from Faafu.

CHINESE BLOW UP RAIL BRIDGES

The Chinese have blown up the steel bridge at Tongtai, about 16 miles north of Shumchun and have removed all telegraph wires from the railway.

The line has thus been effectively broken between Hongkong and Canton by rail and in addition, all the wooden bridges on the new road from China into the New Territories at Shungshui, have been destroyed.

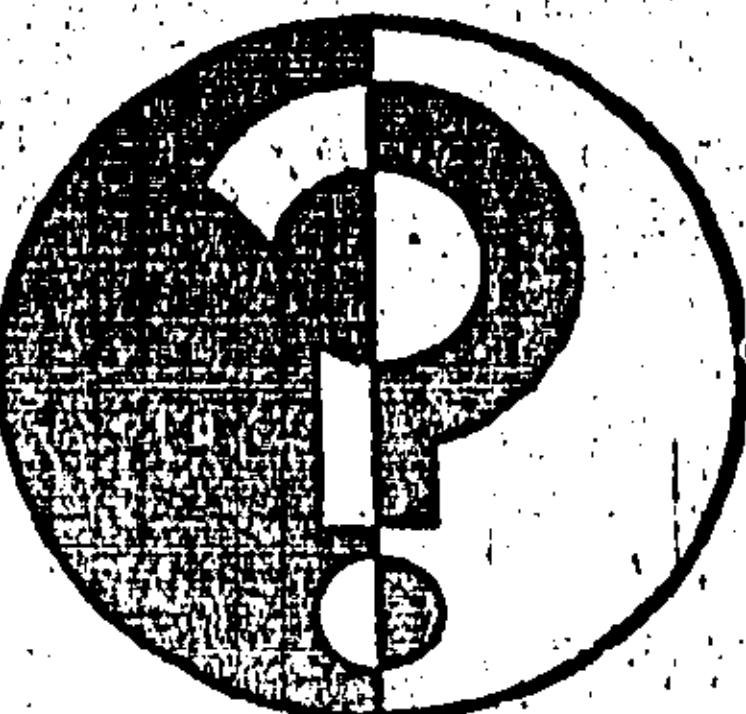
Canton has deliberately isolated itself from the outside world and drawn back on the interior for its defence.

FOUR FURTHER CASES OF CHOLERA

Yesterday's cooler weather did not bring a corresponding decrease in the cholera incidence, and four new cases, all from Kowloon, were reported, making the year's total number of victims up to 409.

During the week-ending October 18, sixteen cases of cholera were reported, in Hongkong, with seven deaths resulting.

Only one new notification of dysentery was made during the past 24 hours, but there were two cases of diphtheria and one enteric fever, which was imported.



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lived happily ever
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an over.

COMING SOON! WATCH FOR IT!

Local Week-End Cricket Matches Reviewed By "R. Abbit"

On the whole, the wickets on Saturday last in the Colony were rather on the "jam-pot" side, some of them possibly being too slow to be really difficult, others being quite unpleasant. I only managed to see the Club and Civil Service match myself, and having read a very, very brief critic of that in a local paper I feel once more how hopeless it is to try and criticize a match on the score sheet! More of this anon. I can only say that I will do my best to guess the probabilities and I shall have to continue doing so until someone explains to me how I can see four or five matches at the same time.

The K.C.C. batted first against a [D. Crary and Sargent all got runs. Singularly "stranger" Army side and did very comfortably. None of the Army bowling had very much claim to be considered dangerous in any case and Donald Anderson and R. T. Broadbridge did very much as they liked with it. Things, of course, are at present completely disorganized and one cannot expect a regular Army side. They did well enough to draw, Sergeant Baker making 30 and Godby 35 not out. I was glad to see that Man was able to play again after his nasty accident in the Interport trial. For some reason or other, however, he was only down last man. I rather gather cricket is a bit difficult for the Middlesex Regiment at the moment.

Lee and Lloyd did most of the bowling for the K.C.C., who, I notice had Captain Whitmarsh playing for them. It has not yet got into form with the bat.

I.R.C. TROUNCHED

Playing over at King's Park the I.R.C. got a bad beating from Recreio. The wicket apparently suited A. P. Pereira, who must have bowled very much better than he had been doing in the Interport trials. His figures read 164-5-21-7 which must be accounted an excellent performance. The Indian batting completely collapsed with the exception of A. H. Madan and A. R. Kitchell who both got double figures. They were all out for 52 runs and of those extras claimed no less than 10!

The Recreio did not do very much better, but with E. L. Gomes making 10, L. G. Gomes 25, and A. P. Pereira 14 they got up to 92. Minu had 0 for 45.

The same thing happened in the junior match between these Clubs, for Recreio made 100 and the I.R.C. could do no better than 80. K. M. Rummahn and A. Baker did best for the I.R.C. and they were, I think, pretty well worth their places in the first eleven. A. J. M. Fruta was top scorer for Recreio with 25.

THE DIE-HARDS

The Civil Service second eleven managed to get into three figures, thanks to A. Warr and I. P. Tamworth but no-one else could do very much besides. The Cricket Club had little difficulty in hitting off the runs. Incidentally I begin to feel terribly elderly, as I find I used to play cricket with Tamworth's father in North Devon. There are signs, by the way, that the Civil Service second eleven may buck up quite a bit this season.

SCHOOL DOES WELL

The D.B.S. made 141 for 0 declared against the University. F. J. Lay,

Watching Skip's Wood



Players watching anxiously as W. V. Field rolled his wood in the game between the Shanghai Interport Bowls team and a Kowloon F. C. rink. The visitors won by the close margin of one shot, the final scores being 21-20. Seen in the picture are (left to right), J. M. C. Lopes, K. L. Swarizell, T. Ferguson, R. Hall and V. Chittenden—Staff Photographer.

HENRY COTTON DETHRONES THE GOLF QUEENS

(By A Correspondent)

London, Oct. 7. This goes to show how unpredictable golf form is. About eleven o'clock yesterday morning at Maylands golf course, near Romford, the betting was evens on the match in which Henry Cotton was to play the "best ball" of Lady Heathcoat-Amory (Joyce Wethered), Miss Enid Wilson and Mme. Simone Lacoste.

The argument was that Cotton might outdrive his three opponents by a long, long way (which he did), but that they would be there in the end to catch him up with their approaching and putting.

But it was Cotton who did the approaching and putting. To expected tremendous drives he added unexpected enormous putts. Indeed, he putted the women right out of the second you can write them off. Both have the idea of the game, field well and can send down a length ball besides playing with a straight bat. Whitley also bowled very well and it is a great pity he is not more consistent. The Club batting was useful, with little to extend it. Incidentally McLellan is much more effective if used often in small doses rather than if he is put on and kept on, even if he does prefer the latter treatment.

The Club, of course could hardly be judged by the game. They have Alec Pearce to come in, and will be a useful all round side, especially if Acl Bowker sticks to the game and they can turn out a pretty regular eleven. This chopping and changing is what they have been suffering from for the past two or three years.

INTERNATIONAL SOCCER TEAMS FOR MATCHES

Offer Made To Budge To Turn "Pro"

Chicago, Oct. 17. The well-known sports promoter, Mr. Jack Harris, announced to-day that he has offered Donald Budge \$75,000 with an option of "liberal percentage" to turn professional and to go on tour in 1939.

Mr. Harris said that Budge had requested \$100,000.—United Press.

NO COMMITMENTS

Oakland, Cal., Oct. 17. Donald Budge stated here, "I have made no commitments in reply to Mr. Harris's offer of \$75,000. I have been thinking it over and I may accept \$100,000".—United Press.

COTTON DOES NOT LIKE 14- CLUB RULE

"Interfering With Players' Liberty"

London, Oct. 3. The R. and A. has, as is well known, decided that after the next spring meeting at St. Andrews the 14 club rule will be enforced. In addition it is suggested that a change in the ball may come to keep down big hitting.

Cotton does not like it, and this is what he says: "Firstly, I consider the 14 club law unnecessary. It is just another to add to a list of rules already more numerous than those of any other sport. Besides, I feel it is one aimed merely at a few players. I can think of less than a hundred golfers who carry more than 14 clubs. I do not know of a first-class player to-day who carries so many clubs as to be conspicuous—the average is from 14 to 18. The extra ones now deemed to be too many would be only the spares or clubs with which to play odd shots and to take risks when lying near a tree or from a bad lie. My own set comprises 18, although occasionally I carry a bigger and heavy club for digging out of the tough spots. Here is my bagful!"

Woods—Driver, brassie, spoon, and lofted spoon, being numbers 1, 2, 3, 4.

Irons—Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6½, 7, 7½, 8, sand iron and putter.

"That does not make a gargantuan bag, and yet I would be beyond the pale. So one of the first weaknesses of the new rule is that the R. and A. are interfering with a player's liberty. And this restriction might even lead to the point when the set of 14 clubs would have to be of a given specification. Then we would see who can play the game. Clubs could almost be made to some impossible standard. I do not think the new move will ruin the professionals financially, but it certainly will stop the keen amateur from buying those extra clubs to put in his bag."

"For the other side, it is argued that 14 clubs are too many—seven or eleven should be the limit. But, as I believe that making fourteen is already an interference, you can guess what I think of that!"

Our Own Correspondent,

Kowloon Football Club Miss Chance Of Forcing A Tie

Beaten By Single Shot By Shanghai Interporters

By "Abo"

The Kowloon Football Club, champions of the Third Division in the Hongkong Lawn Bowls League during the 1938 season, entertained the Shanghai Interport team on their green yesterday, and the home representatives did very well indeed to hold the visitors to a one-shot margin. The final scores were 21-20 in favour of the Shanghai rink.

Call-Over For Cesarewitch Announced

London, Oct. 17. The following is the latest call-over for the Cesarewitch:

100/0 Black Spear (o), 13/1 (t) and wicket.
100/1 Dubonnet (t and o).
100/2 Salmace (o), 15/1 (t).
15/1 Skipeworth (t and o).
17/1 Snake Lightning (t and o).
17/1 Contrevi (t and o).
17/1 Fct (o), 18/1 (t).
22/1 Loveneget (t and o).
22/1 Olympus (o), 25/1 (t).
22/1 Earth Stopper (o), 25/1 (t).
25/1 Stainless Stephen (o), 28/1 (t).
25/1 Queen Shilling (o), 28/1 (t).
25/1 Nettlewood (o).
25/1 Harewood (t and o).
28/1 Mubarak (o), 33/1 (t).
33/1 Fox Star (o).
33/1 Celeste II (o).
40/1 Ransfield (t and o).
50/1 Gypso (t and o).
50/1 Near Relation (o).
60/1 Holmchase (t and o).
8/1 Ic. ponant (o).
100/1 Valerian (t and o).
100/1 Sir Calidore (t and o).—Reuter.

A sa matter of fact, the K.F.C. quartette had a great opportunity of making a tie of the encounter on the last head. Shanghai were leading by three shots, but the K.F.C. were having two when W. V. Field, their skip, had his last wood to go. Had he been able to make it into a counter, the scores would have been levelled at 21-21, but he was a trifl too heavy and went through.

Though he failed with his last wood, it was Field who gave the K.F.C. the opportunity of possibly squaring the match. The visitors were lying three when the slips went down to roll on the last head, but with his first wood, Field broke up the lay and the jack sprang sideways to give the K.F.C. two.

LATE EFFORT

Hugh Wallace and W. J. MacDermott stood out from the Shanghai rink, the visitors being represented by K. L. Swarizell, A. M. Gullerez, J. M. C. Lopes and W. J. Brierley (skip). The Kowloon F.C. were represented by R. Hall, V. Chittenden, T. Ferguson and W. V. Field (skip). Because Shanghai had established an early lead and also because there were many loose heads, the match was not really interesting until the few ends when the K.F.C. made their effort to snatch the game out of the fire. With a five, followed with a two, the Shanghai men were already seven shots ahead after the first two ends. At the end of the sixth, they led 9-8 and at the end of the 11th by 15-7. The K.F.C. scored six shots in four heads from the 12th to the 15th, but a four on the 16th put the visitors further in the lead by 19-13. On the next three ends, however, the local men scored two, one and two in that order to take themselves only one shot away from their opponents' score. Shanghai registered a break on the 20th and though the K.F.C. also had a two on the last head, they were still one shot in arrears.

Scores:

	Shanghai	Kowloon F.C.
1	5	5
2	2	7
3	7	1
4	1	8
5	1	9
6	9	2
7	2	11
8	11	2
9	3	5
10	14	2
11	1	7
12	15	3
13	1	11
14	15	1
15	15	1
16	4	13
17	19	2
18	19	1
19	19	2
20	21	18
21	21	20

Miss Scriven Retains Her Tennis Title

London, Oct. 17. In the Queen's Club women's tennis final, played to-day, Miss Margaret Scriven, holder, defeated Miss McElveen by 6-3, 4-0, 6-1.—Reuter.

Baron Von Cramm In Good Health

Berlin, Oct. 17. Relatives of Baron Gottfried von Cramm, the German tennis ace who was released from prison on Sunday, said he was in good health before his release.

They declined to discuss details of his plans for the future.—United Press.



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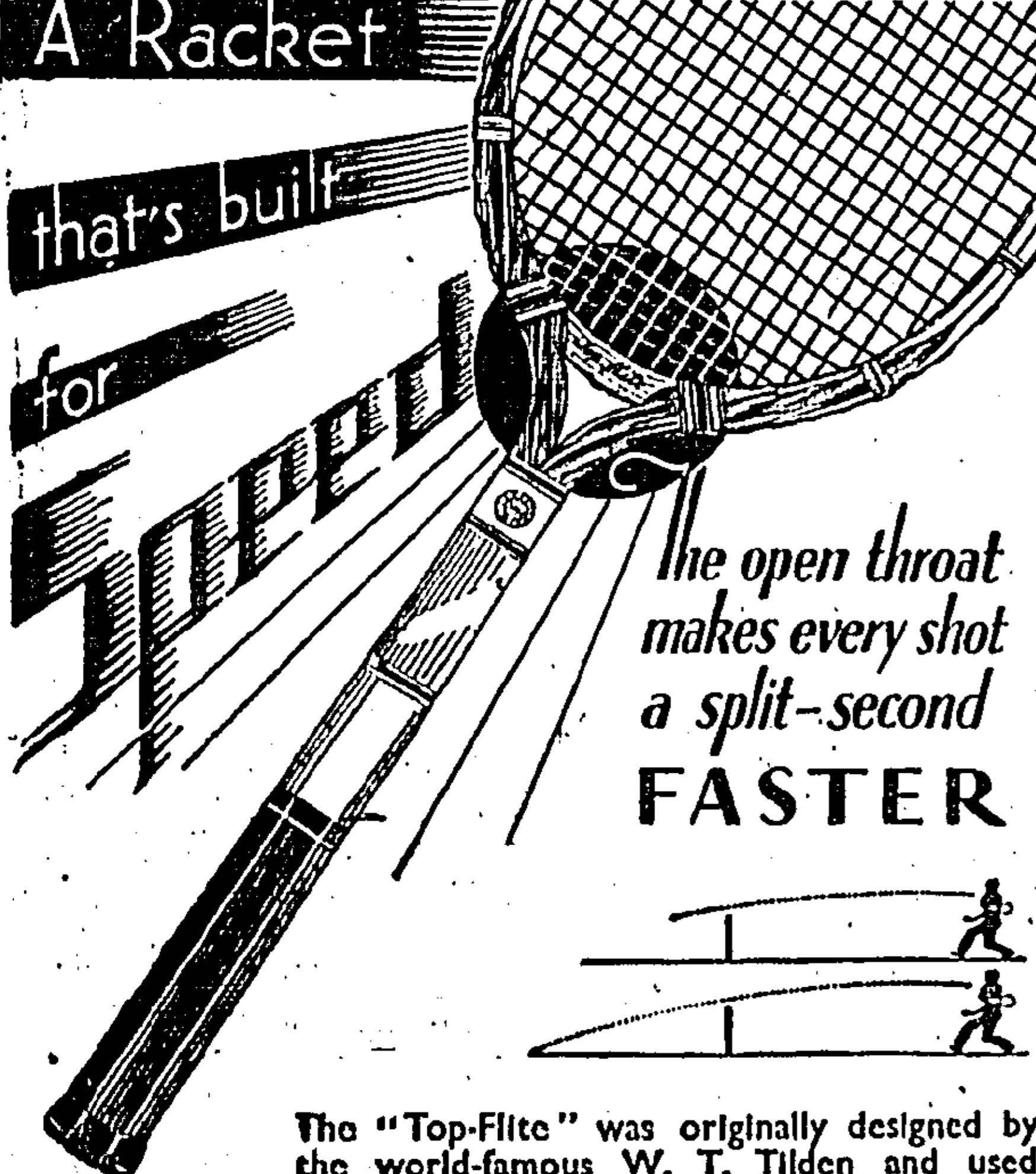
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TURKISH DICTATOR GRAVELY ILL

Disquieting Weakness Results In Fears

ANKARA, Oct. 17. President Kemal Ataturk is gravely ill, owing to a worsening of his liver complaint.

A communiqué states that while the complaint followed the normal course on Sunday, the President's illness suddenly disclosed symptoms of progressive general weakness, nervous indigestion, and a quickened pulse.

Following consultations among the physicians treating the President, and the application of remedies, a slight improvement occurred, but the general state remains one of gravity.

Kemal Ataturk has long suffered from a liver complaint which has aroused disquieting rumours regarding his health, and more recently, rumours abroad of the possible appointment of a successor.—Reuter Special.

Kautsky fled from Vienna before the Anschluss in Austria.—Reuter Special.

SLIGHT IMPROVEMENT

İstanbul, Oct. 17. A bulletin issued to-day regarding Kemal Ataturk's condition showed that there had been some improvement during the day, though anxiety still remains over the President's health.—Reuter.

PREMIER AT BEDSIDE

İstanbul, Oct. 17. When the Premier, Djelal Bayar, learnt that the condition of President Kemal Ataturk had taken a turn for the worse, he hurried to Ankara and paid a bedside visit to the President at Bakışte Palace immediately after arriving.—Trans-Ocean.

No Enthusiasm For Terms Of Europe's Peace

London, Oct. 17. "I think that we must admit, that although we are filled with thankfulness for peace, we cannot have any great enthusiasm for the terms by which peace was won," declared the Archbishop of Canterbury, speaking to-day at the Canterbury Diocesan Conference.

The Archbishop added: "I am sure all have the deepest admiration for Czechoslovakia's self-restraint and dignity in a time of unspeakable trial!"—Reuter.

DEEP LONGING FOR PEACE

London, Oct. 17. The Archbishop of Canterbury, speaking at the Canterbury Diocesan Conference, said the one light of hope which sprung from the crisis days was the revelation of a deep longing for peace, even in such countries as Germany and Italy, where the rulers had been loudest in glorifying their preparations for war.

It was plain that the people longed for peace even where their rulers seemed to make ready for battle, if that was so, and he thought it had been proved overwhelmingly during the last few weeks, then surely the time was approaching when the rulers of all nations would endeavour once again, by general agreement, to limit, then to stop, that insane race of armaments, which was not only a tremendous burden upon all the peoples of the world, but was also itself, as much a menace to peace as it was a means of security. He hoped that there might be a widespread desire on the part of all conditions and sorts of people to seek and to take some place in service to the State.—Reuter.

HOW CLEAN ARE your false teeth?



THIS TEST WILL TELL

1. Give your dentures a thorough "cleaning" treatment, and then examine them carefully.

2. Now you see "Steradent" at your chemist. Pour a little Steradent on a small piece of cotton and wet it. Insert your dentures and leave them while you dress or overnight.

3. When you take them out you find Steradent has removed all dirt and discolouration.

These simple tests will be clean and fresh.

This simple test has convinced thousands. It will convince you. It is guaranteed to do so.

4. Steradent is the most powerful sterilizing agent made.

The dental profession has endorsed Steradent as the most powerful sterilizing agent produced for cleaning and preserving false teeth.

For today's price, Steradent is a real value.

5. No test has been discoloured, stained or all your dentures are "Steradent" is guaranteed to make them clean and fresh, and nothing else can do this.

6. Steradent is the most powerful sterilizing agent made.

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NEWS OF THE DAY
IN PICTURES
FROM FAR AND NEAR

Hongkong Telegraph
PHOTONEWS

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1938.

HAPPENINGS
AS SEEN BY
THE CAMERA'S EYE



Group photographs taken following wedding ceremonies held in the Colony last week.
LEFT: Bridal party after the wedding of Mr. Donald Scott and Miss Isobel M. Henderson. The ceremony was solemnised last week at St. John's Cathedral.—Staff Photographer.

BELOW: Mr. Robert King Sun-Lo and Miss Wong Ngan-yik and bridal party photographed after their recent wedding at the Eldan Bible School.—Yuen Chun Studio.



A SECTION OF the numerous exhibits in the "Telegraph's" Annual Photographic Competition. The Exhibition, admission to which is free, will continue in the Board Room of the South China Morning Post Ltd. building until Thursday evening.



ENGAGEMENT. The above photograph was taken at a dinner party given to celebrate the announcement of the engagement between Mr. Yee Tse-chow and Miss Cheung Po-king, daughter of Mr. Cheung Kat-shing, managing director of On Lok Yuen Co., Ltd. The Rev. Wong Chung-ho, of the Chinese Methodist Church, presided at the ceremony.—King's Studio.

**"TELEGRAPH"
WAR MAP**

A specially prepared map of the Northern War Zone in China. 15½ by 11 inches, printed on art paper.

Price 20 cents
Postage extra.

THE SWEDISH EAST ASIATIC

SERVICE OF FAST MOTOR VESSELS
(with limited, but exceptionally good passenger accommodation).

TO PORT BUDAN, PORT SAID, ALGIERS, ORAN, CASABLANCA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, (AMSTERDAM), HAMBURG, COPENHAGEN, OSLO, GOTTHENDURG and other SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

HOMeward:

M.V. "SHANTUNG" 29th Oct.
M.V. "TAMARA" 27th Nov.

OUTWARDS to: Yokohama, Kobe & Osaka.

M.V. "NANKING" 15th Nov.
M.V. "TEIPING" 13th Dec.

Passenger Rates:

To London or Antwerp £53.0.0.

Hongkong.
GILMAN & CO., LTD.
Phone: 80966.

Canton.
G. E. HUYGEN,
Phone: 11495.

THE SHUM CHUN RIVER, which divides Hongkong from Kwangtung Province. A photograph taken through a barbed-wire barricade on the new bridge across the river.

\$1 TIFFINS
at **Jimmy's**
Also A la Carte
China Bldg., Hongkong. Hankow Rd., Kowloon.

**PRESIDENT LINER
SAILINGS**

S.S. PRESIDENT COOLIDGE

will sail
on OCTOBER 20th
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SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES

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EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN LINES**

(Companies Incorporated in England)
Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading for STRAITS, JAVA & BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, IRANIAN GULF, MAURITIUS & S. AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND AND QUEENSLAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
(Under Contract with H.M. Government)

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route, and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Steamers	Tons	From Hongkong about	Destination
RANCHI	...t.u.v.	29th Oct.	Marseilles & London.
†BURDWAN	6,000	5th Nov.	B'bay, M'selles, Havre, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dam & A'werp.
RANIPURA	17,000	12th Nov.	B'bay, M'selles & London.
†MIRZAPORE	6,000	15th Nov.	Straits, C'limbo, B'bay & K'chi, Marseilles & London.
RAWALPINDI	17,000	20th Nov.	B'bay, M'selles, Havre, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dam & A'werp.
†SOMALI	3rd Dec.	B'bay, M'selles, Havre, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dam & A'werp.
CANTON	15,500	10th Dec.	B'bay, M'selles & London.
CORFU	17,000	23rd Dec.	B'bay, M'selles, Havre, L'don, Hull, H'bg, R'dam & A'werp.
†BANGALORE	6,000	31st Dec.	B'bay, M'selles & London.
CHITRAL	17,000	7th Jan.	B'bay, M'selles & London.
* Cargo only		† Calls Casablanca	All vessels may call at Malta

BRITISH INDIA APCAR SAILINGS (SOUTH)

SIRDHANA	8,000	22 Oct., 10.30 a.m.	S'pore, Port Swettenham, Penang, Rangoon & Calcutta.
SHIRALI	3,000	5th Nov.	DO.
TILAWA	10,000	10th Nov.	DO.
SANTHIA	8,000	3rd Dec.	DO.
TALAMBA	10,000	17th Dec.	DO.

E.I. APCAR LINE STEAMERS have excellent accommodation for 1st & 2nd class passengers

EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

NELLORE	1,000	4th Nov.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney, Melbourne & Hobart.
TANDA	7,000	2nd Dec.	
NANKIN	7,000	31st Dec.	

Regular monthly sailings from Hongkong to Shanghai & Japan & Hongkong to Australia. Hongkong to Sydney—10 days.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

RAWALPINDI	17,000	28th Oct.	Shanghai & Japan.
*SOMALI	8,000	28th Oct.	Shanghai & Japan.
TANDA	7,000	4th Nov.	Shanghai & Japan.
SANTHIA	8,000	9th Nov.	Japan.
CANTON	15,500	11th Nov.	Shanghai & Japan.
TALAMBA	10,000	23rd Nov.	Japan.
CORFU	14,500	24th Nov.	Shanghai & Japan.
*BANGALORE	6,000	26th Nov.	Shanghai & Japan.

* Cargo only.

All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice, parcels measuring not more than 8 c.ft. will be received at the Company's Office up to noon on the day previous to sailing.

For Passage Rates, Handbooks, Freight, etc. apply

P. & O. TRADING
COMPAGNIE P.C. Agents

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Phone 2772.



SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES via Honolulu.
(Convenient connection from Hongkong).

Chichibu Maru (From Kobe) Saturday, 22nd Oct.

Asama Maru (From Kobe) Monday, 31st Oct.

SEATTLE & VANCOUVER (Starts from Kobe) Monday, 24th Oct.

Hikawa Maru Monday, 24th Oct.

Bokujo Maru (From Kobe) Monday, 24th Oct.

LONDON, MARSHES, NAPLES via Sucz.

Hakone Maru Saturday, 8th Nov.

Husimi Maru Saturday, 18th Nov.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila, Davao, Thursday Island, Brisbane.

Kamo Maru Saturday, 26th Nov.

BONRAY via Singapore & Colombo Wednesday, 26th Oct.

TOYOON & CALCUTTA via Singapore

Kamo Maru (Direct Nagasaki) Thursday, 20th Oct.

Hakozaki Maru (via K'lung & Sh'ai) Friday, 21st Oct.

Suwa Maru (via Shanghai) Saturday, 22nd Nov.

* Cargo only.

NIPPON YUSEN KAIKYA

General passenger Agents in the Orient for

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WINGFIELD
AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE
TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.
ROBERT MONTGOMERY
ROSALIND RUSSELL
ROBERT BENCHLEY
3 STARS IN ONE HILARIOUS REVEL!
LIVE & LOVINGLY and
Also Latest Musical Comedy "GIRL'S BEST YEARS".
TO-MORROW - JACK HOLT in "FLIGHT INTO NOWHERE"

DAILY AT 2.30 5.20 7.20 9.20
STAR HANKOW ROAD KOWLOON TEL 57795

• TO-DAY ONLY •

A Little Dash of Ginger Upsets a College Town!

A priceless drama of youth in love with ten dollars' worth of laughs.

GINGER ROGERS
JAMES STEWART

Vivacious Lady
PRO-RADIO PICTURE
A GEORGE STEVENS PRODUCTION
JAMES ELLISON
BERTHA BONDI
CHARLES COOKIN

TO-MORROW: "MERRY WIDOW"
MGM Picture

4 SHOWS DAILY
2.30 - 5.20
7.20 - 9.20
MATINEES: 20c. - 30c. EVENINGS: 20c. - 30c. - 50c. - 70c.
MAJESTIC NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL 57222

• TO-DAY, ONE DAY ONLY! •
RETURN SHOWING OF THE GREATEST THRILLER OF THE YEAR!



• TO-MORROW, ONE DAY ONLY! •
RETURN OF ANOTHER "OLD FAVOURITE"!
SONJA HENIE
TYRONE POWER in "THIN ICE"
20th Century-Fox Musical Spectacle!



ROBERT MacWHIRTER PAYS! Astonished spectators gather around as Hongkong's well-known Scots humorist tentatively holds out hand containing price of admission to the Michaelmas Fair at Volunteer Headquarters recently. Police are there to see that there is fair play and no short-changing by the Treasurer!

SHROFF MISSING: \$2,000 IS ALSO MISSING

Sent by Jebsen and Company to a local bank to draw a sum of \$2,000, a man named Ho Yau-kun, together with another employee, disappeared after collecting the money yesterday. The police have been notified.

STOCK MARKET REPORT

The Hongkong Stock Exchange official summary issued at 3.15 p.m. yesterday, says:

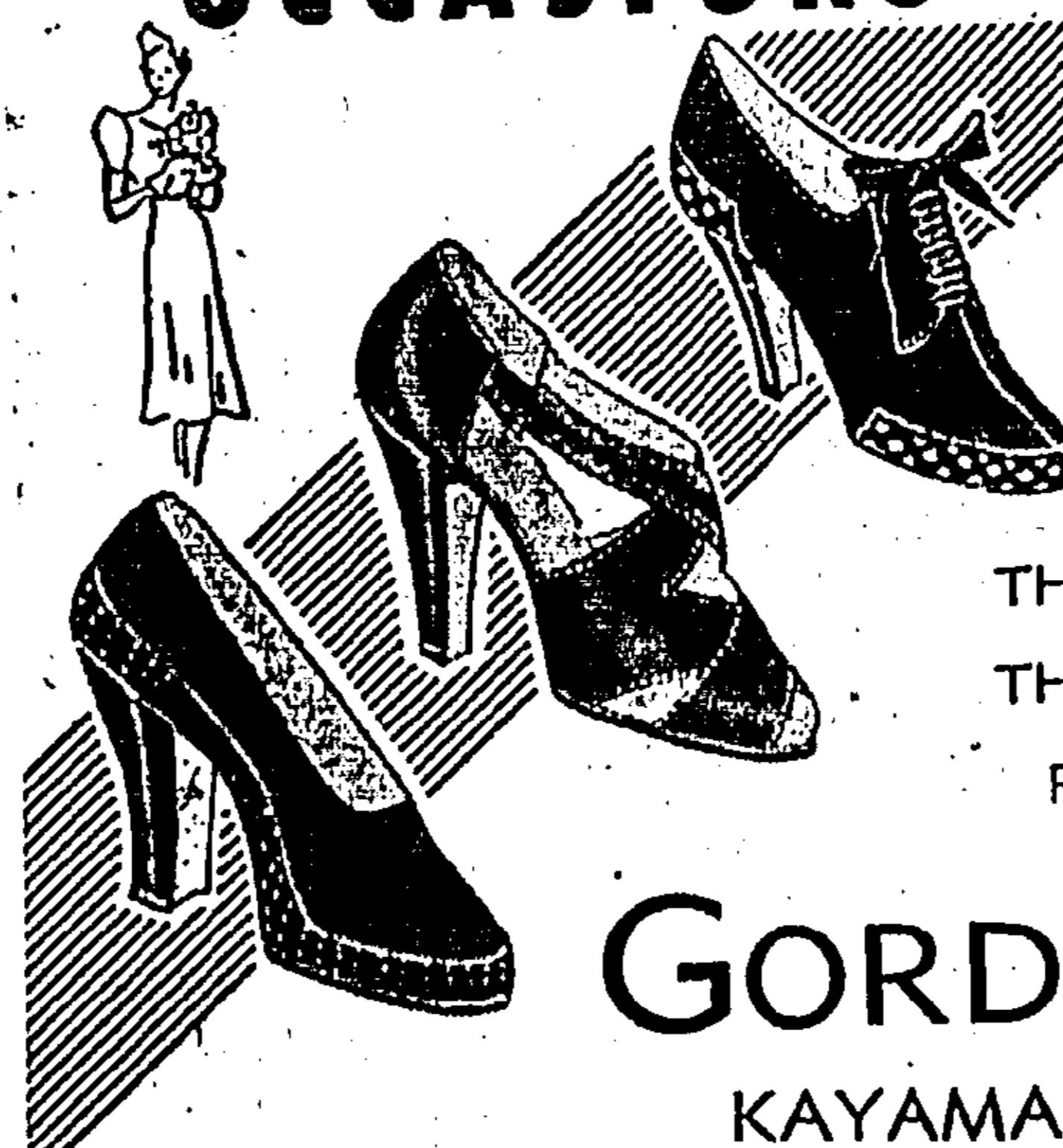
The market is operating under rather clouded conditions owing to the conflicting news and rumours as to what is happening in the neighbouring province. In spite of this prices have not materially given way, and business was reported at rates showing very small fluctuation to those ruling at the end of last week.

Buyers
Hongkong Banks \$1,370
Hongkong Customs \$83
Union Waterbills \$9
Wharves \$121
Hotels \$140
Lands \$81
Telephones \$12
Peak Trams (Old) \$0.5
China Lights (Old) \$10.10
Electric \$3.5
Star Ferry \$1.5
Dairy Farms \$1.5
Govt. 3½% Long pur. Sellers
Doughnuts 60c
H.K. Steamboats \$20.10
Wharves \$124
Hotels \$125
Lands \$81
Health \$3.5
China Lights (Old) \$10.10
Electric \$3.5
Telephones (Old) \$25.4
Cements \$10.2 Sales
Hongkong Banks \$1,37215/00
Wharves \$124
Hotels \$125
Lands \$81.10
Trams \$10.14
Star Ferry \$7.45
China Lights (Old) \$10.10
Electric \$3.5
Telephones \$3.5
Cements \$10.2
Dairy Farms \$2.4
Antarctic Pa. \$1.5
A. & P. \$1.5
Bingto Gold 24%
Benguet Consol. 11.60
Coco Grapes 43
L. & P. 45
San Mauricio .70
Suyoc Consol. 1.9
United Paracales .30

AIR MAIL DELAYED

Inward Home and Australian air mail has been delayed until Thursday.

For all FALL OCCASIONS



SHOES
OF
STYLE
AND
QUALITY

THE NEW RANGES OFFER
THE FINEST FOOTWEAR
FOR ALL OCCASIONS

GORDON'S, LTD.

KAYAMALLY BUILDING.

GORDON'S SHOES ENSURE FOOT COMFORT.

ALLAHAMBRAD

NATHAN RD. HOWLOO: DAILY 2.30-3.20-7.20-9.30-10.15-11.30-12.30

• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •

The Picture That Has The World Aghast! . . .

HE MADE THE WOMEN HE WANTED!

What diabolical snare placed the most tempting beauties of the day at his unscrupulous command?



LIONEL ATWELL • FAY WRAY • GLENDA FARRELL • FRANK MICHIGAN

A Warner Bros. Picture.

TO-MORROW • PAUL MUNI in
Warner Bros. Picture • "THE LIFE OF EMILE ZOLA"



• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •

A Picture That Is Really Tendar & Human!

Kate Douglas Wiggin's

MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS with
ANNE SHIRLEY • RUBY KEELER
JAMES ELLISON • FAY BAINTER
WALTER BRENNAN

Frank Albertson
Alma Kruger
Virginia Welder



ADDED ATTRACTIONS

- (1) Special RKO-Pathe China War News.
- (2) Latest March of Time.
- (3) Walt Disney's Technicolour Cartoon: Donald Duck in "Good Scouts".

TO-MORROW • "BELOVED BRAT"
Warner Bros. Picture • BONITA GRANVILLE - DOLORES COSTELLO



4 SHOWS DAILY
2.30-3.15
7.15-9.30
• 2 DAYS ONLY •

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TO-DAY • TO-MORROW •

RACE TRACK CLASSIC WITH A HUNDRED THRILLS!

Thoroughbreds of the screen and track in a grand comedy drama of a dare-devil jockey and his regeneration.

TRIUMPH OF THRILLS...
but GREAT because it touches your heart!
Not since "Captains Courageous" . . . such a soul-stirring experience!
The making of a man . . . in man-size dramatic triumph!

THOROUGHBREDS DON'T CRY

JOEY CAGLEND • MICKY DONETT
SOPHIE TUCKER • C. ASKEW SMITH
RONALD SCULPTOR • Seven P.M. by
LAWRENCE HARRIS • Directed by
ALFRED E. GREEN • Produced by Harry Gold
• 1937 • Cagleland

SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY! ONE DAY ONLY
BREATHTAKING ACTION WITH THOUSANDS IN THE CAST

JOEY COOPER • JERM ARTHUR
Cecil B. DeMille's "The PLAINSMAN"

• MATINEE 2.30-3.15 EVENINGS: 20c. - 30c. - 50c. - 70c.

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